

# Computational Information Geometry: Model Sensitivity and Approximate Cuts

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**Exponential Families** with so-called **mixed parametrisation**



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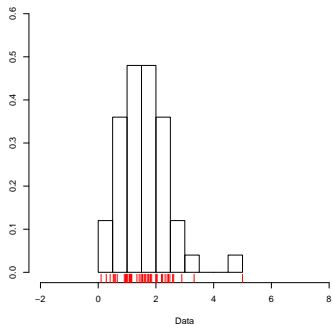
# Our approach

- Use **Structured Extended Multinomial** models (SEM's)
- **Extended multinomials** are multinomials but allow cell probabilities to be **zero**
- **Discretising** continuous data gives multinomials with structure on the cells
- SEM proxy for universal **space of all distributions**

# Example

Question: what is the population mean  $\theta$ ?

Histogram of toy.data



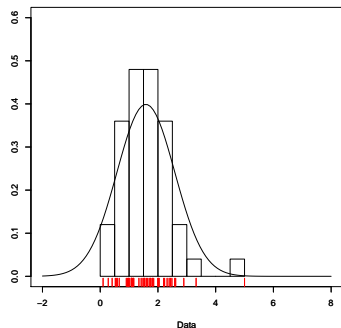
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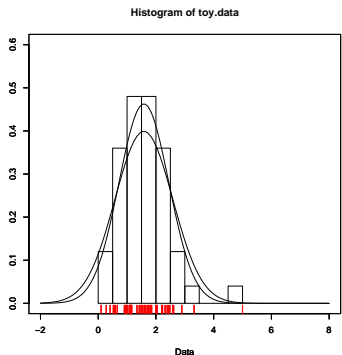


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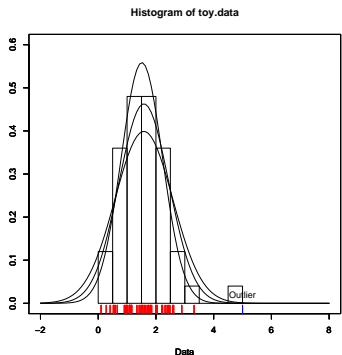
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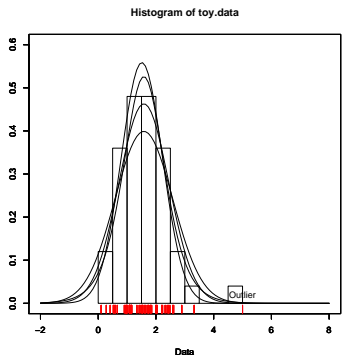
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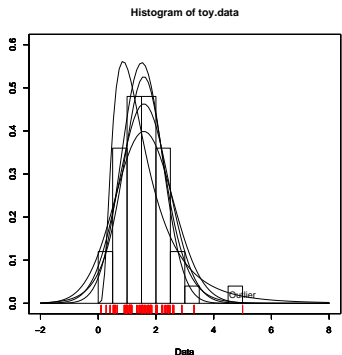
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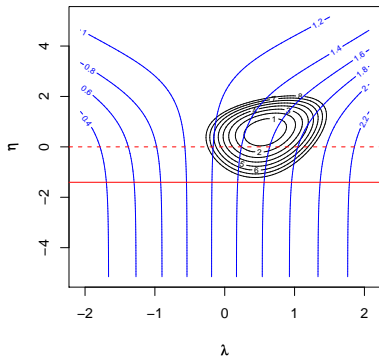
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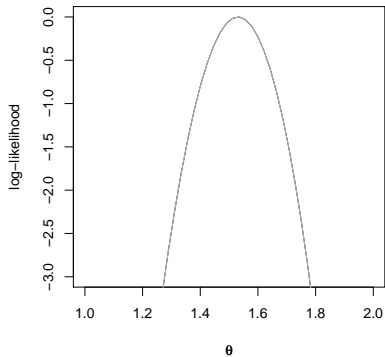
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Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

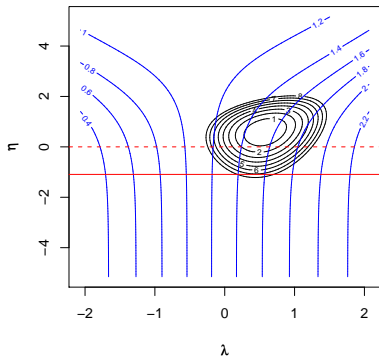


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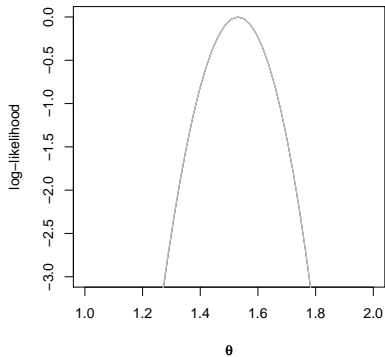
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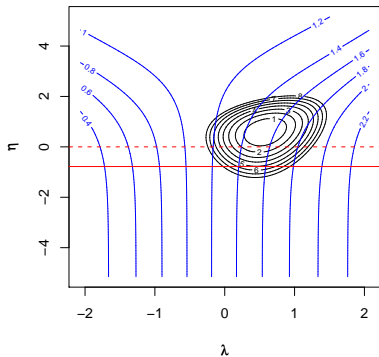


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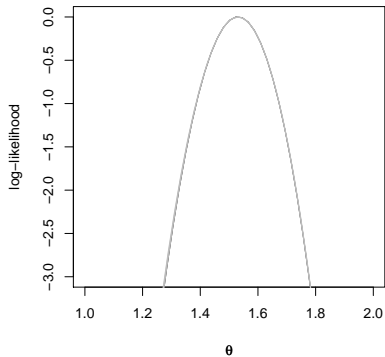
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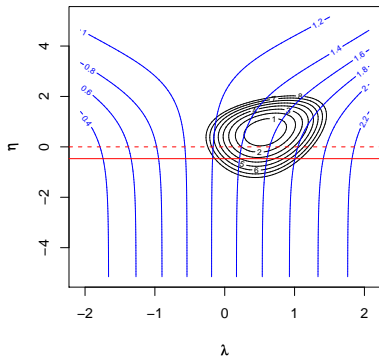


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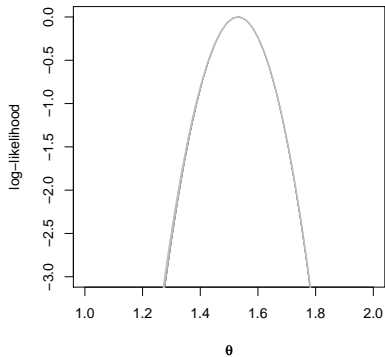
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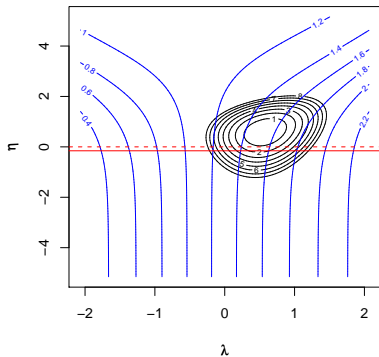
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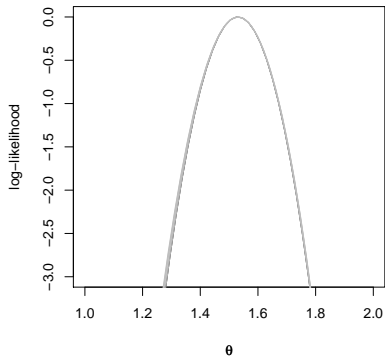


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Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

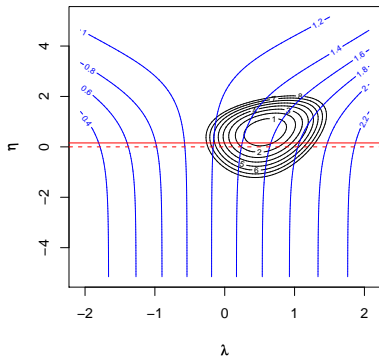


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

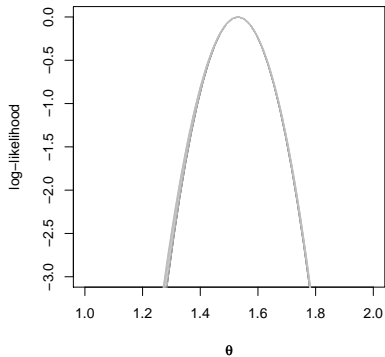
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

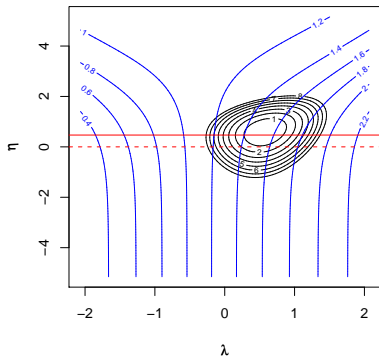


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

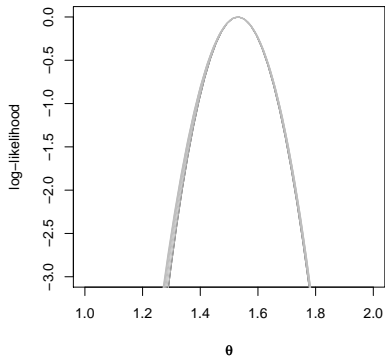
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

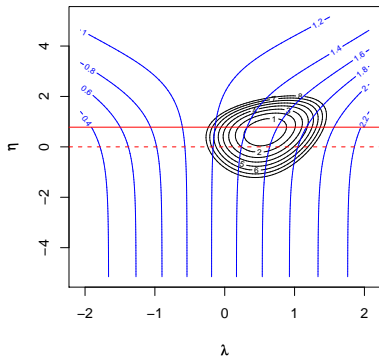


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

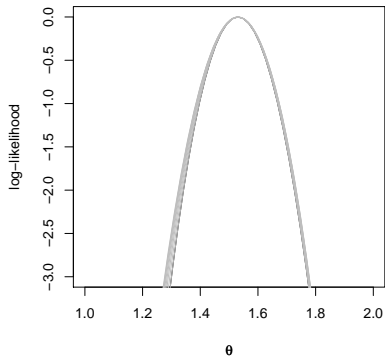
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

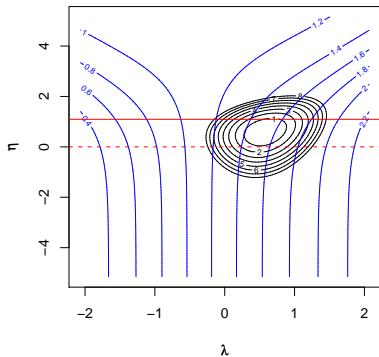


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

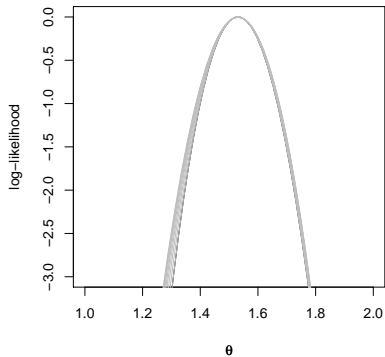
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

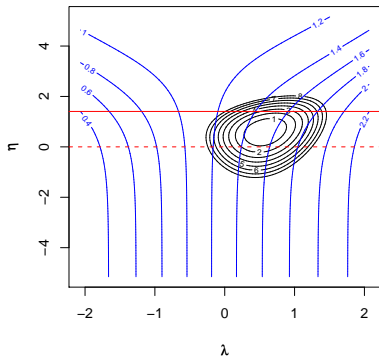


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

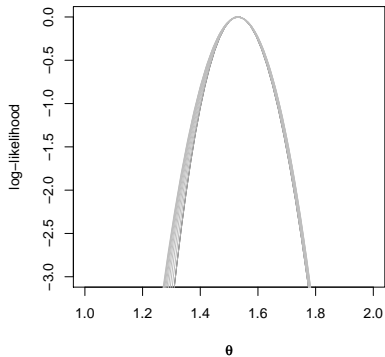
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

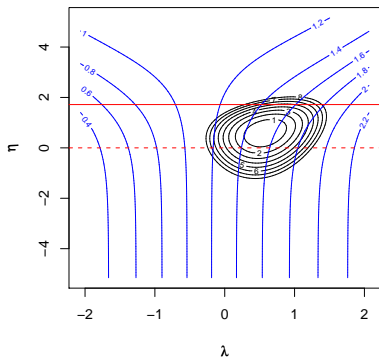


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

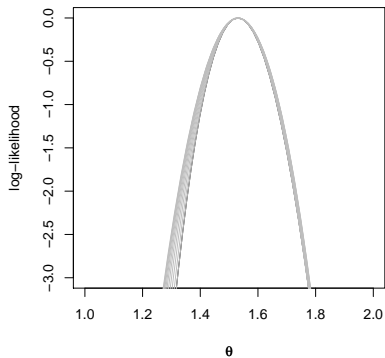
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

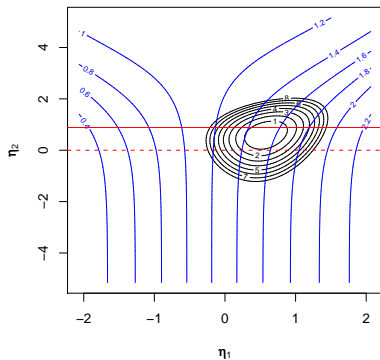


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

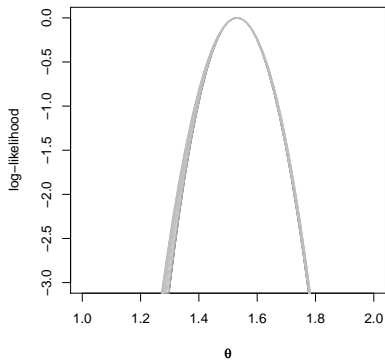
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood



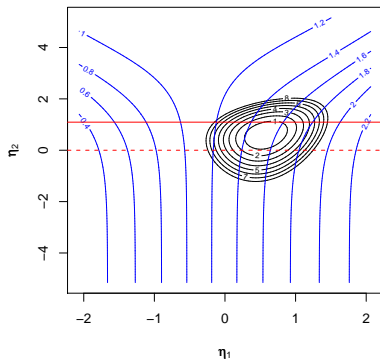
Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

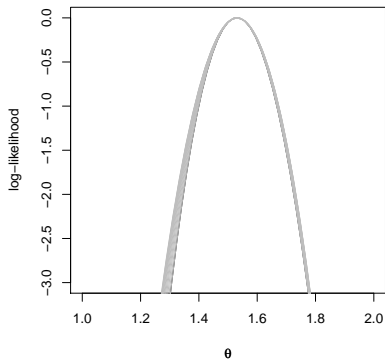


# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

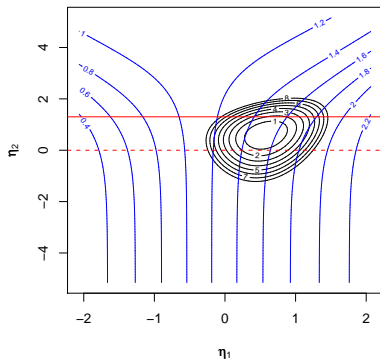


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

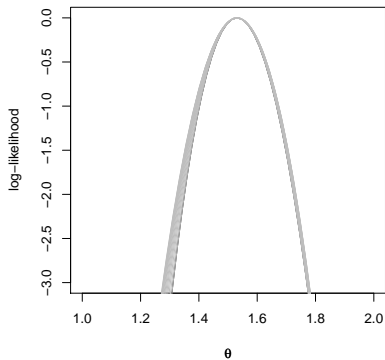
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

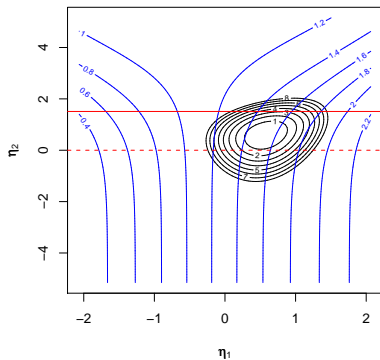


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

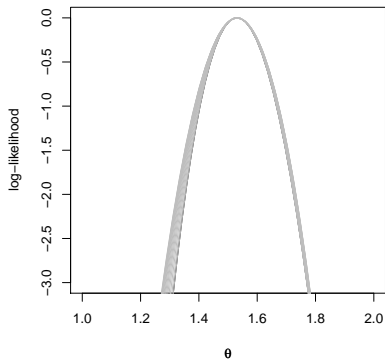
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

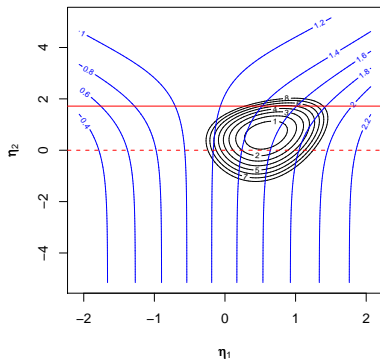


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

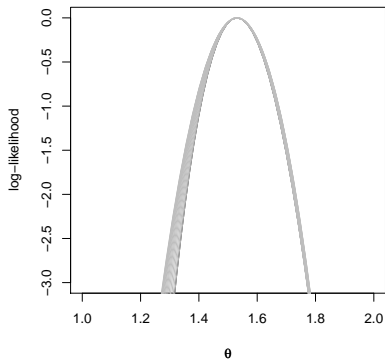
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

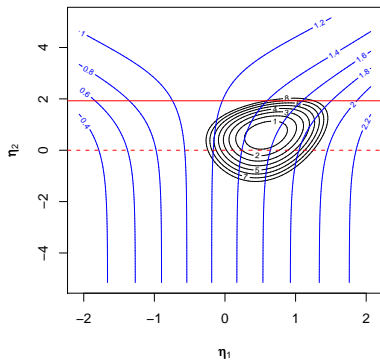


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

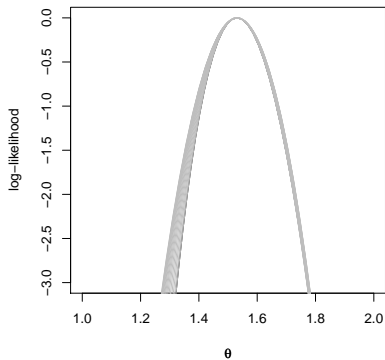
data \ outlier

# In insensitive direction: CUT

Natural Parameters



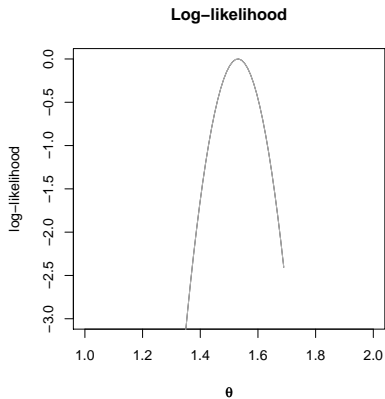
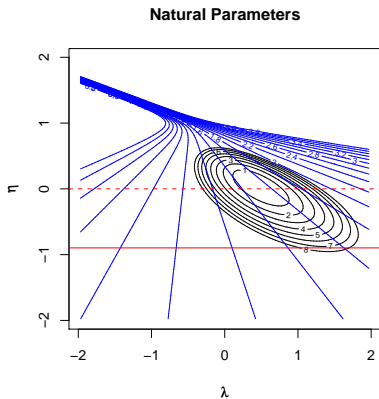
Log-likelihood



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

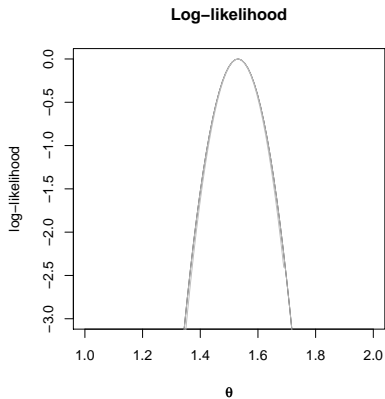
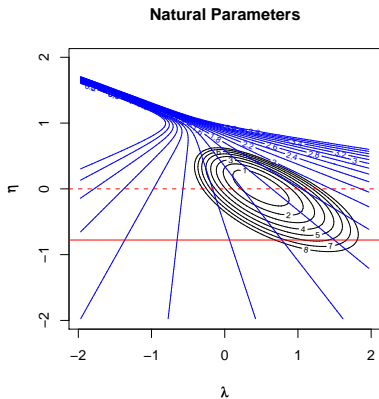
# Highly sensitive direction



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

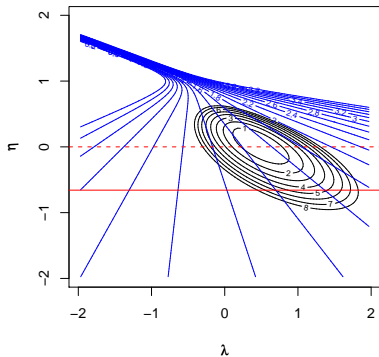


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

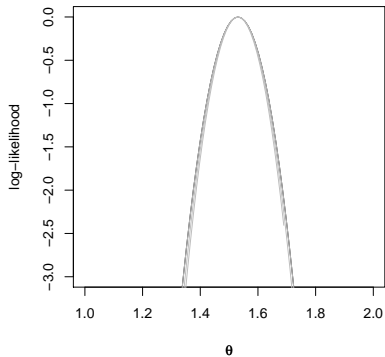
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

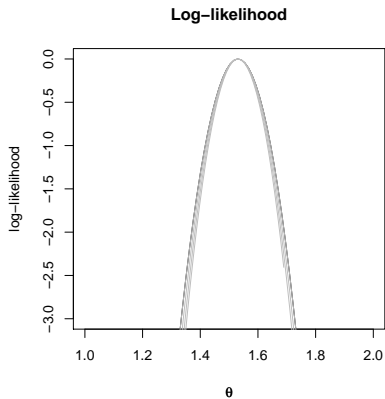
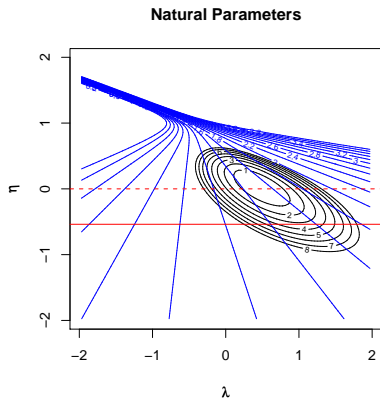


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier



# Highly sensitive direction

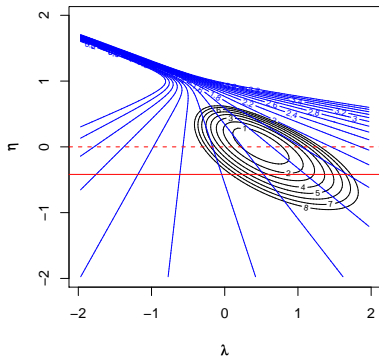


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

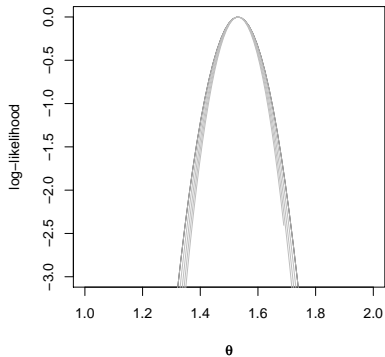
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

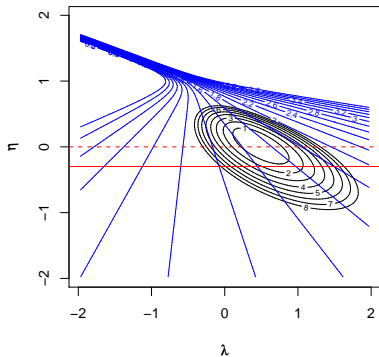


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

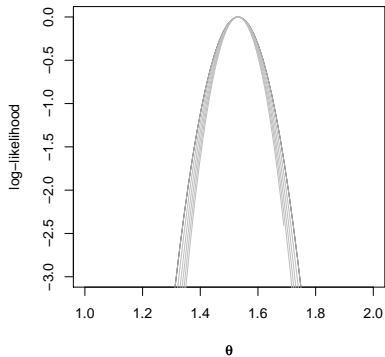
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

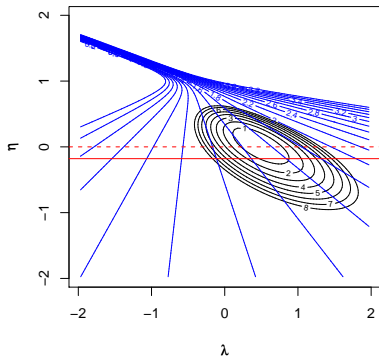


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

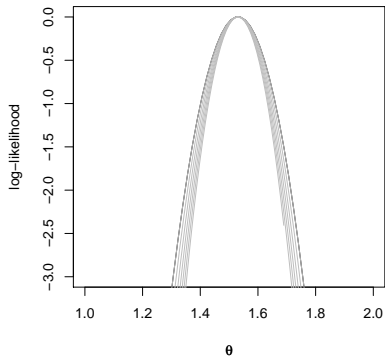
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

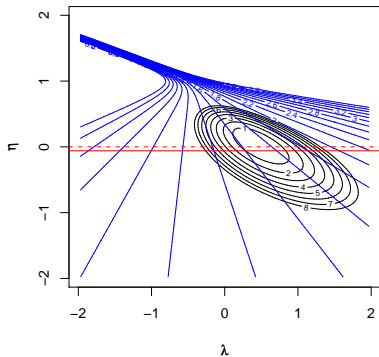


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

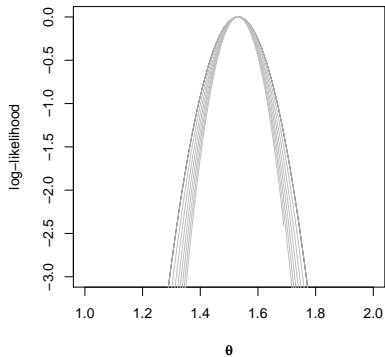
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

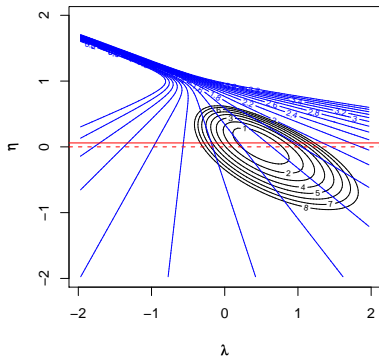


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

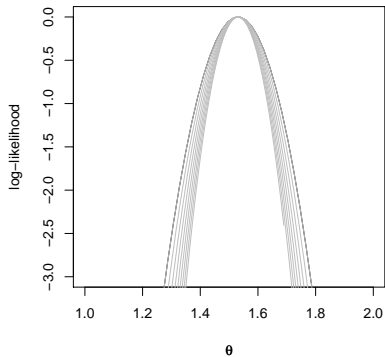
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



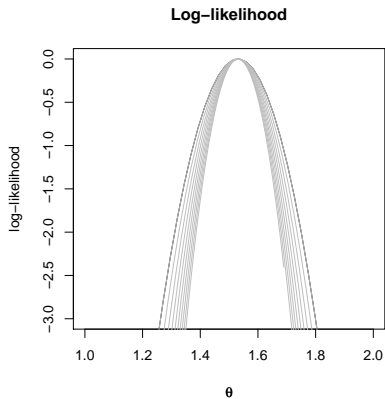
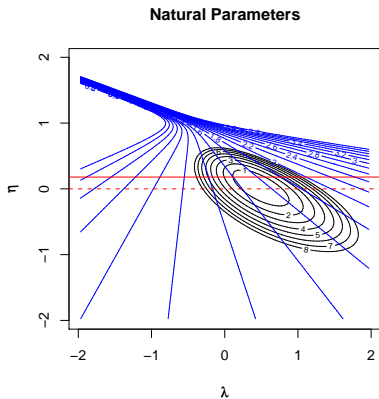
Log-likelihood



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

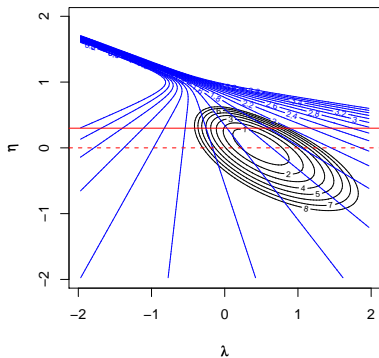


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

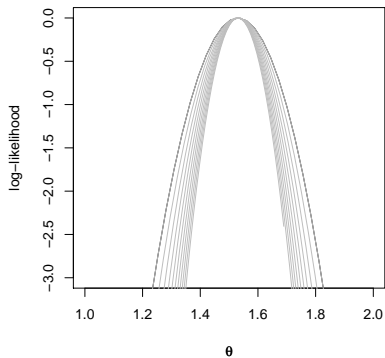
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood



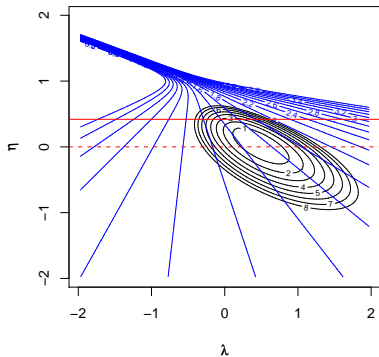
Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

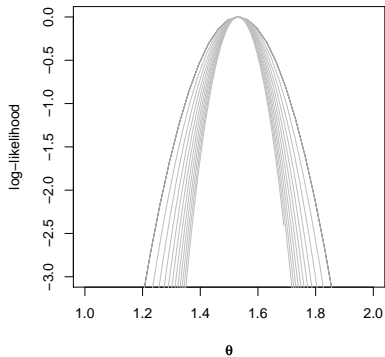


# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



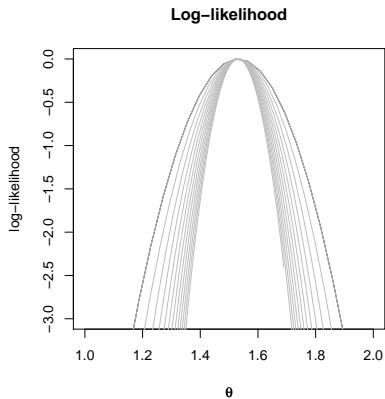
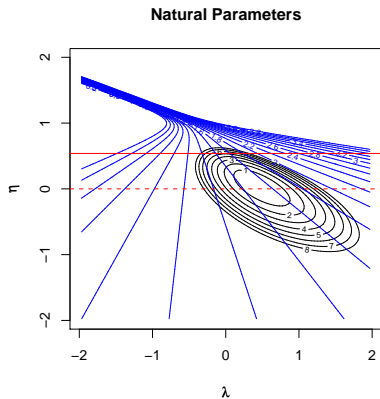
Log-likelihood



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

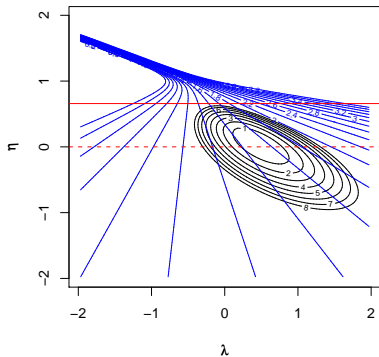


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

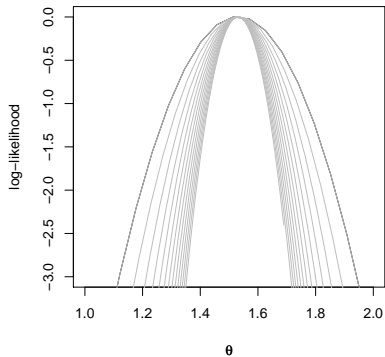
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



Log-likelihood

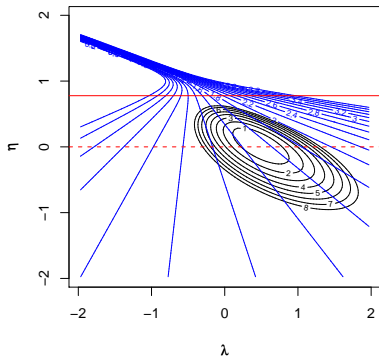


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

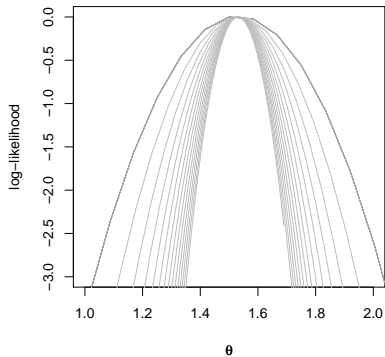
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction

Natural Parameters



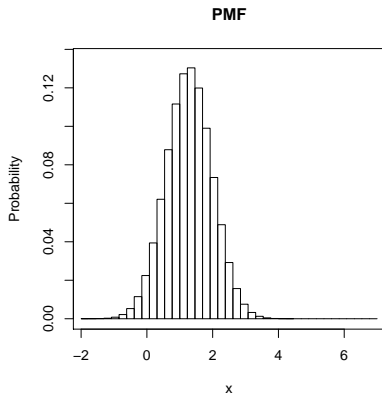
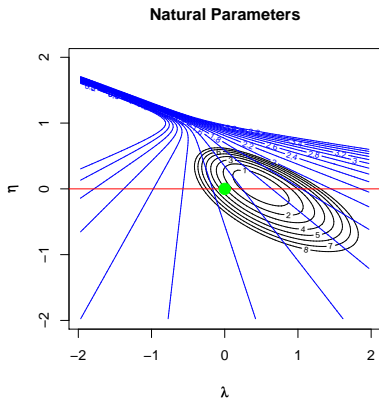
Log-likelihood



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

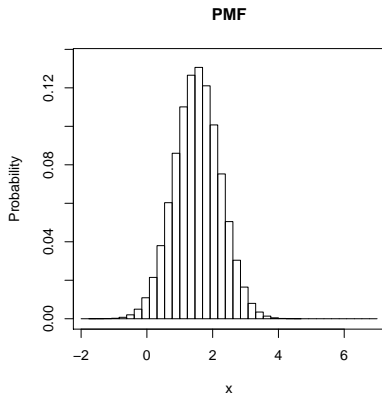
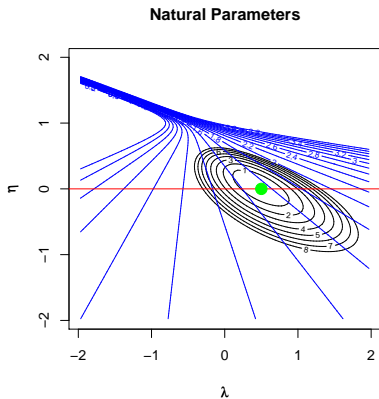
# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

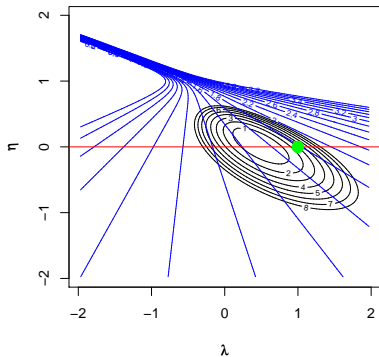


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

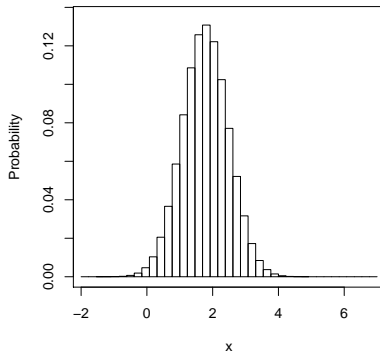
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



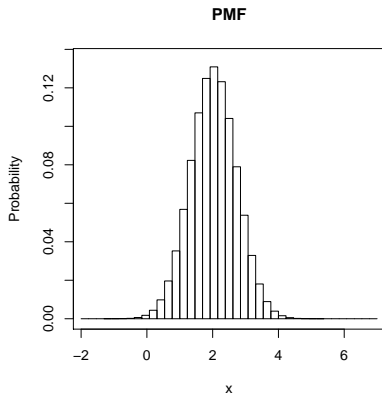
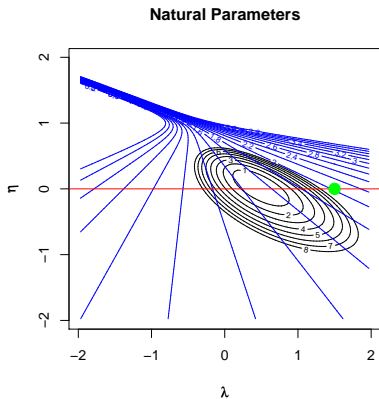
PMF



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

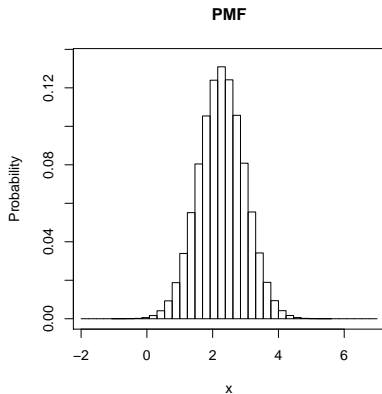
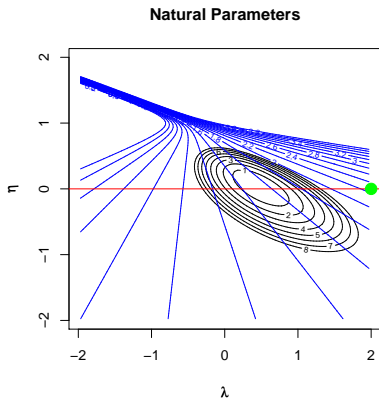


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier



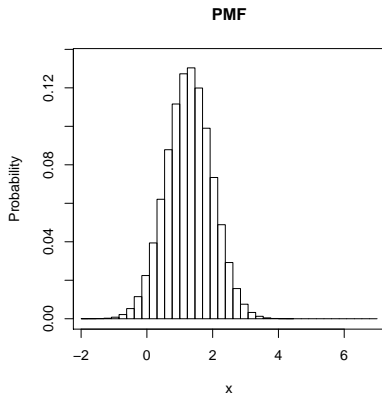
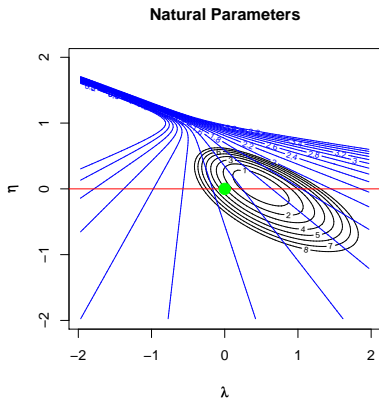
# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation



Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

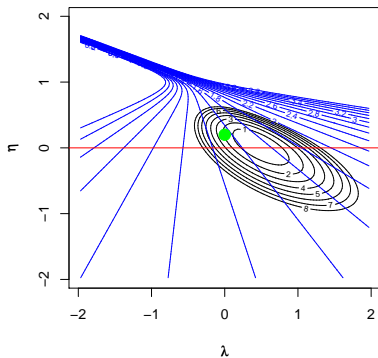


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

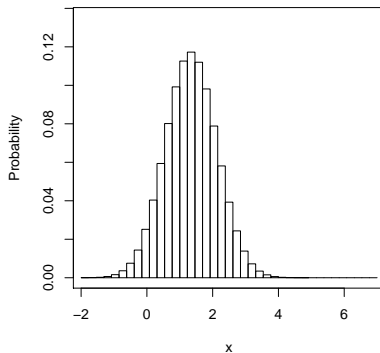
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF

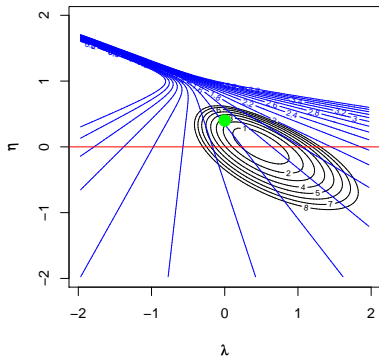


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

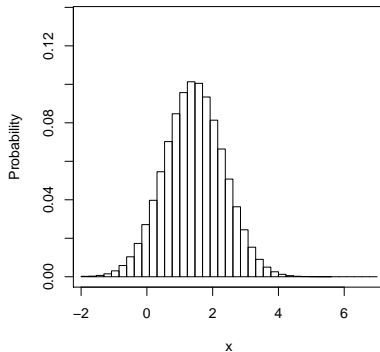
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF

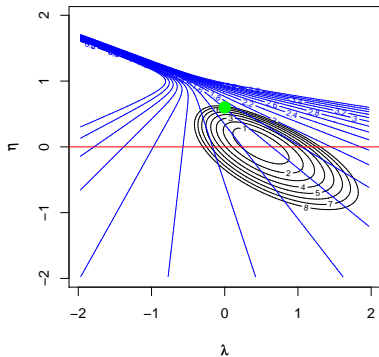


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

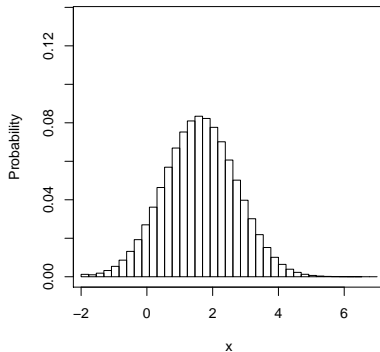
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF

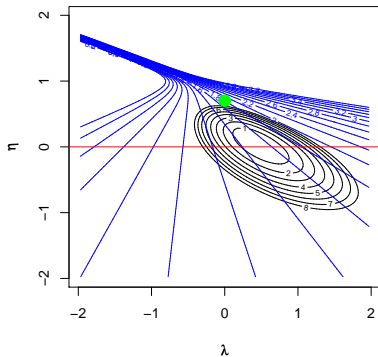


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

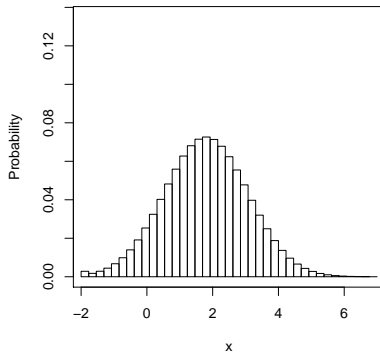
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF

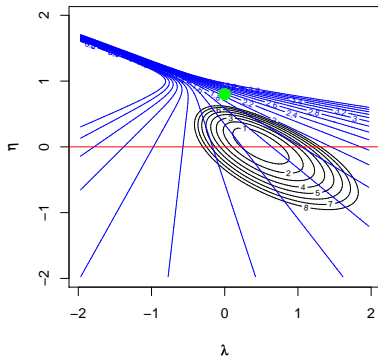


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

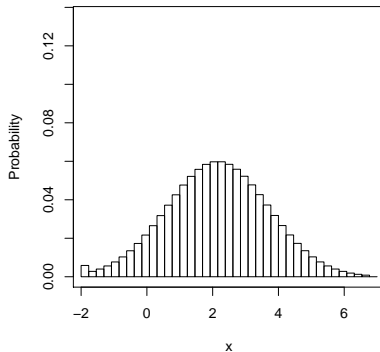
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF

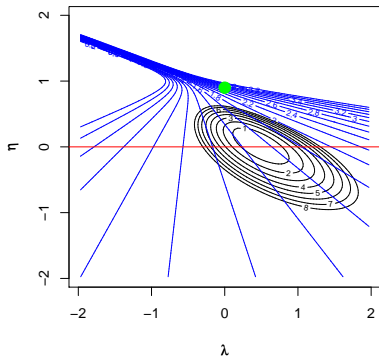


Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

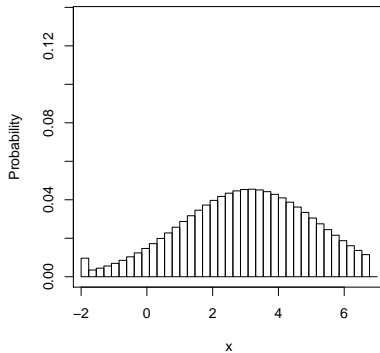
data \ outlier

# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF



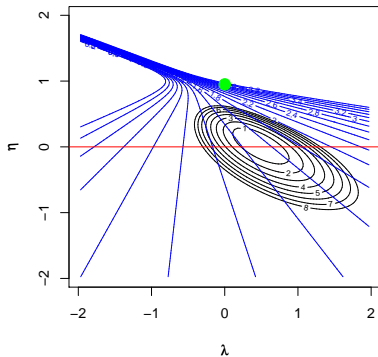
Blue = mean; Black = Likelihood; Red = Base Model

data \ outlier

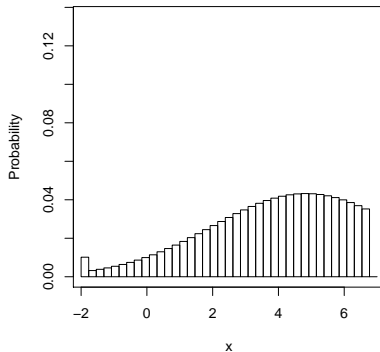


# Highly sensitive direction: Interpretation

Natural Parameters



PMF

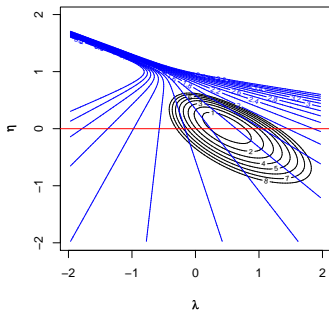


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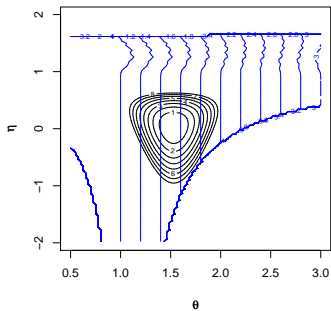
data \ outlier

# Sensitive direction: Mixed Parameters (Duality)

Natural Parameters

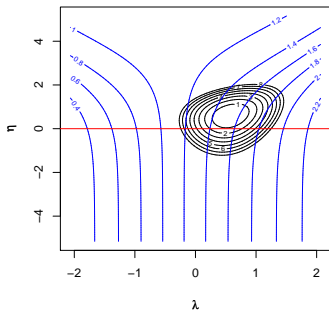


Mixed Parameters

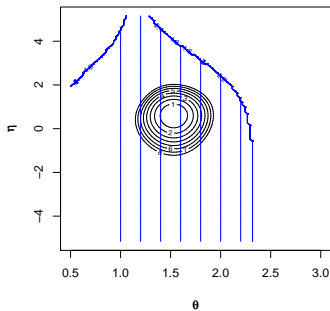


# Insensitive direction: Mixed Parameters (Duality) CUT

Natural Parameters

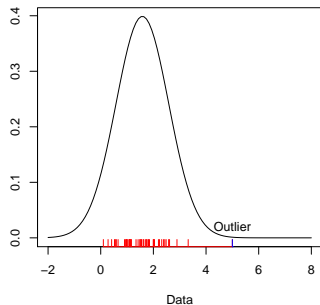


Mixed Parameters



# Perturbation Space

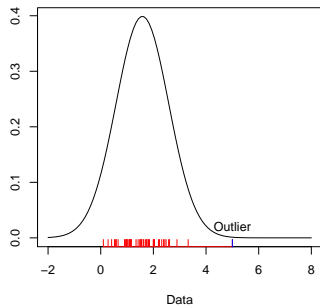
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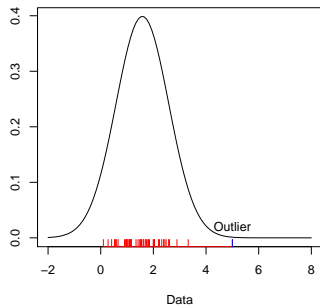
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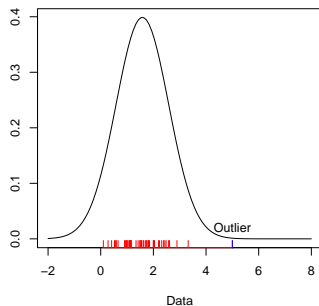
What is mean?



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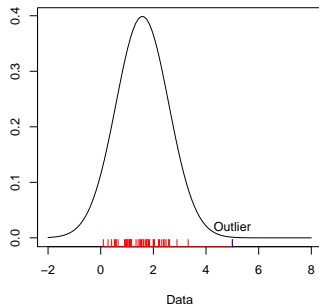
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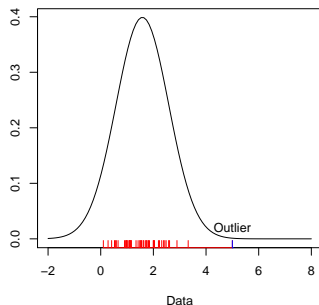


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- If include outlier **one more parameter** needed

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- Choose directions where  $\theta$  block changes most with  $\eta$

# Summary

- Overall objective:  
provide tools to help understand **sensitivity to model choice**
- Target:  
applications of **Generalised Linear Models**
- Delivered via ...  
**Computational Information Geometry** (hidden from the user)

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