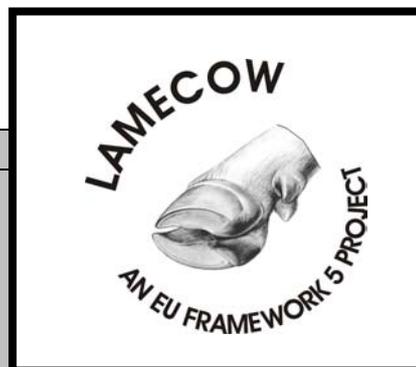
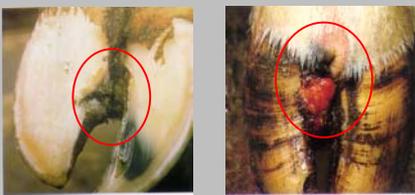
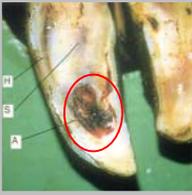


Reference list for claw lesion diagnoses:



No	TITLE	DESCRIPTION	PICTURE
1	Haemorrhage / Laminitis	Blood-stained hoof horn seen on the sole surface but <i>not</i> including haemorrhage at the white line (4), sole ulcer (5) or toe ulcer (10) sites.	
2	Digital Dermatitis (DD)	Inflammation of the skin at the heel, interdigital cleft and other sites. Usually moist and painful. Can be raised and papilliform (=“hairy warts”)	 (=“hairy warts”)
3	Interdigital Dermatitis (IDD)	Moist inflammation of the interdigital space. Many consider that this is DD in ID space.	
4	White Line Disease (WLD)	Haemorrhage, fissure or foreign body in the white line. Advanced lesions may discharge at coronary band or may under run the sole.	
5	Sole ulcer	Haemorrhage, perforation and/or protrusion of granulation tissue through the sole horn at the “typical site”	
6	Rotation	Rotation / overgrowth of the medial claw	
7	Interdigital growth	Lump of hard tissue protruding into interdigital space, often with DD (2) or “foul” (13) on the surface.	
8	Thick hock	Enlargement of the hock, often with area of superficial abrasion.	

9	Axial wall fissure	Fissure and under run horn along axial (inner) wall of hoof, sometimes with prolapse of granulation tissue.	
10	Toe ulcer	Haemorrhage into or total ulceration of sole at toe ("A")	
11	Sandcrack (vertical fissure)	Vertical fissure through hoof wall which may or may not be under run and causing lameness.	
12	Heel ulcer	Typical black lesion in centre of sole towards heel, which may run into underlying abscess in heel.	
13	Foul (Interdigital necrobacillosis)	Fissure in the interdigital skin often exposing necrotic tissue beneath. "Super foul" produces extensive necrosis.	
14	Horizontal wall fissure	Horizontal fissure running around hoof wall. Mild lesions may be called "hardship grooves". Deep lesions lead to lameness due to movement of toe horn ("thimbling").	
15	Toe Necrosis (pedal bone necrosis)	Deep penetration and under run horn at toe with pungent odour. May be secondary to white line lesion or ulcer	
16	Foreign Body penetration	Penetration of sole by nail, stone, thorn, tooth etc. usually producing under run sole (but if in white line, enter as "category 4").	
17	Other		

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