Quantum control of a spin in a levitated nanodiamond

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Background

Single nitrogen-vacancy (NV) centres in diamond have isolated electronic and nuclear spins which can store quantum information at room temperature for over one second. We have built an experiment to study nanodiamonds while they are levitated by a focused laser beam. Our theoretical proposals (together with the groups of Sougato Bose and Peter Barker in UCL and Myungshik Kim at Imperial College) suggest that we could put these diamonds into a quantum superposition in which they try out being in two places at once [1-3]. We have made nanodiamonds (with collaborator Oliver Williams’ group in Cardiff) that are 1000 times purer than commercially-available nanodiamonds, so they don’t heat up so much when we shine in light [4]. We are currently building a magnetogravitational trap [5] which will allow us to levitate a nanodiamond with much less light hitting it, so that we can cool the diamond below room temperature.

The project

The goal of this PhD project is to build in and test the quantum control of a single NV spin in a nanodiamond that is levitated in a magnetogravitational trap. We have this equipment set up already with non-levitated nanodiamonds which will be transferred to the trap. The long-term vision for this research is to better understand fundamental physics by testing what is the most macroscopic Schrödinger cat state that can be created. This could help to solve the quantum measurement problem experimentally.

Our lab in Warwick also benefits from several other NV experiments for quantum technology focused on nanoscale and bulk magnetometry both at room temperature and in helium cryostats. You would start off by learning how to use our equipment for studying single NV centres without levitation. Your research project would start in the lab from day one without doing an initial Masters course. For informal enquiries, please contact gavin.morley@warwick.ac.uk.