School of Engineering PhD Information Session

Prof Natasha Khovanova, Director of Graduate Studies

For further information, contact n.khovanova@warwick.ac.uk

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Contents

- The Basics:
 - What is a PhD?
 - Why do a PhD?
 - Why not to do a PhD.
- PhD Funding
- Meet an Engineering PhD Student.
- PhD Research Areas



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A PhD: The Basics



What is a PhD?



- 3 to 4 years of post-graduate study following either a Bachelors or Masters level course.
- A requirement to produce a thesis offering a significant new contribution to knowledge in their subject.
- A PhD = A doctorate = Dr X [*e.g. Strangelove, No or Dolittle*]
- A PhD can be from any subject, but all are *Doctors of Philosophy*.
- Day-to-day work is research, but tasks can include teaching.



What does a PhD in Engineering entail?



• It varies... Each PhD is entirely individual. One example:



Why do a PhD?

- #1 Because you are really interested in a subject.
- #2 Because you are really interested in a subject.

(i.e., active research; freedom which comes with it; search for information)

Secondary (tertiary?) considerations...

- Because you enjoy research (think 3rd year) projects?)
- Because you want to make a contribution.
- To access research-based jobs of interest in Academia OR Industry.
- Because of the transferable skills you will develop



degree and almost always they will reflect on the fact that they did not really know what they were taking on or that they were reacting to others' suggestions about what they should do. They had not really considered why they should do a PhD and so when you are reading this article keep considering why YOU should do a PhD? It is your decision to commit to a significant period of time and work and it needs to be something you approach positively and with enthusiasm but also with realism about the pros and cons of undertaking original research.

Who does a PhD?

Find a Job

Career Tools V

HELMHOLTZ IOBS AT GERMANY'S

LARGEST

RESEARCH

The idea of the "perpetual student", i.e. someone who stays on after an undergraduate and/or masters degree, to do a PhD, is perhaps a traditional view of PhDs. Some of you reading this will fall into the category of those who work through the tiers of higher education in this sequential fashion (it does not necessarily make you a "perpetual student" though!) The PhD population today is very diverse and not made up entirely of 21 to 25 year olds who have stayed in educational settings for the majority of their lives. Others may be considering a return to education in order to change your career or as part of your professional development within an existing career. Some of you may be considering coming to study in the UK independently or with support from an organisation in your home country. Whatever your situation it is very important that you take time to recognise and understand why you are making this commitment and what it entails

Reasons why not and why

As with any decision there are positive and negative reasons for our choices, so let's get the negative

hy do a PhD? Reasons NOT to do a PhD!

- To get rich!! Think about type of job not salary.
- Because I want to extend my stay at University / my partner is here for another year.
- Because my supervisor tells me how wonderful the subject is.
- Because it sounds easier than getting a job.
- Because I don't know what else to do.
- 3-4 years is a big commitment. Don't take the decision lightly.



How to apply for a PhD?

8.



The Applications Process



- To be accepted for a PhD you must have:
 - At least a 2.1 undergraduate degree in a relevant subject
 - Bachelors Award minimum,
 - MSc/MEng recommended but not essential
 - **English** to IELTS level 6.5 (UK nationals, and those who have studied here are exempt).
 - Often you need to provide a Research Proposal
- Apply for your PhD here: <u>https://warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/postgraduate</u>
- You need to have discussed this with a member of staff first!

How to finance a PhD?

8.



The PhD Funding Process



- Once accepted to a course you will be able to start your PhD subject to you paying (2024/25 rates):
 - Home Students £4,742 per year
 - International Students £29,200 per year (including EU)
- Many students self-finance their way through a PhD.
- However, many avenues for funding exist, covering fees and a stipend (typically £16,400/year tax free)

School of Engineering Home (UK) PhD Scholarship Scheme



- For students who qualify for the home fee rates.
- Full funding for fees and stipend, for 3.5 years.
- Must apply with a Engineering academic.
- Requires a CV and a 3 page Research Proposal, and an application form.
- Applicants must first make PhD application, then apply.
- Start date October 2024
- <u>http://warwick.ac.uk/soepss</u>
- Deadline 1st April 2024.



Chancellor's International Scholarship

- For students who qualify for **international fee rates** (including EU students from 21/22).
- Full funding for fees and stipend, for 3.5 years.
- Must apply with an academic.
- Requires a Research Proposal, and an application form.
- Applicants must first make PhD application, then apply
- Start date October 2024
- Deadline 14th December 2023.
- <u>https://warwick.ac.uk/services/dc/schols_fund/scholarships_and_funding/chancellors_int</u>



42 available for whole University – extremely competitive.

Chinese Scholarship Scheme

- For **Chinese nationals** only.
- 30 studentships for the University.
- Engineering a priority: 10 nominations in 2023, 5 successful.
- Applicants are obliged to return to China after graduation.
- Applications to Warwick first, to CSC second.
- No other CSC applicants will be funded outside this competition.

https://warwick.ac.uk/services/dc/schols_fund/scholarships and_funding/warwick_china_______30

- Start date October 2024
- Deadline 16th January 2024.

30 expected for whole University – very good chance of success.





All Students

Individual Scholarships attached to Research Projects

- Academics hold a number of research awards, many with PhD Studentships.
- Full funding for fees and/or stipend, for 3 to 3.5 years, depending on the scholarship.
- A list of all funded projects we know about are here: <u>https://warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/postgraduate/funding</u>
- A database of all projects is here: <u>https://warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/postgraduate/phdm/project/</u>
- Talk to the academic(s) in the field you are interested in, find a project and then apply to a scholarship.



All Students

Other Sources of Funding

Warwick Postgraduate Sanctuary Scholarships

https://warwick.ac.uk/services/dc/schols_fund/schola rships_and_funding/sanctuary

- National Government Scholarships
- Other Universities / Departments
- <u>https://www.findaphd.com/</u>
- <u>https://www.jobs.ac.uk/</u>



What Next?



- Student Academic Match making! Find an academic in an area you are interested in.
- Speak to / email me if you want a pointer to a particular subject area (<u>n.khovanova@warwick.ac.uk</u>)
- Choose a Scholarship competition (or two)
- Work on an application compile an impressive CV and Research Proposal (if necessary)
- Ask for help! (email above)
- Submit your PhD application well in time (you can add documents later)



What does an Engineering PhD Student look like?

Ollie Jackson, PhD student in Fluid Mechanics Liam Weaver, PhD student in Biomedical Modelling Kyrylo Melnyk, PhD student in Power Electronics



Day-to-Day Activities



What does a Ph.D. student do????



- Full-time Research (Part-time)
 - Learning, reading, writing, teaching, thinking and questioning
 - Theoretical, computational, experimental
- You work with your supervisor not FOR you supervisor
- NO lectures, NO assignments:
 - > PAPERS PAPERS PAPERS and eventually a thesis
- It takes time for your ideas to evolve.
 However, don't let it take too long..
 You only have 3/4 years!



How does your week look?

Work Patterns



 There is no such thing as an "average PhD week" and how you arrange your week will depend on a number of factors:

-Subject area (very different work patterns will emerge if you have to be in a lab for example).

-Your learning style.

-Your personal preferences

Number of Hours

- If you ask current PhD students, you will get a range of estimates from 35 to 75 hours.
- A PhD is indeed hard work and there will be different demands on your time, especially if you undertake teaching or other university-related activities.
- As with all things, there is a balance to be struck. A physical presence does not necessarily mean productivity.

What do I need to do?



- Find a subject
- Find and meet a supervisor
- Choose a project (advertised/self-proposed)
- Find funding (scholarship/project/self)
- Apply (funding & doctoral college)

Extra-Curricular



What else do we do?

Postgraduate (PG) Courses

> Courses in everything and anything. Including **languages** and **teaching qualifications**

Work Opportunities at University

- Graduate Teaching Assistant (GTA)
- Research Assistant (RA)

PG Researcher Events and Facilities

Wolfson Research Exchange (Lib.), Research Refresh, PG Tips, PG Pub Quiz, PG Open Jam and Acoustic Night, Wellbeing Hour etc.

Conferences, Journals, and Travel

> Opportunity to present your research globally

Collaboration with other Ph.D. students and other Universities

Not only departmentally but again globally

Sports Clubs and Societies

> The same as undergraduate. A large PG cohort at Warwick



Most Importantly Work-Life Balance

- There is little limit to working hours (max is 24 per day)
- Be ambitious but give yourself the chance to escape from research
- Have a social life besides your Ph.D.

ACADEMIA

 Learn to manage your time & focus on what really matters



WWW. PHDCOMICS. COM

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How did you decide?

- Previous experiences in doing research
- Enjoy learning and improving personal development
- Really enjoy your subject area and your project
- What do you think you would like to do after?
- Make sure you get on with your supervisor

Don't think of it as the next step that you 'should' be doing



Research Excellence in the School of Engineering



P Systems and Information Engineering

Systems and Information brings together expertise in: nonlinear and stochastic systems; modelling of human activity; neural engineering; telemedicine; imaging; and synthetic biology. Much of the research undertaken is around health and security and the nature of the work means that many labs are cross-group.

Biomedical and Biological Systems

Information Engineering

Systems Modelling and Control

Welcome to the School of Engineering

Mechanical and Process Engineering

The largest and most diverse stream, Mechanical and Process Engineering includes: fluid mechanics; fire and explosion hazards; chemical engineering; precision and surfaces; 3D printing; and thermal energy technology.

Fluid Dynamics and Multiscale Modelling

- Measurement and Machines
- Reaction and Materials Engineering
- Sustainable Thermal Energy Technologies

Electrical and Electronic Engineering

Power, sustainability and improved communications are at the heart of our Electrical and Electronic stream. Key areas of research include: artificial olfaction (or 'electronic nose'); electrical energy conversion; grid-scale energy storage; nanoscale communications; and quantum devices.

Connected Systems

Electrical Power

Sensors and Devices

🔲 Civil and Environmental Engineering

Our Civil and Environmental researchers work on a broad range of issues underpinning civil engineering. Combining modelling with practical experimentation, they tackle issues such as: sustainable housing; dynamic loading of structures; earthquake destabilisation of land; and pollution of waterways.

Ground Engineering

Structural Engineering

Water Engineering

https://warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/research/

HetSys Centre for Doctoral Training

- HetSys CDT promotes **mathematical skills** and **flexible thinking** for **complex physical problems**, e.g. electronic devices, pharmaceutical drug design, superalloys, microfluidics, etc
- Funding available for 4-year projectbased PhD programme, with integrated training in years 1-2 and links to industrial partners
- For more info, contact **Prof James Kermode**
- First 3 projects for Oct 2024 are on our website!
- First round application deadline **25 Jan 2024** (important for international students)

 Uncertainty Quantification
 Robust Software Engineering
 Scientific Machine Learning

 Modelling Heterogeneous Systems - HetSys

 Quantum
 Atomistic
 Continuum

 Biomedical Systems

 Algorithm Development

 Materials Characterisation

Web: warwick.ac.uk/HetSys | Email: hetsys@warwick.ac.uk | Twitter: @HetSysCDT

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HetSys Community

Interdisciplinary community spanning 7 departments and 3 research centres at Warwick



Management Team James Kermode (Eng) Julie Staunton (Phys) Nicholas Hine (Phys) Sarah Jarratt (Admin)

+ rest of core team of PhD supervisors

Chemistry

Livia Bartok-Partay Scott Habershon Bora Karasulu Becky Notman **Reinhard Maurer** Gabriele Sosso Phill Stansfeld

Physics

Tony Arber Animesh Datta David Quigley Tom Goffrey Ravi Desai

plus: Life Sciences WMG

Engineering Peter Brommer Duncan Lockerby Phytos Neophytou

Hatef Sadeghi Albert Bartok-Partay

RSE (SCRTP) Chris Brady Heather Ratcliffe Heather Turner

Maths & Stats Radu Cimpeanu Thomas Hudson Susana Gomes Tim Sullivan James Sprittles Jeremie Houssineau



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2024 HetSys PhD Projects

GPU-Enhanced Ptychography Integration in Cryo-EM Biological 3D Imaging Framework Dr Peng Wang (Physics) with Single Particle LLC



Modelling extreme magnetosphereatmosphere interactions Ravindra Desai, Dimitri Veras, Prof. Natasha Jackson-Booth (QinetiQ)



DRUG-THE-BUG: Determining druggable binding sites in bacterial membrane proteins Phillip Stansfeld (SLS/Chem) and Livia Bartok-Partay (Chem) with Cresset Biomolecular Discovery



Web: warwick.ac.uk/HetSys | Email: hetsys@warwick.ac.uk | Twitter: @HetSysCDT

HetSys Training Programme

- Training runs throughout the four year PhD programme but most is concentrated in the **first 18 months.**
- Students associated with projects from the start, enabling **bespoke programme** for each student.
- **Common core** ensures broad knowledge of multiscale modelling methods, plus software engineering and UQ techniques.
- Training leads to a Postgraduate Diploma
- Years 2-4 predominantly research plus cohort activities.



Web: warwick.ac.uk/HetSys | Email: hetsys@warwick.ac.uk | Twitter: @HetSysCDT

Electronic Materials and Interfaces Group

School of Engineering

Dr Nicholas E. Grant nicholas.e.grant@warwick.ac.uk

Prof. John D. Murphy john.d.murphy@warwick.ac.uk



warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/people/nicholas_grant/

Electronic Materials and Interfaces Group

 <u>Experimental</u> research into the properties in electronic materials and their interfaces.



• Central to our research is the use of atomic layer deposition (ALD) to develop functional coatings

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ALD for silicon based solar cells











Improve longevity and performance



ALD for 2D materials







5.0

0.0





Collaborators (with active projects and recent papers/ grants) WARWICK Australian UNSW maxeon National University Fraunhofer E ISFH ISE TOPSIL Trinasolar LONG Southampton UNIVERSITY OF



MANCHESTER 1824 The University of Manchester





Dynamics of structures (traditional)

Dynamics of humans (more recent)

Prof. Stana Zivanovic S.Zivanovic@warwick.ac.uk





https://warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/people/stana_zivanovic/



Keywords:

Urbanisation

Climate emergency

Resilient structures (and people!)

Embodied carbon

Slender structures

Lightweight construction materials

Vibration challenges for humans

Human-centred design

Research challenge

Contemporary structures

Long-span floors









Keywords:

Urbanisation

Climate emergency

Resilient structures (and people!)

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Slender structures

Lightweight construction materials

Vibration challenges for humans

Human-centred design

Research challenge



"Infrastructure is responsible for more than half of the UK's total carbon emissions." (Institution of Civil Engineers)

> Structures for humans (human-centred design)

Keywords:

Urbanisation

Climate emergency

Resilient structures (and people!)

Embodied carbon

Slender structures

Lightweight construction materials

Vibration challenges for humans

Human-centred design

Research challenge: examples

Millennium Bridge: excessive sway



Original cost: £18M, rectification: £5M



Design of grandstands: saving carbon



Saves 100s of tonnes in embodied carbon

How to model lightweight structures occupied by humans?





<=ln situ





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How to reconcile carbon savings and vibration performance?

D. Kendall: a proposal for design of 260m footbridge over the River Thames, London





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How to model human's dynamics?

Experimental observations in lab



Modelling

Kinematics of rigid segments?



Damping & stiffness of leg?

How to model human's dynamics?



Model verification on test structure (under construction at Warwick campus)







Research Highlight



Professor Xueyu Geng, PhD, CEng, FICE, FGS, FHEA,

Deputy Chair of the British Standards Institution, B/526 Geotechnical Engineering

School of Engineering, University of Warwick

Email: xueyu.geng@warwick.ac.uk

Principles

- ✓ Maintain aging infrastructure
- $\checkmark\,$ New design for future





- Soil Dynamics
- Ground Improvement
- Data Assist Infrastructure Design &

Intelligent Operations

Soil Dynamics





Noise and vibration related to transport infrastructures, e.g. railways highway



Ground Improvement



50

Data Assist Infrastructure Design & Intelligent Operations







SiC Power Semiconductor Devices

Elec/Elec Engineering, Semiconductor Materials, Device Physics

Dr Marina Antoniou Marina.antoniou@warwick.ac.uk

warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/people/marina_antoniou/

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Background

Requirements to curb the global carbon emissions include:

- Electrification
- Improved electrical efficiency
- More green electricity in the energy mix

The objectives can only be achieved with the utilization of energy efficient power semiconductor devices - building blocks of any power electronics technology.



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Applied Biomedical Signal Processing Intelligent eHealth Lab

Dr Davide Piaggio Davide.Piaggio@warwick.ac.uk

warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/people/davide_piaggio



Applied Biomedical Signal Processing Intelligent eHealth Lab



Research interests:

- Medical device design and regulations
- Frugal&Sustainable engineering
- Digital health
- Image and signal processing
- Artificial intelligence
- Health economics
- Infection prevention and control
- Pandemic Preparedness



Ongoing projects samples:

- Medical device design and regulatory aspects for low-resource settings
- · Smartphone-based eye tracking for neurodegenerative diseases
- · A game app for the early screening of learning disorders in kids
- A simulation model to estimate the lifetime health and economic outcomes of using Continuous Glucose Monitoring from paediatric age
- Artificial intelligence for non-invasive glycaemic monitoring via ECG from wearable sensors

.....

Systems Pharmacology & Biomechanics

Systems modelling & control Model validation Drug development (3Rs) Motion capture & analysis

Dr Neil Evans Neil.Evans@warwick.ac.uk Systems Pharmacology & Biomechanics

Ditto! AstraZeneca (including Pharmacometrics) PROLIMB lead

Prof Mike Chappell M.J.Chappell@warwick.ac.uk

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warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/eng/people/neil_evans

Biomedical systems modelling

 Systems Pharmacology: applying mathematical modelling to assist in research & development of new & existing pharmaceuticals (3Rs)



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 Greater risk of rejection -> tailor immunosuppression WARWICK Antibodies bind for rejection -> need estimate of binding affinity Dissociatio. Affinity unique: Dissociatio. one affinity to one curve Dissociation Binding distinct affinities Affinity partially unique: to one curve , K_{off} **Receptor Layer** B(t)R $|k_{on}|$ h Binding Layer C(t)Dissociation ۱ĥ_M/ $\downarrow k_M$ all affinities Affinity not Α to unique: **Analyte Flow** one curve Courtesy of Dr Sunil Daga Mass transport

Characterise binding affinity in incompatible renal transplants \succ

BRS/RA 2011

Biomechanics

- Mobility and balance in disease & aging
- Optimal design of orthoses & prostheses, rehabilitation
- Work with hospitals, industry, scientists
- Control systems









Courtesy of Dr Jaitman (2016)



Systems and control for engineering biology

Dr Alexander Darlington a.darlington.1@warwick.ac.uk @apsduk



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What does engineering biology mean?

Synthetic/engineering biology seeks to modify or control the dynamics of living cells for useful purposes.

Potential applications

Sustainable chemical production

Image production of chemicals or materials from plastic waste.

"Living therapeutics"

Imagine engineering microorganisms to seek out diseased cells and destroy them.

New applications all the time!

(Bio)electronics: Using electronics to control cell behaviour.

Role of the Engineer

We use our modelling skills to understand cellular processes and identify the new connections needed to enact new "programmes".



Imagine if...

We could programme cells like a computer.

What could we do with microscopic self-renewing computers?

Our research tackles fundamental roadblocks



Our research tackles fundamental roadblocks



Cellular hardware/Genetic software interactions cause engineered programmes to fail!

We develop predictive dynamic models of cellular processes to understand how to engineer them in a more robust- and host-friendly way.

On going projects in the group

1 New model discovery

Foundational projects with international collaborators.

Can we automate model building?

What is the minimum data we need? How do we design optimal experiments?

2 Pathway control

Applications in chemical manufacture with academic and industrial partner support.

How do we optimise both growth and production?

How do we control pathways with toxic intermediates?

Model predictive control for fermentation

<u>3 Control for protein manufacture</u>

Applications in drug discovery (drug target manufacture) with industrial partner support.

How do we integrate cellular stress signals to optimise protein production?

How do we produce unstable but high value proteins?

<u>4 Balancing competing cellular population</u>

Applications in chemical manufacture with academic partner support.

When are two cells better than one?

How do we maintain population composition over long time periods?

What we offer PhD students

Research skills

Systems modelling and control theory Model calibration and/or (multi-)optimisation Scientific computing Statistical design of experiments Even hands on biological experimental skills (from standard bio to multi-litre fermentations)

Transferable skills

Multidisciplinary team working Entrepreneurship training through industrial partnerships International networking

Current group composition

2 PhD students (1st year from Chem. Eng and 2nd year from Maths) **1 Co-supervised PhD** (2nd year from Biol.)

2 Post Docs starting in 2024

