A bio-probe with integrated electrode array for in-situ chemical measurement

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Many organs, including the brain, use diffusible chemical agents to signal important information. Biosensors offer a very advantageous way of measuring these agents in real-time. Often several such signalling molecules may control a single process and their actions and/or production may be interdependent. It therefore becomes important to measure simultaneously several analytes in real-time, in a minimally invasive manner from a restricted and defined spatial domain.

Here is described a novel bio-probe for the real-time detection of different chemical agents within biological tissue. The micro-probe is fabricated using innovative silicon processing techniques combining deep reactive ion etching and physical powder blasting. These processes are employed to fabricate sensing probes either 4 mm or 8 mm in length, 30 μ m thick and 140 to 550 μ m in width, connected to a 2 mm × 2.5 mm base, as shown in Figure 1. The structure and shape provide both mechanical strength and easy insertion into biological tissue. On the top of the micro-probe is an array of individually addressable micro-band electrodes of Pt or Au between 5 and 20 μ m in width with an opening of typically 0.5 to 1 mm, passivated by a thin layer of polyimide. A number of different electrode configurations have been fabricated with up to 8 micro-electrodes per probe. Each micro-band electrode is electrochemically coated with a different bio-sensing material allowing simultaneous and independent measurement of a range of chemical agents. The device should be of great value in the real-time monitoring of physiological signalling mechanisms.

By using these silicon processing techniques, it is possible to create large numbers of these microprobes at low cost making them applicable for disposable applications. In addition, our techniques can be combined with standard CMOS processing to produce a sensor with integrated circuitry to improve the detection limit.

Keywords: bio-sensor, micro-probe, silicon



Figure 1: Overall schematic of bio-probe structure