

## ON THE GEOMETRY OF OUTER SPACE - PROBLEM SET 2

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- (1) If  $x \neq y \in \mathcal{X}_n$  show that there exist conjugacy classes  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathcal{C}$  such that  $\ell_x(\alpha) < \ell_y(\alpha)$  and  $\ell_x(\beta) > \ell_y(\beta)$ . Conclude that the functions  $\ell_x, \ell_y: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$  are distinct even projectively (i.e. they do not differ by a multiplicative constant). This implies that the map sending  $\mathcal{X}_n$  to  $P(\mathbb{R}_+^{\mathcal{C}})$  is injective.
- (2) Compute the distance from  $x$  to  $y$  from problem (3) of problem set 1. Then compute the distance from  $y$  to  $x$ .
- (3) Find a geodesic path from  $y$  to  $x$  from problem (3) problem set 1.
- (4) Consider the map  $\Phi: R_2 \rightarrow R_2$  defined by  $a \rightarrow ab, b \rightarrow bab$ .
  - (a) Prove that this is a train track map.
  - (b) Find the transition matrix of  $\Phi$  and its largest eigenvalue  $\lambda$ .
  - (c) Find the left eigenvector corresponding to this matrix and show that if  $x$  is the base rose with metric defined by this eigenvector then  $\Phi$  as an automorphism of  $x$  stretches every edge by  $\lambda$ .
  - (d) Determine the point  $x\Phi$  (label the edges with the inverse marking). Compute  $d(x, x\Phi)$ ?
  - (e) Show that  $\Phi^{-1}$  as a map on the rose is a train track map. To do this construct a graph whose vertices are the directed edges  $a, A, b, B$  (edges with reverse orientation are labeled by capital letters). Add a directed edge in this graph from  $e$  to  $e'$  if  $D\Phi^{-1}(e) = e'$  (i.e. if the first edge in  $\Phi^{-1}(e)$  is  $e'$ ). Use this graph to determine all of the illegal turns, and check that edge images do not contain them.
  - (f) Determine  $\mu$  the eigen-value of  $\Phi^{-1}$ . Determine the left eigenvector corresponding to it.
- (5) Answer questions 4 for the the automorphism  $\Phi: F_3 \rightarrow F_3$  defined by  $\Phi(a) = b, \Phi(b) = c, \Phi(c) = ca$ . Replace  $R_2$  by  $R_3$  wherever relevant.