

## Operating instructions for the probe PH MASDVT850W6 BL3.2 X/Y/H LLC (H13900/0001)

The probe is delivered in  $\lambda/4$  and triple resonance mode

### 1. Changing X/Y frequency combination in triple resonance mode

The following *exchangeable insert* is included:

<i>X/Y-combination</i>	<i>X</i> <i>f/MHz</i>	<i>Y</i> <i>f/MHz</i>
$^{13}\text{C}/^{15}\text{N}$	213.7	86.0

#### **Double resonance mode:**

To operate in *double resonance mode* ( $^1\text{H}$ - and X-channel only) remove the exchangeable insert in the following way:

1. Unscrew (but don't remove) 4 screws at the flange of the *shielding tube* and remove the tube.
2. Unscrew the two fixing screws (see Fig. 1) and remove the insert, consisting of a capacitor and a solenoid coil.  
**Attention:** Do not touch the coil!
3. In case of operating the X/Y-combination  $^{13}\text{C}/^{15}\text{N}$  install the insert in the opposite way. It is necessary to operate in this X/Y-combination in  $\lambda/4$ -mode. Slide on the shielding tube and lock it.
4. First tune and match  $^1\text{H}$ , then X and at last Y-channel. Repeat this procedure for fine tuning.  
Moreover the input of the third channel (Y) not used has to be terminated by a 50 Ohm impedance (standard accessory).

### 2. Changing between $\lambda/2$ - and $\lambda/4$ -mode in doppel resonance mode

$\lambda/2$ mode	<i>X-range</i> <i>f/MHz</i>
high-range	143 - 273

$\lambda/4$ mode	<i>X-range</i> <i>f/MHz</i>
low-range	55 - 215

1. In case of operating in  $\lambda/2$ -mode, frequency range see list, it is necessary to remove the *short circuit screw* (at the  $\lambda/2$ -tube of the  $^1\text{H}$ -channel, see fig. 2, below). In the other case in  $\lambda/4$ -mode, frequency range see list, use the marker at the  $\lambda/2$ -tube and **carefully** turn in the screw equally and continuously until one has contact with the inner conductor of the  $\lambda/2$ -line. Do not turn this screw too far in order to avoid bending or damage of the inner conductor. Slide on the shielding tube and lock it.
2. First tune and match  $^1\text{H}$ , and then X and Y. Repeat this procedure for fine tuning.

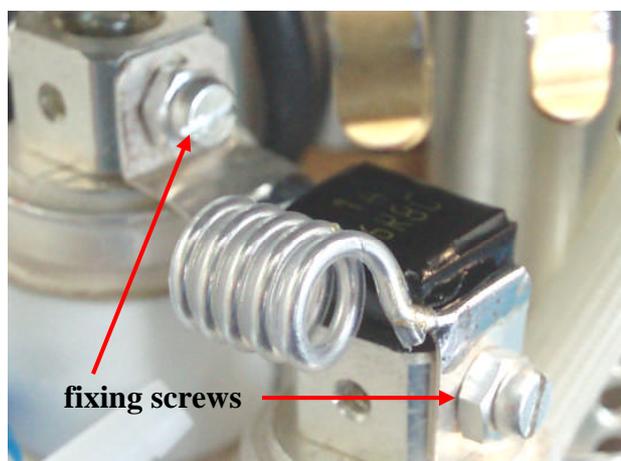


Fig. 1

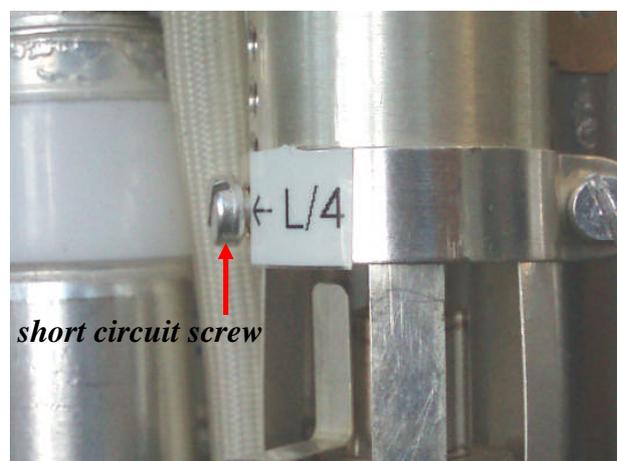


Fig. 2