

THE CAUCHY PROBLEM FOR DISSIPATIVE HÖLDER EULER FLOWS

SARA DANERI

We address the Cauchy problem for the incompressible Euler equations in a periodic setting. Our result aims at showing that, below the Onsager's critical regularity of Hölder $1/3$ in space, the Euler equations are ill-posed, and the kind of non-uniqueness one obtains is an instance of an *h-principle* phenomenon. Basing on the estimates developed by Buckmaster, De Lellis, Isett and Székelyhidi in [1], we prove [2, 3] the existence of infinitely many Hölder $1/5 - \varepsilon$ initial data, each one admitting infinitely many Hölder $1/5 - \varepsilon$ solutions with preassigned total kinetic energy. Moreover, we prove that the set of non-uniqueness initial data so constructed is dense among L^2 solenoidal vector fields. This second step requires a new set of ideas which have been recently used to prove the full Onsager's conjecture, namely non-uniqueness of Euler solutions up to exponent $1/3 - \varepsilon$ [4].

REFERENCES

- [1] Buckmaster, T., De Lellis, C., Isett, P. and Székelyhidi, Jr., L. *Anomalous dissipation for $1/5$ -Hölder Euler flows* Ann. of Math. (2) 182 (2015), no. 1, 127172.
- [2] Daneri, S. *Cauchy problem for dissipative Hölder solutions to the incompressible Euler equations* Comm. Math. Phys. 329 (2014), no. 2, 745786.
- [3] Daneri, S. and Székelyhidi, Jr., L. *Non-uniqueness and h-principle for Hölder-continuous weak solutions of the Euler equations* arXiv:1603.09714.
- [4] Isett, P. *A proof of Onsager's conjecture* arXiv:1608.08301.
E-mail address: daneri@math.fau.de