

# APTS Statistical Modelling: Practical 1

A. M. Overstall

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The code below generates a time series of length  $n$ , and then fits autoregressive models of order up to `order.max` (which is set to 19 below). The AIC is plotted as a function of the order, and the optimal order is tabulated.<sup>1</sup>

```
> plot.aic <- function(fit, new = T, sd = 0.1) {
+   # code to plot AIC against order of AR model fitted
+   if (new)
+     plot((1:length(fit$aic)) - 1, fit$aic, type = "l", xlab = "Order",
+          ylab = "AIC") else lines((1:length(fit$aic)) - 1, fit$aic, type = "l")
+   points(rnorm(1, fit$order, sd = sd), rnorm(1, sd = sd), pch = 16,
+          col = "red")
+ }
>
> # generates data from the model given by model
> sim.y <- function(n, model) {
+   arima.sim(model = model, n)
+ }
>
> n <- 25 # length of time series
> R <- 1000 # number of replicates
>
> # first dataset to get things started it is an AR process of
> # order 2.
> y <- sim.y(n, list(ar = c(0.5, 0.1)))
> fit <- ar(y, order.max = 19)
> plot.aic(fit)
>
> # we will store the orders chosen using AIC, BIC, and AICC
> AIC.order <- NULL
> BIC.order <- NULL
> AICC.order <- NULL
>
> # Now make R replicates, plot the corresponding AIC curves
> for (i in 1:R) {
+   y <- sim.y(n, list(ar = c(0.5, 0.1)))
+   fit <- ar(y, order.max = 19)
+   plot.aic(fit, new = F)
+   AIC.order <- c(AIC.order, fit$order)
+   # The next two lines should be uncommented and modified to
+   # give the optimal orders when BIC and AICC are used for
```

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<sup>1</sup>The code is available from the APTS website.

```

+   # order selection BIC.order <- c(BIC.order, NA) AICC.order <-
+   # c(AICC.order, NA)
+ }
>
> # tabulate the order of the chosen model
> table(AIC.order)

```

- (a) Try seeing how AIC performs as a basis for model selection for  $n = 25, 50, 100, 1000$ .
- (b) Vary the simulation model, using, for example, `model=list(ma=0.9)` in the `arma.sim` function, to see how well AIC works when the data are not generated by an autoregressive model.
- (c) Modify the code above to compute the values of BIC and  $AIC_c$ , where

$$AIC = 2(p + 1 - \widehat{\ell}), \quad BIC = (p + 1) \log n - 2\widehat{\ell}, \quad AIC_c = 2n \frac{p + 1}{n - p - 2} - 2\widehat{\ell},$$

and  $p$  is the order of the fitted model. Assess how well these criteria perform as bases for model selection, for  $n = 25, 50, 100, 500$ .

Hint: write BIC and  $AIC_c$  as functions of AIC. You may find it useful to use `?ar` to access the help file for the `ar` function for details of the returned elements (or use `ls(fit)` to list them).