### TOI-2498 b: A hot, bloated Super-Neptune in the Neptune desert

G. Frame, D. J. Armstrong, H. M. Cegla, J. Fernández Fernández, A. Osborn et al.

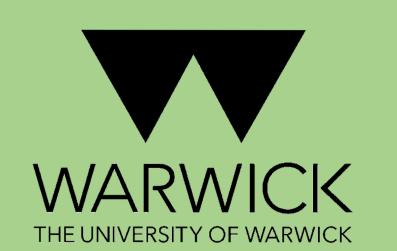
(to be submitted soon!)

Centre for Exoplanets and Habitability, University of Warwick, Gibbet Hill Road, Coventry CV4 7AL, UK

GF acknowledges a Warwick prize scholarship (PhD) made possible thanks to a generous philanthropic donation. GF and HMC acknowledge funding from a UKRI Future Leader Fellowship, grant number MR/S035214/1.







## The System

Stellar parameters	Planet parameters
Vmag: 11.2 mag	P <sub>orb</sub> : 3.728 days
Mass: 1.09 ± 0.02 M⊙	<b>Mass:</b> 34.02 ± 4.14 M⊕
<b>Radius</b> : 1.28 ± 0.03 R⊙	<b>Radius:</b> 6.27 ± 0.27 R⊕
T <sub>eff</sub> : 5905 ± 12 K	<b>Density</b> : 0.76 ± 0.2 g cm <sup>-1</sup>

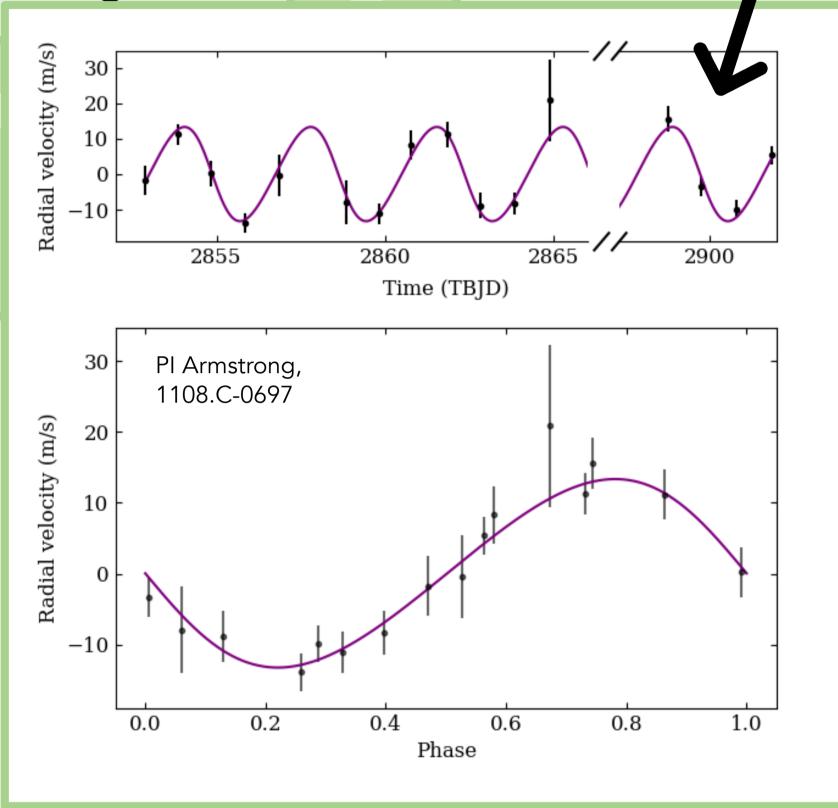
### The Data

Results

Spectroscopy	Photometry
6 radial velocity neasurements rom <i>HARPS</i> [1]	1 partial and 2 full transits from <i>LCOGT</i> [2] 12 full transits from  TESS [3] sector 6 (30 min cadence) and sector
	33 (2 min cadence)

## Analysis

- We construct a joint model using the exoplanet [4] package including both photometry and spectroscopy.
- We use a **PYMC3** [5] MCMC sampler to constrain our parameters.
- We search for additional planets through analyzing radial velocity periodograms and looking for transit timing variations.



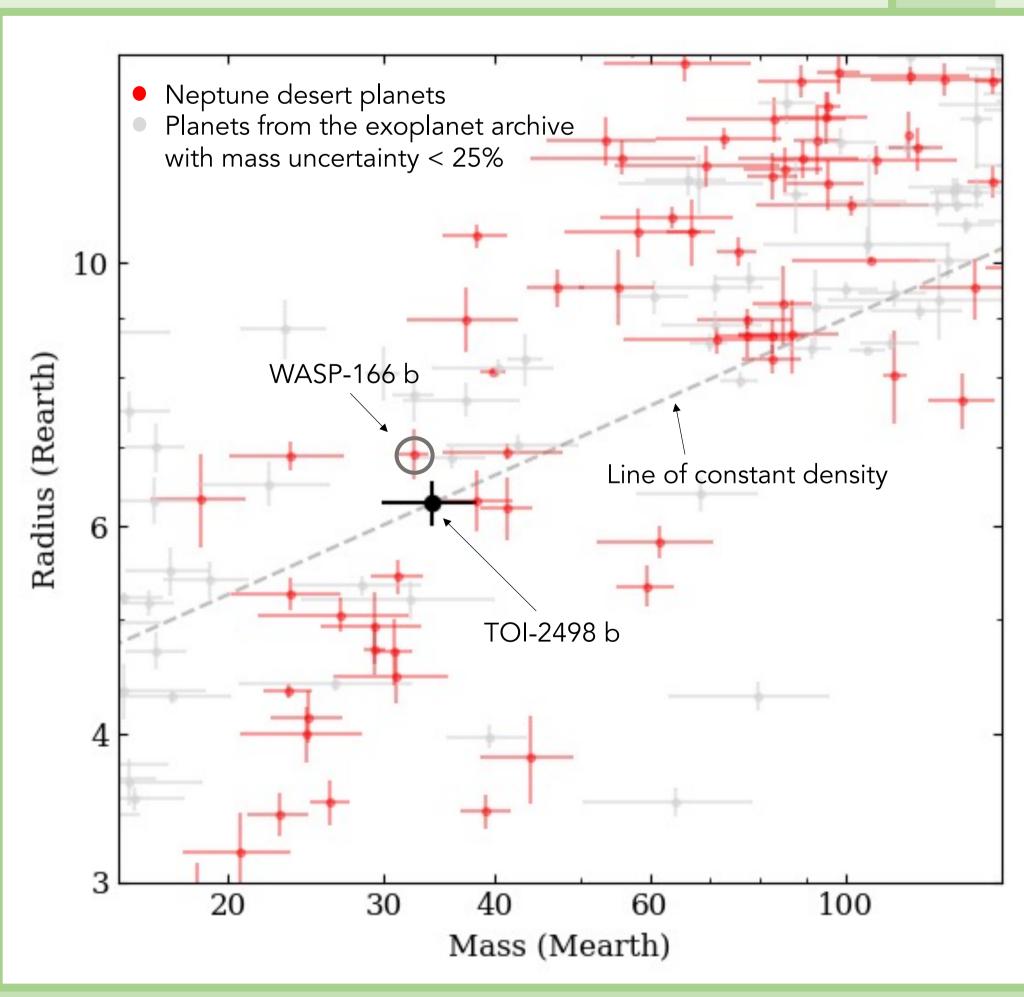
TESS sector 6 TESS sector 33 Time (BID - 2457000) 1.02 1.04Phase

# Discussion

• We model the evaporation history [8] and find that TOI-2498 b likely started as a Saturn-sized planet before reducing in size over its 3.6  $\pm$  1.1 Gyr lifespan. We find that TOI-2498 b is now stable to photoevaporation.

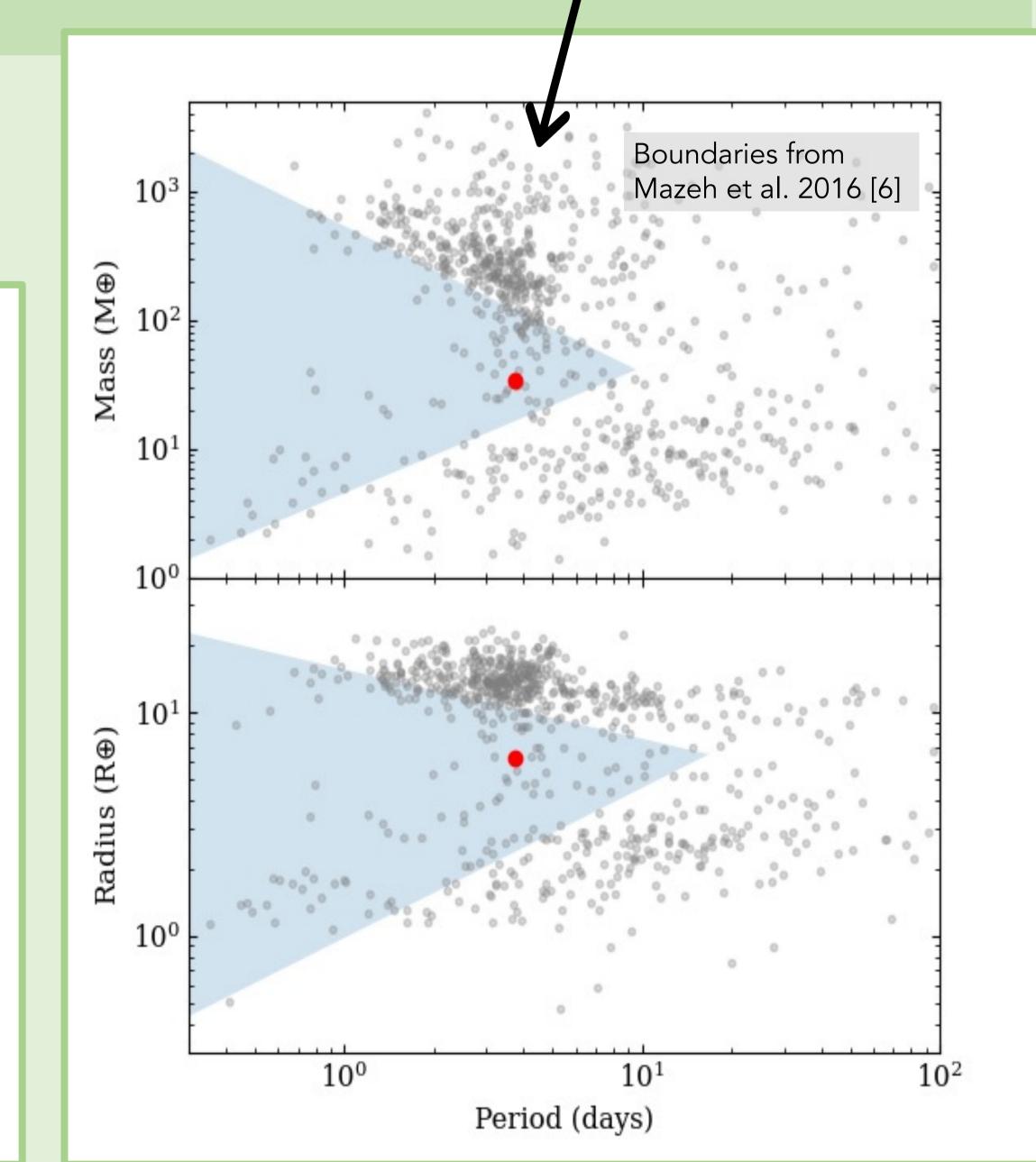
• An estimated  $30 \pm 7\%$ of the mass of TOI-2498 b is located in a gaseous envelope.

• TOI-2498 b is close to **WASP-166** b [7] in MR space – could be a case for comparative atmospheric studies.



#### TOI-2498 b is a hot bloated Super-Neptune transiting a G-type star.

- We estimate a single-planet system.
- TOI-2498 b is within the Neptune desert.



#### References

- [1] Pepe F., et al., 2002, The Messenger, 110, 9
- [2] Brown T. M., et al., 2013, PASP, 125, 1031
- [3] Sullivan P. W., et al., 2015, The Astrophysical Journal, 809, 77
- [4] Foreman-Mackey D., et al., 2021, exoplanet-dev/exoplanet v0.4.4
- [5] Salvatier J., Wieckia T. V., Fonnesbeck C., 2016a, Astrophysics Source Code Library, pp ascl–1610
- [6] Mazeh T., Holczer T., Faigler S., 2016, Astronomy & Astrophysics, 589, A75
- [7] Hellier C., et al., 2019, Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society, 488, 3067 [8] Fernández Fernández et al. (submitted)

Electronic version of this poster!



