## Problem Set 2 - from weak regularity to strong regularity

1. Prove the Frieze-Kannan weak regularity lemma. That is, show that for any  $\epsilon > 0$ , there is a partition  $V(G) = X_1 \cup \ldots X_k$  into  $k \leq K$  parts such that for all  $A, B \subseteq V(G)$ ,

$$|e(A,B) - \sum_{1 \le i,j \le k} d(X_i, X_j)|A \cup X_i||B \cap X_j|| \le \epsilon |V|^2$$

- 2. The Frieze–Kannan regularity lemma was developed to give an approximation algorithm for the max cut of a dense graph. How might this work?
- 3. Show that if a partition is weak  $\epsilon$ -regular than any refinement is weak  $2\epsilon$ -regular. Show that this implies that we may assume the Frieze–Kannan regularity partition is equitable.
- 4. Is it true that if a partition is  $\epsilon$ -regular, in the usual sense, then any refinement is  $2\epsilon$ -regular?
- 5. Use the strong regularity lemma to prove the induced removal lemma: for any  $\epsilon > 0$ , there exists  $\delta > 0$  such that any graph on *n* vertices containing at most  $\delta n^{v(H)}$  copies of *H* may be made induced-*H*-free by changing at most  $\epsilon n^2$  edges.
- 6. Why is it not sufficient to remove edges in the induced removal lemma?