

## Short Summary of ST222

### Part I: Normative decision theory

Concepts of probability: axiomatic probability, frequentist probability, subjective probability

Elicitation of probabilities

Connection between rationality, coherence and axioms of probability, Dutch books

Conditional probability and applications (e.g. error rates in screening tests)

Random variables, expectation

Loss functions, predictions and optimal decisions (EMV strategy)

Decision models, decision trees

Alternatives to EMV (maximin, maximax)

Utility, CME, risk attitudes

EUV strategy

Preference relation and properties (e.g. symmetry, reflexivity, transitivity, negative transitivity, Archimedean, independence), representation theorems, examples (e.g. lexicographical order)

### Part II: Basic game theory

Mathematical model for games (moves, payoff matrix etc)

Separability

Dominance

Competitive games, zero-sum games

Mixed strategies, fundamental theorem for zero-sum games

### Part III: Descriptive decision theory

Axiomatic versus descriptive models of humans

Perceived, measured and expected patterns in random sequences (e.g. runs)

Heuristics and biases in human (quantitative) judgement including: gambler's fallacy, hot hand, clustering illusion, anchoring bias, framing effect, base rate neglect, incoherent choice behaviour, conjunction fallacy, misconceptions of representativeness, confirmation bias.

Prospect theory (probability weighting functions, value function, modified EUT)

Allais paradox (common ratio and common consequence setting)

Mathematical modelling