

Research update

Anaerobic digestion: Use of digestates as a liquid fertiliser in the commercial production of strawberries

14:00

Welcome

Dr Rosemary Collier, Warwick Crop Centre

14:10

Introduction to anaerobic digestion and digestates

Dr David Tompkins, WRAP

14:30

Introduction to the project

Dr Mary Dimambro, Cambridge Eco

14:40

Trial system design and results to date

Dr Catherine Keeling, Warwick Crop Centre

14:55

Potential benefits to industry

Rob Lillywhite, Warwick Crop Centre

15:10

Discussion

15:20

Viewing the glasshouse trials

16:15

Tea and coffee, discussion, networking

16:45

Close

Introduction to the project

Mary Dimambro

About Cambridge Eco

- Advising Defra, WRAP, industry, growers
- Experts in the use of
 - composts
 - digestates



Use of digestates in novel growing media for ornamentals

bark

+ other sustainable materials

+ digestates

= novel growing media (admixtures)



Use of digestates in novel growing media for ornamentals

- Controls (industry standards)
 - Peat-based control
 - Peat-free control (bark and wood fibre based)
- 4 digestates – each with 5 admixtures
- 5 replicates = 110 plants per trial



**Moulton
College**
NORTHAMPTONSHIRE



Using digestates as a nutrient source for trickle irrigation in strawberries



Project timetable

- October-November: Desk study
- December: Digestate analysis
- January-February: System optimisation
- February-June: Glasshouse trial
- July-August: Report

Why strawberries?

- C. 5,000ha of UK grown strawberries in 2010
 - >100,000t of fruit
 - Market value > £260 million
- Most protected soft fruit, including strawberries, grown in peat-based or coir bags or modules
 - Trickle irrigation used for continual nutrient supply



Why digestates?

- Availability
 - > 100 anaerobic digestion sites in the UK
 - On-site AD = heat & digestate
- Potential for use in trickle irrigation
 - Whole digestate
 - Separated liquor
- Range of nutrients, including micronutrients



Digestate analysis

| | Food Separated | Food Whole 1 | Food Whole 2 | Potato Whole | Maize Slurry Separated | Maize Separated |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Total solids (%) | 2.9 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 7.1 | 5.1 |
| C:N | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 7.3 | 6.1 |
| pH | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.2 |
| EC (1:6) (dS m-1) | 4.4 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.8 |



Digestate analysis

| | Food Separated | Food Whole 1 | Food Whole 2 | Potato Whole | Maize Slurry Separated | Maize Separated |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| | mg/kg | mg/kg | mg/kg | mg/kg | mg/kg | mg/kg |
| N | 3700 | 4900 | 6000 | 2400 | 4200 | 4100 |
| NH4-N | 2990 | 3784 | 5260 | 2039 | 2044 | 2175 |
| NO3-N (<) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| P | 202 | 315 | 456 | 128 | 514 | 246 |
| K | 1330 | 1869 | 1109 | 4752 | 4661 | 3382 |
| Ca | 797 | 2000 | 1974 | 126 | 1862 | 889 |
| Mg | 92.9 | 93.3 | 63 | 46 | 436 | 188 |
| S | 134 | 236 | 342 | 78 | 303 | 171 |
| Fe | 75 | 231 | 555 | 57 | 197 | 54 |
| Mn | 3.4 | 8.4 | 5.0 | 1.3 | 15.9 | 6.4 |
| Na | 1021 | 1146 | 2225 | 46.4 | 439 | 121 |