# Investigating Dust Growth in Protoplanetary Discs



# (1) <u>Questions</u>

- What factors determine how dust growth proceeds in protoplanetary discs?
- How does the overdensity of dust in ring structures affect dust growth in these regions?

## (2) <u>Work so far...</u>

New application of FARGO3D [1] to run models which include:

- 1) Planet embedded in a disc, fixed dust size distribution (no growth) [2].
- 2) Dust coagulation/fragmentation, no planet [3].
- Planets within ~8-20  $M_{\bigoplus}$  carve out a gap and ring exterior to planet.
- Dust growth up to size limit imposed by fragmentation and drift.
- Subsequent reduction in grain size at density peak due to drop in dust-gas ratio in outer disc, causing drift boundary to move inwards [4].
- Are these results supported by past studies?
- Can we explain the dust growth seen at grain sizes beyond the density peak?

References: [1] Benítez-Llambay P. and Masset F.S., 2016 ApJS, [2] Rosotti G.P. et al., 2016 MNRAS, [3] Birnstiel T. et al 2012 A&A, [4] Chachan Y. et al., 2021 ApJ

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• Model dust growth in the presence of an embedded planet, producing a gap and ring. Study dust growth in rings – effect of overdensity?

### (3) <u>Next Steps</u>

