

## Chapter 15

### Exercise 70

1. The Spartans are braver than the Persians.
2. The slave has been released by (me) / his master
3. Heracles was the strongest of the men of that time / then.
4. The men have been educated in Athens.
5. The camels were more dangerous to the soldiers than the weapons.
6. The triremes had been hindered by the storm for three days.
7. The storm / winter was more difficult/dangerous for the Persians than the Athenians.
8. The battle had been stopped by the night. (instrumental dative with passive)
9. Alcestis is the worthiest of women.
10. We have not yet been released from the prison.

### Exercise 71

1. Πειραιώνεται ὑπὸ τοῦ στρατηγοῦ.
2. Οἱ Ηεράτης ἢν ισχυρότερος οὐδὲν. // τοῦ δέοντος.
3. Τὰ τῶν βοῶν γυνὰ λελυταί.
4. οὐ σοφώτεροί εἰσεν οὐδὲν οὐδὲντος // τοῦ Συκράτους.
5. οὐδὲνσεν καὶ οἱ μετὰ αὐτοῦ ἐνεκώλυτο ὑπὸ<sup>τοῦ γίγαντος.</sup>
6. στεύδονεν χαλεπώτερος οὖδη οὐδὲν οὐδὲντος. // τῶν πολεμίων.
7. οἱ δικρανῶται οὐπώ ἐλέλυντο.
8. τὸ ναυτικὸν οὐν χρησιμώτατον ἐν πολέμῳ. [no article!]
9. οὐ πόλεμος ἐπείσαντο τῷ χειρῶντι.
10. οὐ πόλις αὐτῇ οὐν ἀρχαιοτέρα | οὐδὲ τὰ τείχη τῶν τειχῶν.

Note: the genitive of comparison ~~and~~ ~~or~~ "οὐδὲν" (plus the same case as the thing being compared) are totally interchangeable. Greeks used whichever they felt like!

## Exercise 7#2

1. The Athenians were freer than the Spartans.
2. The young men had been educated for a very harsh contest.
3. We have no friend more just than Socrates.
4. The men on the island have not been released by the Spartans.
5. The ships were more sure/firmer than the walls.
6. Ten bulls have been sacrificed to the god.
7. We think the Spartans braver than the Persians.
8. Athens had been destroyed by the Persians.
9. We are freer than the Greeks
10. We have been hindered by a very high mountain

[ "the highest" = τὸν ὅγειον ]

## Exercise 7#3

1. οὐ εὐκράτης ἢν σοφώτερος τῶν Ἀθηναίων.
2. αἱ γυναῖκες κεκώλυται υπὸ τῶν παιδῶν.
3. οἱ μὲν σοφώτεροί εἰσιν, οἱ δὲ ἴσχυρότεροι.
4. οὐ ποταρὸς χαλεπώτερος ἢν // ἡ τὸ ὄρος τοῦ ὄρους.
5. Βούς ἐτέθυτο καὶ τῇ θεᾷ.
6. ἴσχυρότερα στρατιὰ περιδιδευται υπὸ τῶν Αλκεδαιμονίων  
ἢ τῶν Ἀθηναίων.
7. οἱ κριταὶ νομίσουσιν δύτιν σοφώτερον | η τὰς ἀλλας.  
τῶν ἀλλων.
8. η Αλκεστὶς ἀξιωτέρα τίκης ἢν // η οὐδύποτος.
9. οὐ εὐκράτης οὐ λέλυται ἀπὸ τοῦ μεσημητηρίου.
10. οἱ πλουσιώτατοι οὐκ ἀεὶ οἱ σοφώτατοί εἰσιν.