

## Questions from the Lévy processes reading group 3

In all the following questions, you may assume that  $X = (X_t)_{t \geq 0}$  is a Lévy process in  $\mathbb{R}^d$  with characteristic exponent  $\Psi$ .

1. Make sure you understand the proof of the fact that:  $\Psi$  bounded  $\Rightarrow \Pi(\mathbb{R}^d) < \infty$ .
2. (Markov property) Show that

$$\mathbf{E}(f(X_{t+s})|\mathcal{F}_t) = \mathbf{E}(f(X_{t+s})|\sigma(X_t))$$

for any bounded measurable function  $f : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

3. Fix  $t \geq 0$ . Check that  $X' = (X'_s)_{s \geq 0}$ , where  $X'_s := X_{t+s} - X_t$ , is independent of  $\mathcal{F}_t$  and has the same distribution as  $X$ .
4. Let  $T$  be a stopping time. Check that

$$\mathcal{F}_T := \{A \in \mathcal{F} : A \cap \{T \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_t \text{ for all } t \geq 0\}$$

defines a  $\sigma$ -algebra.

5. Let  $T$  be a stopping time such that  $\mathbf{P}(T < \infty) > 0$ . On  $\{T < \infty\}$ , define  $X' = (X'_s)_{s \geq 0}$  by setting  $X'_s := X_{T+s} - X_T$ . Check that, for  $0 \leq u \leq v \leq s \leq t$ ,  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$\mathbf{E}\left(e^{i\langle \lambda_1, X'_t - X'_s \rangle + i\langle \lambda_2, X'_v - X'_u \rangle} \mathbf{1}_{A \cap \{T < \infty\}}\right) = e^{i(t-s)\Psi(\lambda_1) + i(v-u)\Psi(\lambda_2)} \mathbf{P}(A \cap \{T < \infty\}).$$

6. In the setting of the previous question, explain why the following statements hold (interpret the final three as holding conditionally on  $\{T < \infty\}$ ):
  - (a)  $X'$  is independent of  $\mathcal{F}_T$ ,
  - (b)  $X'_t - X'_s$  is independent of  $X'_v - X'_u$ ,
  - (c)  $X'_t - X'_s \sim X'_{t-s}$ ,
  - (d) the characteristic exponent of  $X'$  is  $\Psi$ .
7. Use the previous results to establish the Strong Markov property: If  $T$  is a stopping time such that  $\mathbf{P}(T < \infty) > 0$ , then conditionally on  $\{T < \infty\}$ ,  $X' = (X'_s)_{s \geq 0}$ , where  $X'_s := X_{T+s} - X_T$ , is independent of  $\mathcal{F}_T$  and has the same distribution as  $X$ .