I. Personal endings of Active Verbs:

| Person | Singular |  | Plural |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1st | -o (-m) | (I) | -mus | (we) |
| 2nd | -s | (you) | -tis | (you) |
| 3rd | -t | (he, she it) | -nt | (they) |

The only exception to this pattern is in the Perfect Tense, which has the following personal endings:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text {-i } & \text {-imus } \\
\text {-isti } & \text {-istis } \\
\text {-it } & \text {-erunt }
\end{array}
$$

Note that even the Perfect Tense follows the regular pattern except in the 1st and 2nd person singular.

## II. Personal endings of Passive Verbs:

| Person | Singular |  | Plural |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1st | -r | (I) | -mur | (we) |
| 2nd | -ris | (you) | -mini | (you) |
| 3rd | -tur | (he, she it) | -ntur | (they) |

## III. Tense Indicators:

## Indicative:

Imperfect:
Future:
Perfect:
Pluperfect:
Future Perfect

## Subjunctive:

Present tense:
Imperfect:
Pluperfect:
Perfect:

## Pere

-ba-
-bi- for 1st \& 2nd conjugations, -e- for 3rd \& 4th conjugations.
-i, -isti, - it , -imus, -istis, -erunt (add to perfect stem).
-eram, -eras, -erat, -eramus, -eratis, -erant (add to perfect stem).
-ero, -eris, -erit, -erimus, -eritis, -erint (add to perfect stem).

He beat a friar. (Characteristic vowels for the 4 conjugations). Add personal endings to the infinitive. -issem, -isses, -isset, -issemus, -issetis, -issent (add to perfect stem). -erim, -eris, -erit, -erimus, -eritis, -erint (add to perfect stem).

## Present Tense - All Conjugations - Active and Passive

## Active Voice:

| - $\overline{0}$ | -āmus |
| :--- | :--- |
| -ās | -ātis |
| -at | -ant |


| -eō | -ēmus |
| :--- | :--- |
| -ēs | -ētis |
| -et | -ent |


| -̄ | -imus |
| :--- | :--- |
| -is | -itis |
| -it | - unt |


| -iō | -īmus |
| :--- | :--- |
| -īs | -ītis |
| -it | -iunt |

Thus: amō I love amās you love amat he loves

Thus: moneō I warn
monēs you warn monet he warns

Thus: petō I seek petis you seek petit he seesk
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Thus: } & \text { veniō I come } \\ & \text { venīs you come } \\ & \text { venit he comes }\end{array}$
amāmus we love amātis you (pl.) love amant they love
monēmus we warn
monētis you (pl.) warn monent they warn
petimus we seek petitis you (pl.) seek petunt they seek
venīmus we come venītis you (pl.) come
veniunt they come

## Passive Voice:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text {-or } & \text {-mur } \\
\text {-ris } & \text {-mini } \\
\text {-tur } & \text {-ntur }
\end{array}
$$

Thus:

| portor | doceor | mittor | capior | audior |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| portaris | doceris | mitteris | caperis | audiris |
| portatur | docetur | mittitur | capitur | auditur |
| portamur | docemur | mittimur | capimur | audimur |
| portamini | docemini | mittimini | capimini | audimini |
| portantur | docentur | mittuntur | capiuntur | audiuntur |

