

Reflecting on Beauty Demands: The Case of the Cosmetic Surgery Experiences of Young Thai Women

Chalisa Chintrakarn, a PhD Candidate in the School of Social Policy at the University of Birmingham

Feminism and Beauty

The binary of *top-down male dominating power* and *female empowering power* is to be eradicated.

- Female cosmetic surgery recipients claim to be rarely pressured by their husbands or male surgeons. (1)
- Female empowerment is defined as how women falsely represent themselves as freely choosing as though there were no patriarchal structures in society.
- Women are socially compelled to regulate their own appearance more significantly than men. (2)
- **Digital technologies** reinforce self-beautification.
- Women judge other women based on looks. (3)

Postfeminism

- Postfeminism is described as a celebratory term about women's individual successes after the rise of second-wave feminism. (4)
- This PhD project views postfeminism as partly problematic, as the term presumes that gender inequality no longer exists.
- The white Western-centrism of postfeminism ought to be further challenged. (5) (6)
- This project seeks to critique the Western-centric postfeminist focus to examine the Thai cosmetic surgery phenomenon amongst young women.

Aesthetic norms are so strong that non-conformity to them is devastating for many women despite some psychological benefits of beauty. (7)

(1) Davis, K. (1995) Reshaping the Female Body: The Dilemma of Cosmetic Surgery. New York: Routledge.

(2) Gill, R. (2007) 'Postfeminist Media Culture: Elements of a Sensibility', European Journal of Cultural Studies, 10 (2), pp. 147-166.
(3) Riley, S., Evans, A., and Mackiewicz, A. (2016) 'It's just between girls: Negotiating the postfeminist gaze in women's 'looking talk'', Feminism and

Psychology, 26 (1), pp. 94-113.
(4) McRobbie, A. (2009) The Aftermath of Feminism: Gender, Culture and Social Change. Inpdon: Sape.

Why Thailand?

- The popularity of cosmetic surgery in Thailand compared to other Southeast Asian countries, such as Malaysia.
- In Thailand, the common procedures include double eyelid surgery, rhinoplasty, and breast enhancement.
- Social hierarchy has provoked Thai women's preoccupation with consumer culture as a way of raising social status.
 (8)

Race and Ethnicity

Challenging absolute white-centrism

- Many celebrities in Thailand are either partially white (American, English, German etc.) or of East Asian descents (Chinese, Japanese, Korean etc.).
- Korean popular culture has hugely impacted on beauty standards in Thailand.

Thai people of Chinese ancestry have become viewed as better-looking than ever.

(5) Butler, J. (2013) 'For White Girls Only? Postfeminism and the Politics of Inclusion', Feminist Formations, 25 (1), pp. 35-58.
(6) Dosekun. S. (2015) 'For Western Girls Only?', Feminist Media Studies. 15 (6), pp. 1-16.

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(g) Chindanalert, J. (2018) Perfect Me: Beauty as an Ethical Ideal. Oxfore Princeton University Press.

(g) Chindanalert, J. (2018) Pynamics of Luxury Consumer Culture and the Transition towards

Post-Consumerism: A Study through Luxury Brands with Alternative Consumption Activities in
Thailands. MA, Dissertation, Goldsmiths, University of London.

Focusing on subjective views

The more interpretivist end

Logic of Inquiry:
Abduction

Moving from deduction (using theoretical frameworks) to induction (looking at surprising data)

Methodology

Young women are the main sample.

Samples: Young Thai women and cosmetic surgeons

Snowball sampling

Semi-structured interviews via Zoom

Thematic and narrative analyses

Research Questions

Sub-research questions

- What are the learned narratives of young Thai women regarding cosmetic surgical alteration?
- Which **particular beauty standards**, such as white, South Korean, and/or Thai, shape these learned narratives?

Main research question

How does cosmetic surgery undergone by young Thai women connote the connections between **female self-pleasing** and **gendered oppression?**