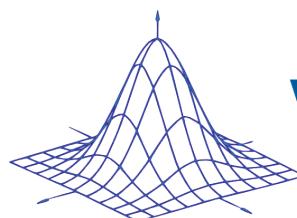


Structural Representations of Materials for Machine Learning using the Novel Materials Discovery Big-Data Analytics Platform



Berk Onat

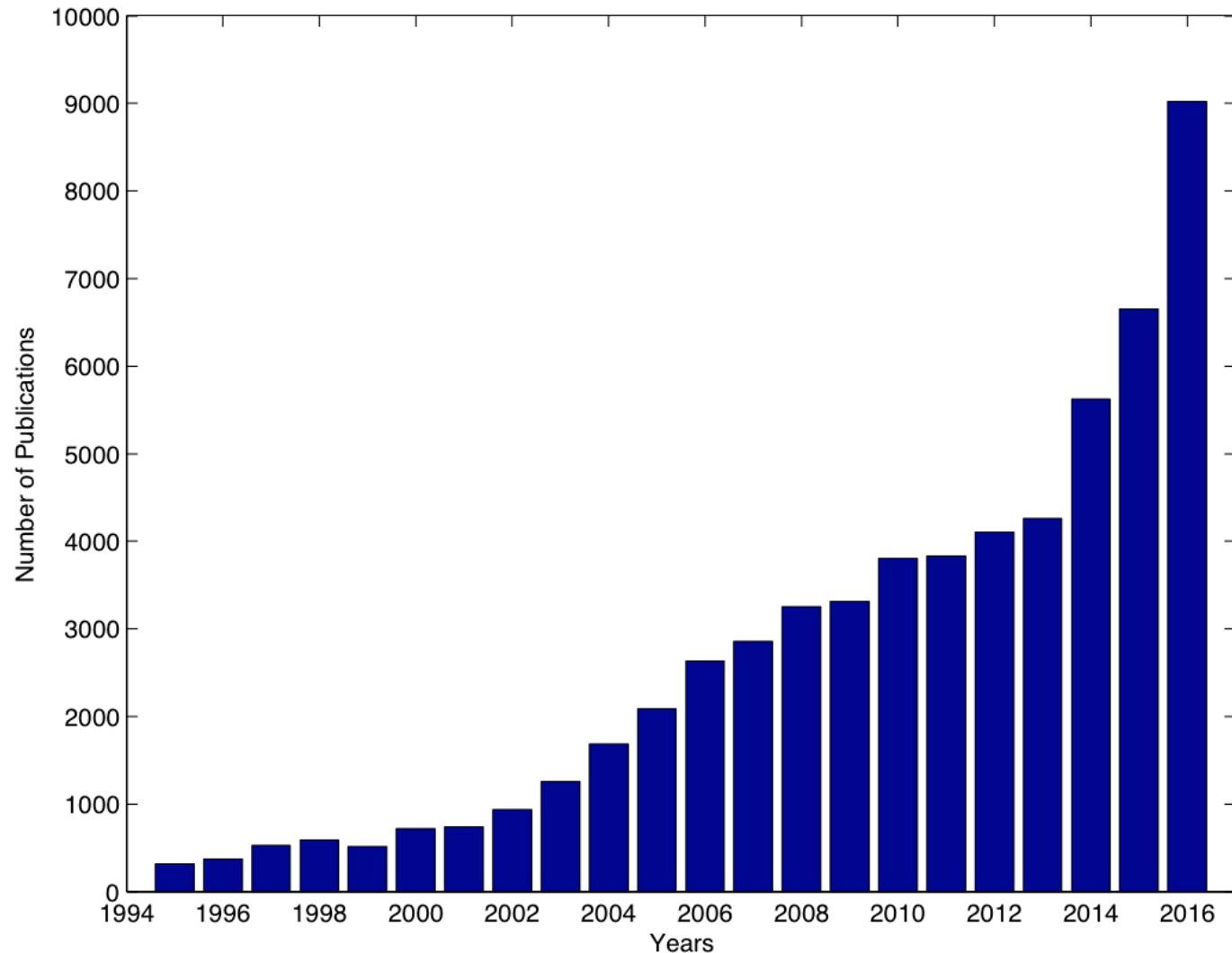
School of Engineering
University of Warwick



WCPM

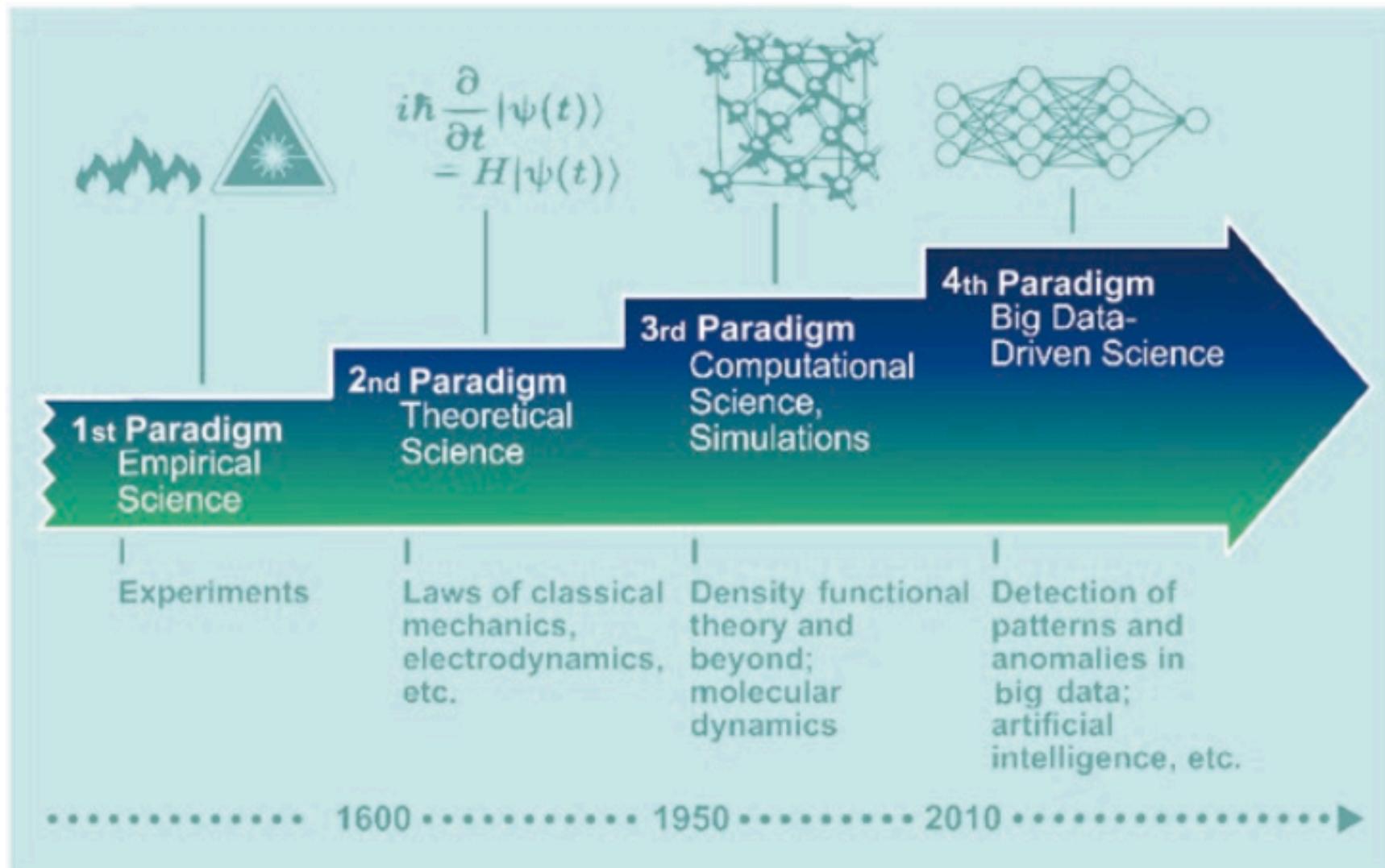
Warwick Centre for
Predictive Modelling

Why Machine Learning is popular now?



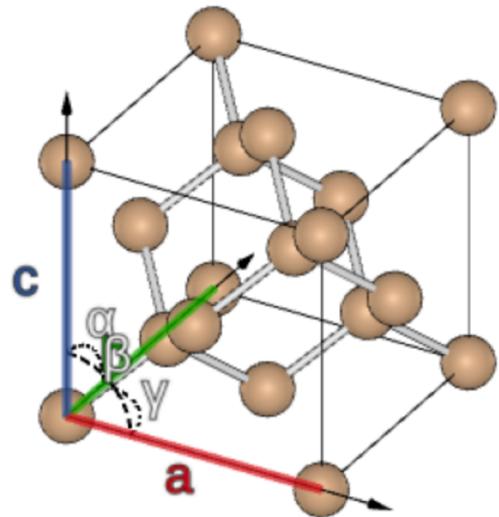
Number of publications per year between 1994 to 2016 (Web of Science)

Paradigms of Material Science and Engineering

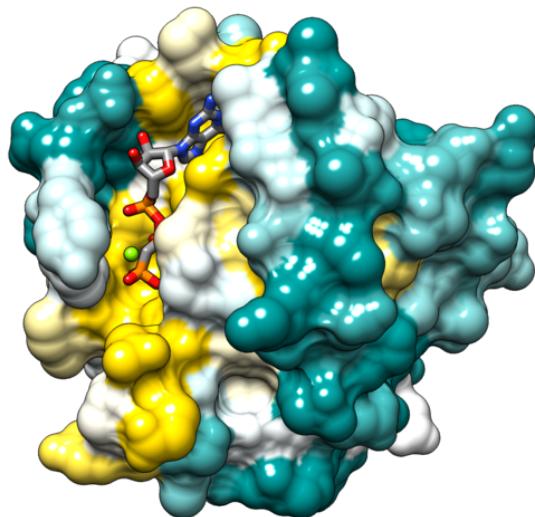


Ref: Claudia Draxl and Matthias Scheffler, “NOMAD: The FAIR concept for big data-driven materials science”, MRS Bulletin, Volume 43, (2018) 676-682.

Big-Data Analytics in Material Science and Engineering



Si Diamond Crystal



HRAS Protein (~7000 Atoms) Ref: Wikipedia / PDB



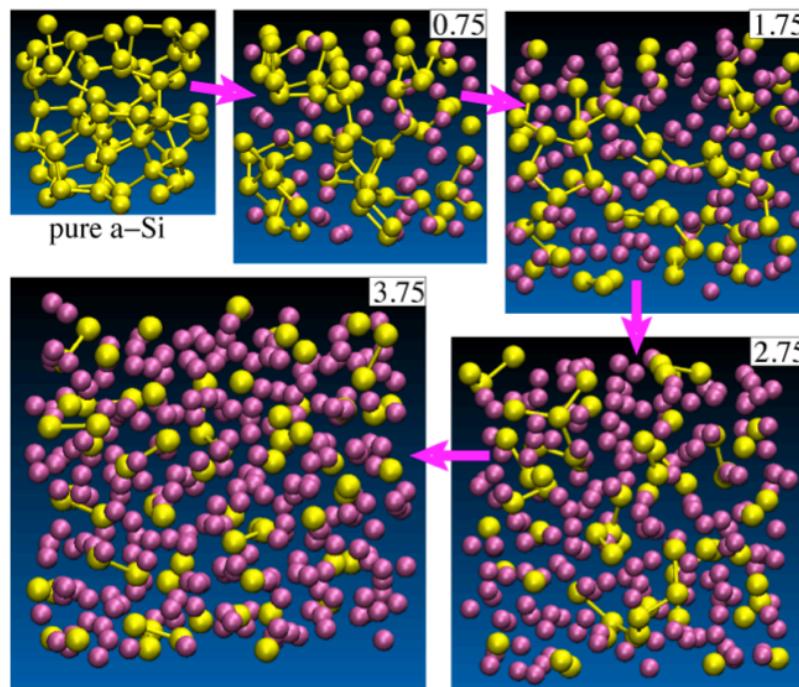
Electronic or Structural Properties:

Energies
Forces

Atomic Charges
Magnetization
Band Structure
Band Gap
Density of States
...

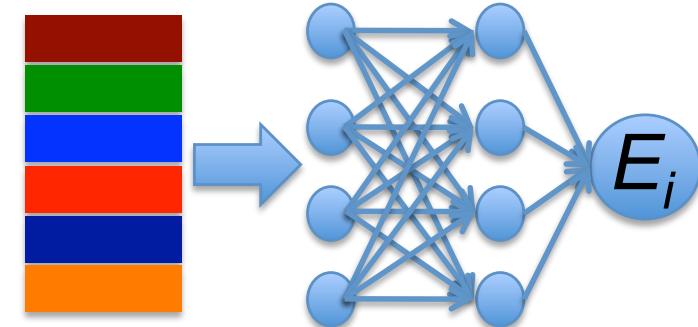
Representation of Potential Energy Surface of Li-Si

Lithiation of Amorphous Si



**19000 Structures
SIESTA calculations**

Implanted Neural Networks



Representation

Prediction

Ref: Berk Onat, Ekin D. Cubuk, Brad D. Malone, and Efthimios Kaxiras,
PRB 97, 094106 (2018)

Novel Materials Discovery (NOMAD) Lab

The screenshot shows the homepage of the NOMAD Laboratory website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for PROJECT, INDUSTRY, TEAM, RELATED PROJECTS, NEWS, PRESS KIT, and CONTACT US. On the right side of the navigation bar is a search bar with the placeholder "Enter Search..." and a magnifying glass icon. Below the navigation bar is a horizontal menu bar with seven colored boxes, each containing an icon and a label: NOMAD REPOSITORY (purple), THE ARCHIVE (teal), ENCYCLOPEDIA (orange), BIG-DATA ANALYTICS (green), ADVANCED GRAPHICS (yellow), HPC INFRASTRUCTURE (blue), and OUTREACH (maroon). To the left of the main content area, there is a sidebar with several text snippets and icons. The main content area features a large blue banner with the text "BIG-DATA ANALYTICS", "MATERIALS ENCYCLOPEDIA", "NOMAD DATABASE", "HPC EXPERTISE & HARDWARE", and "ADVANCED GRAPHICS". To the right of the banner, there is a section titled "The NOMAD Laboratory A European Centre of Excellence" with a sub-section titled "NOMAD Success Stories" featuring two images related to big-data analysis in materials science.

The Novel Materials Discovery (NOMAD) Laboratory maintains the largest Repository, for input and output files of all important to advance

To learn more YouTube (c)

NOMAD

Data is a

Surprisingly reason bei Clearly, mu results.

This is the ... more

BIG-DATA ANALYTICS

MATERIALS ENCYCLOPEDIA

NOMAD DATABASE

HPC EXPERTISE & HARDWARE

ADVANCED GRAPHICS

The NOMAD Laboratory
A European Centre of Excellence

Enter Search...

NOMAD REPOSITORY

THE ARCHIVE

ENCYCLOPEDIA

BIG-DATA ANALYTICS

ADVANCED GRAPHICS

HPC INFRASTRUCTURE

OUTREACH

NOMAD Success Stories

Finding local patterns and struc in big-data of materials-science remains a challenge

Other useful availability

Up to find the activation

New data mining tools must be dev to help uncover hidden relations in materials-science data

<http://www.nomad-coe.eu>

Novel Materials Discovery (NOMAD) Lab

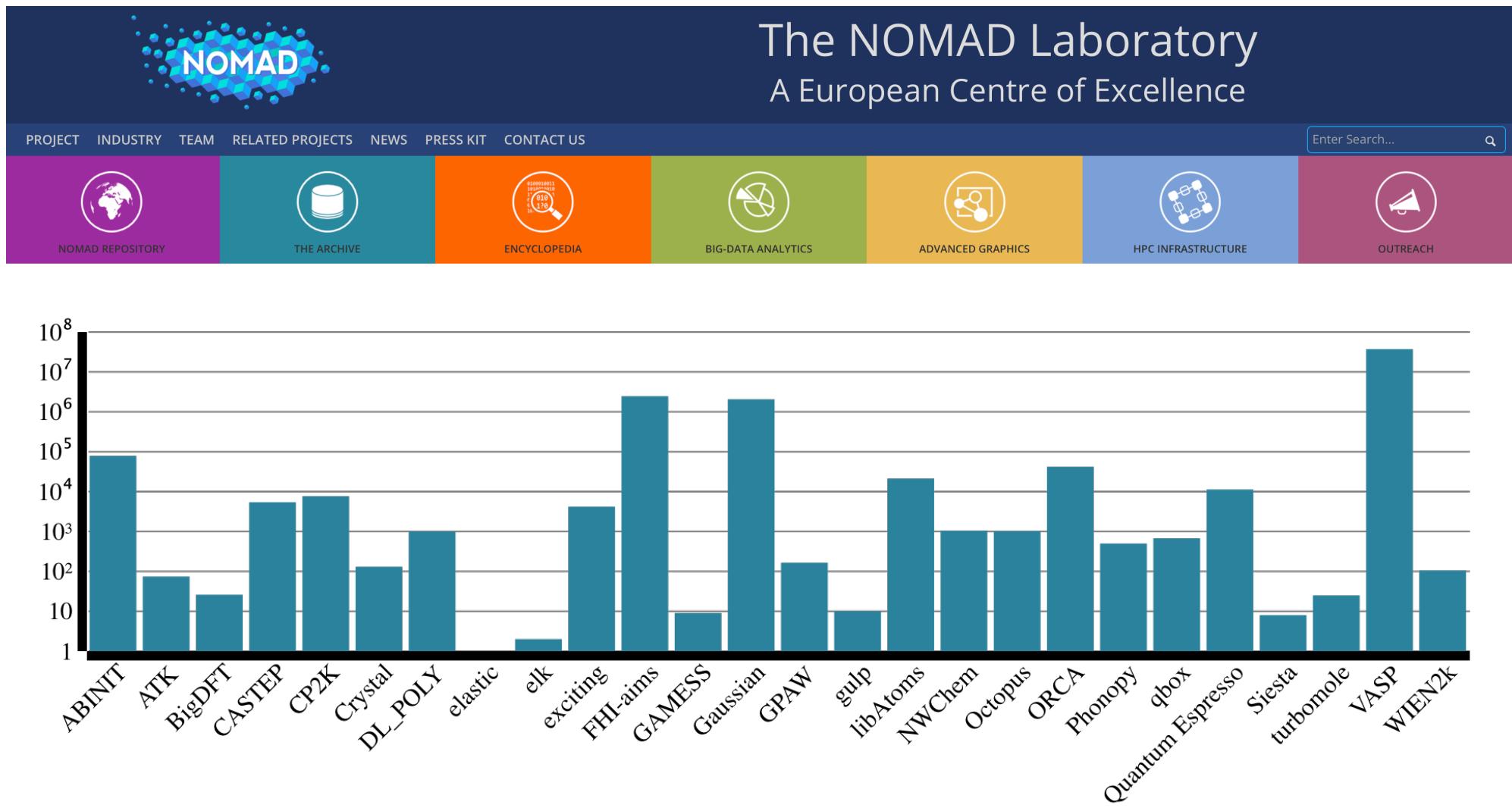
The screenshot shows the official website for The NOMAD Laboratory, a European Centre of Excellence. The header features the NOMAD logo with a blue crystalline background. Below the logo are navigation links: PROJECT, INDUSTRY, TEAM, RELATED PROJECTS, NEWS, PRESS KIT, and CONTACT US. A search bar with placeholder text "Enter Search..." and a magnifying glass icon is also present. The main content area displays a table of metrics with corresponding icons. The table has two columns: "Metric" and "Value". The metrics listed are Total Energy Calculations, Different Geometries, Bulk Crystals, Surfaces, Molecules/Clusters, and Band Structures.

Metric	Value
Total Energy Calculations	50,236,539
Different Geometries	37,376,432
Bulk Crystals	44,993,132
Surfaces	276,704
Molecules/Clusters	4,605,378
Band Structures	1,936,325

NOMAD Archive as of ***March 2018***.

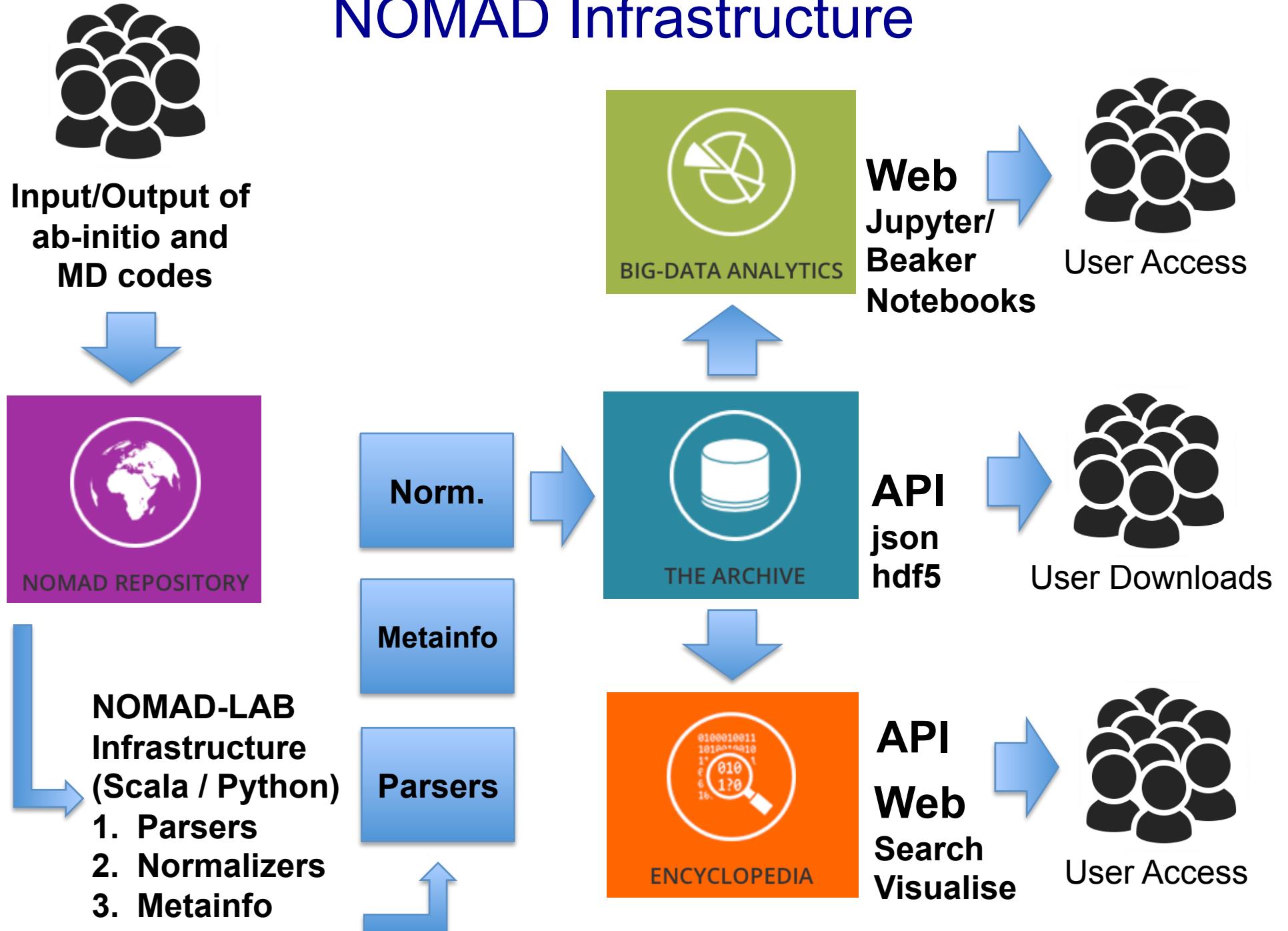
<http://www.nomad-coe.eu>

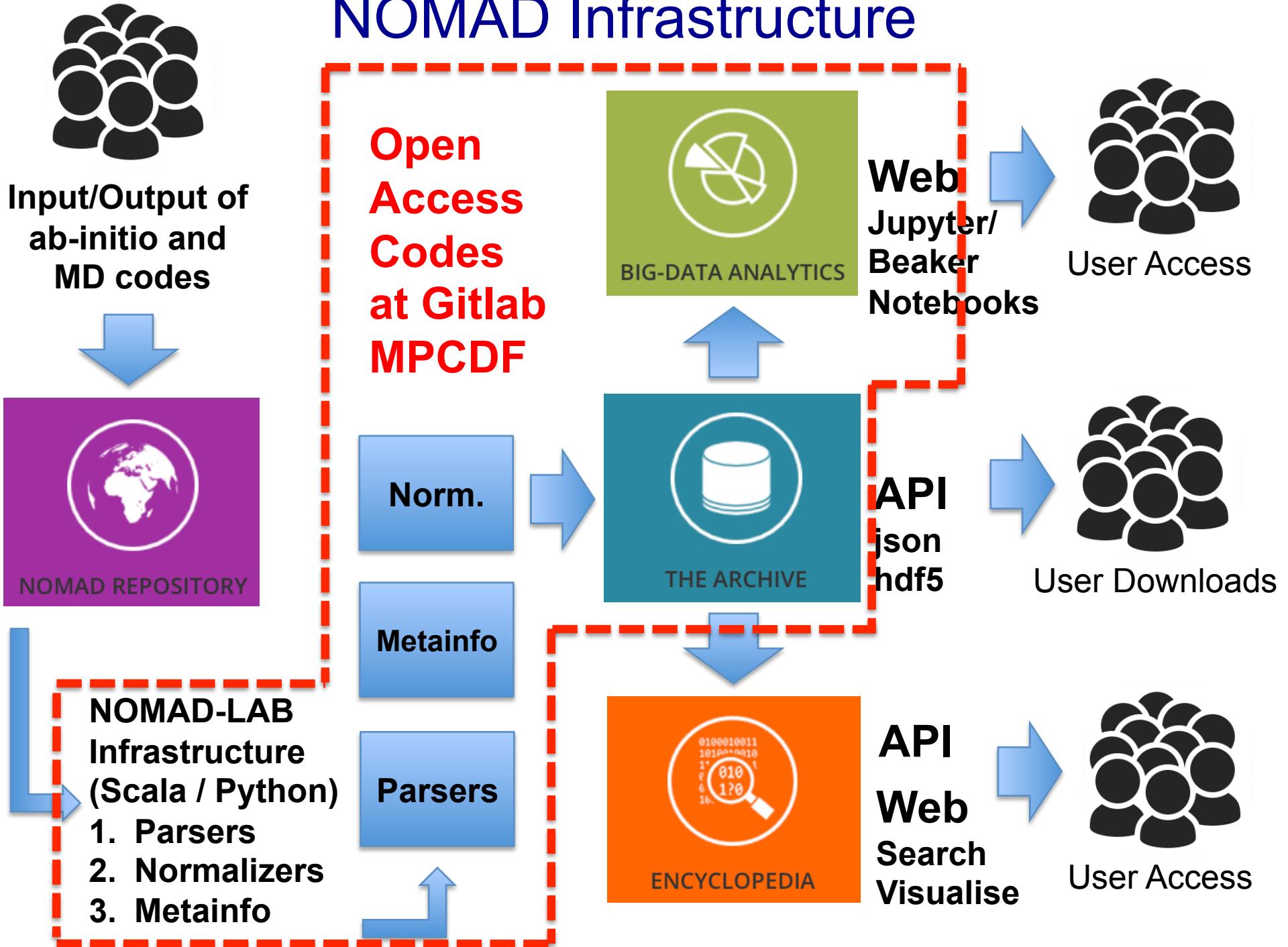
Novel Materials Discovery (NOMAD) Lab



Codes with more than 100 uploads to NOMAD Archive as of **March 2018**.

NOMAD Infrastructure





NOMAD Parsers

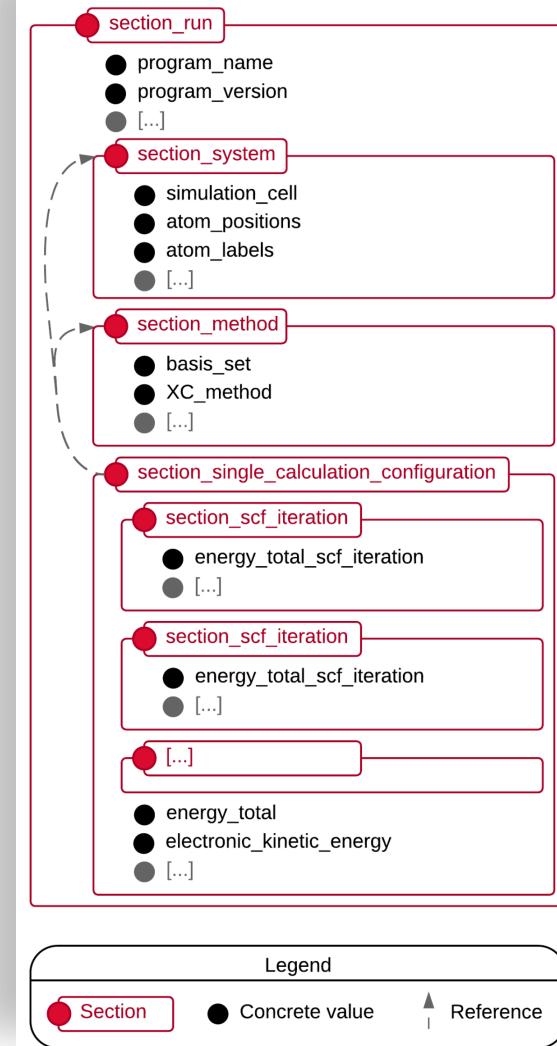
Most cited 15 codes:

Code	Citations (2013-17)	Type	Search Name
Gaussian	19100	DFT	Frisch
VASP	17900	DFT	Kresse
Gromacs	11200	FF	Lindahl
LAMMPS	10300	FF	Plimpton
Amber	9440	FF	Kollman
NAMD	7110	FF	Schulten
GROMOS	7080	FF	Van Gunsteren
Quantum Espresso	6960	DFT	Giannozzi
ASE/ASAP	6650	FF	Jacobsen
CHARMM	6250	FF	Karplus
Discovery Studio	6240	DFT, FF	Accelyrs
GAMESS	5780	DFT	Gordon
WIEN2k	5570	DFT	Blaha
CASTEP	5330	DFT	Payne
Molpro	4440	DFT	Werner

Parser codes developed in our group.

Parsers from other groups in NOMAD.

Standard Metadata

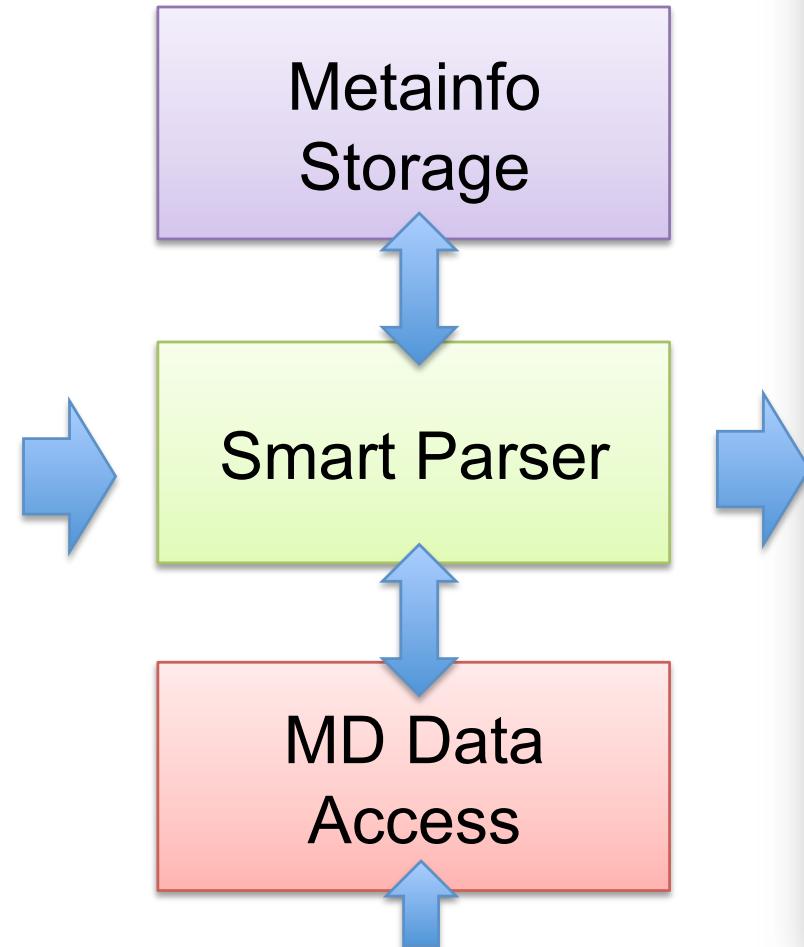


Ref: L.M. Ghiringhelli, C. Carbogno, S. Levchenko, F. Mohamed, G. Huhs, M. Lueders, M. Oliveira, M. Scheffler, arXiv:1607.04738

Metainfo for MD Codes

<https://gitlab.mpcdf.mpg.de/nomad-lab/python-common>
<https://gitlab.mpcdf.mpg.de/nomad-lab/pymolfile>

Amber
CHARMM
Gromacs
GROMOS
NAMD
Tinker

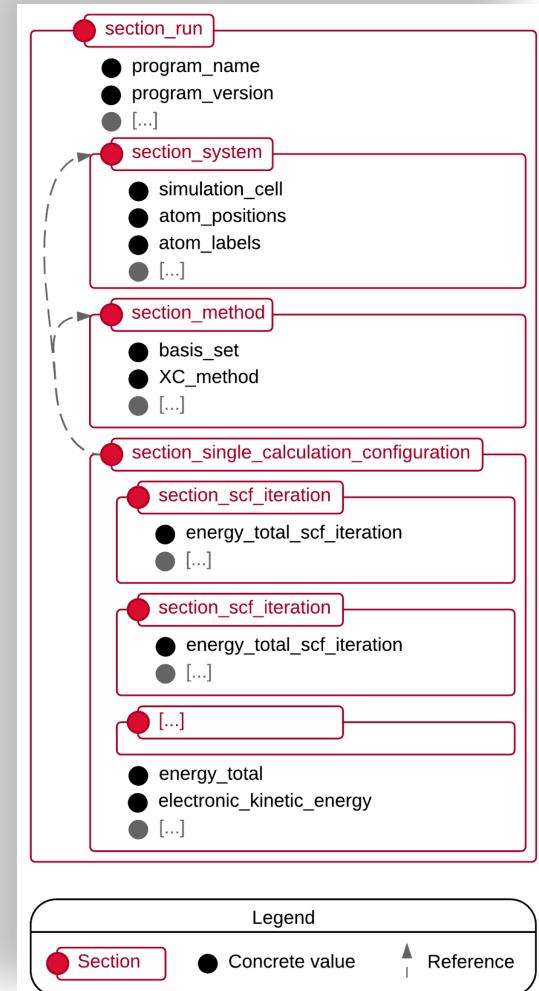


Supports **128**

Topology/Trajectory : **GROMOSTopo**, **CHARMM_Reader**,
Formats **Pymolfile (VMD plugins)**

ASE, **Mdtraj**, **MdAnalysis**, **ParmEd**,

GROMOSTopo, **CHARMM_Reader**,
Pymolfile (VMD plugins)



NOMAD Encyclopedia

Introduction to NOMAD Encyclopedia

The NOMAD Laboratory



NOMAD Encyclopedia

If your material should not contain other elements, activate “Exclusive search”.

Once all your search criteria are added, execute your search by clicking on the search button.

Element

Formula/Material

Properties

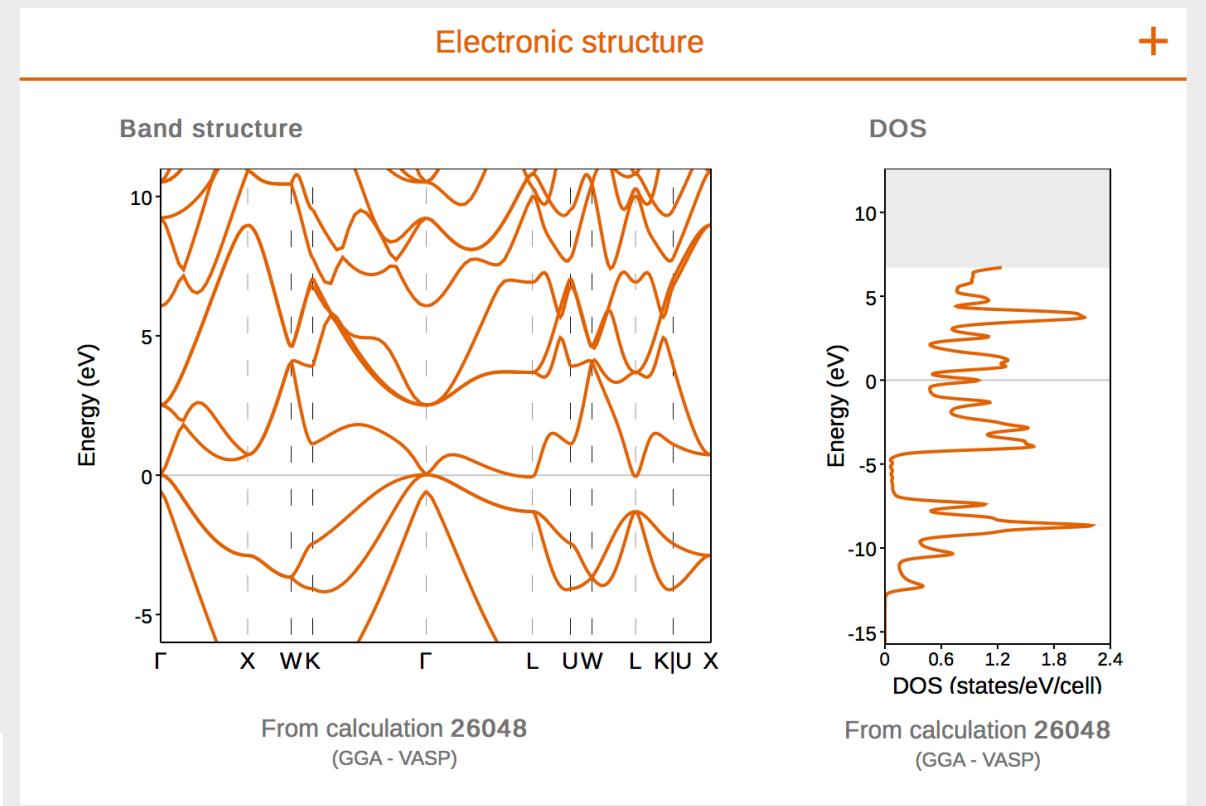
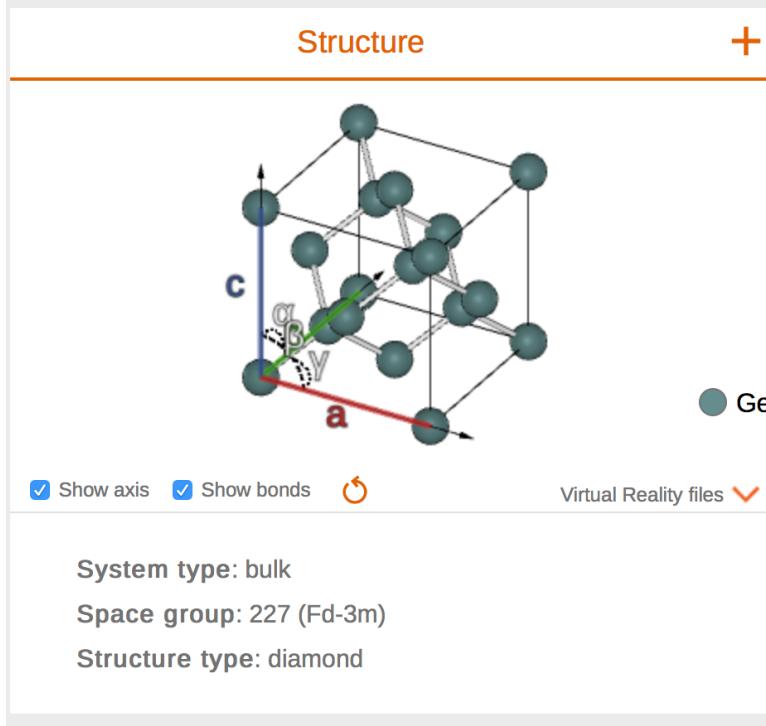
H 1																					He 2
Li 3	Be 4															B 5	C 6	N 7	O 8	F 9	Ne 10
Na 11	Mg 12															Al 13	Si 14	P 15	S 16	Cl 17	Ar 18
K 19	Ca 20	Sc 21	Ti 22	V 23	Cr 24	Mn 25	Fe 26	Co 27	Ni 28	Cu 29	Zn 30	Ga 31	Ge 32	As 33	Se 34	Br 35					Kr 36
Rb 37	Sr 38	Y 39	Zr 40	Nb 41	Mo 42	Tc 43	Ru 44	Rh 45	Pd 46	Ag 47	Cd 48	In 49	Sn 50	Sb 51	Te 52	I 53					Xe 54
Cs 55	Ba 56		Hf 72	Ta 73	W 74	Re 75	Os 76	Ir 77	Pt 78	Au 79	Hg 80	Tl 81	Pb 82	Bi 83	Po 84	At 85					Rn 86
Fr 87	Ra 88		Rf 104	Ha 105	Sg 106	Ns 107	Hs 108	Mt 109	Ds 110	Rg 111	Cn 112	Nh 113	Fl 114	Mc 115	Lv 116	Ts 117					Og 118

La 57	Ce 58	Pr 59	Nd 60	Pm 61	Sm 62	Eu 63	Gd 64	Tb 65	Dy 66	Ho 67	Er 68	Tm 69	Yb 70	Lu 71
Ac 89	Th 90	Pa 91	U 92	Np 93	Pu 94	Am 95	Cm 96	Bk 97	Cf 98	Es 99	Fm 100	Md 101	No 102	Lr 103

Alkali metals	Alkaline earth metals	Transition metals	Post-transition metals	Metalloids
Other nonmetals	Halogens	Noble gases	Lanthanoids	Actinoids

NOMAD Encyclopedia

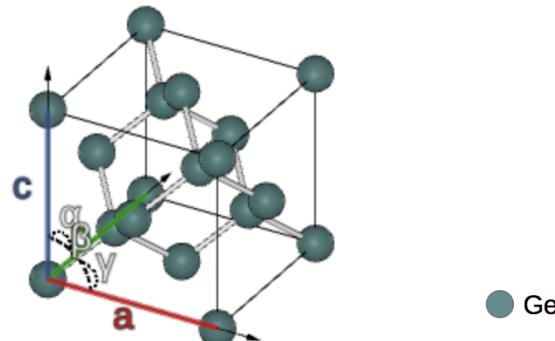
Ge - space group 227



NOMAD Encyclopedia

Ge - space group 227

Structure



Show axis Show bonds

Virtual Reality files

System type: bulk

Space group: 227 (Fd-3m)

Structure type: diamond

Methodology

Available calculations

Functional

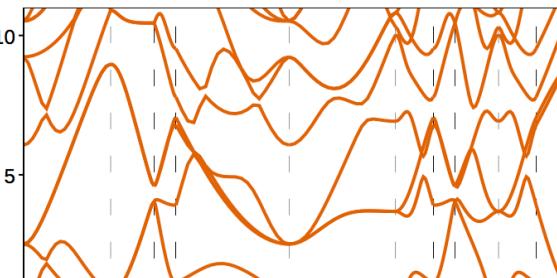
431 LDA
518 GGA

Code

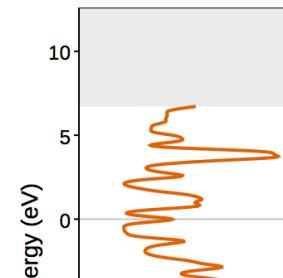
620 FHI-aims
230 VASP
78 GPAW
21 exciting

Electronic structure

Band structure

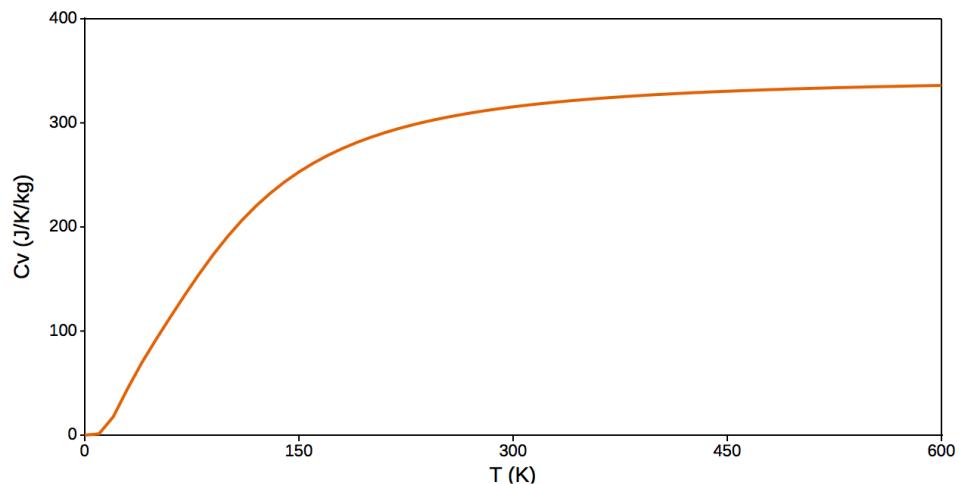


DOS



Vibrational and thermal properties

Specific heat



NOMAD Big-Data Analytics & Query



The NOMAD Laboratory
A European Centre of Excellence

PROJECT INDUSTRY TEAM RELATED PROJECTS NEWS PRESS KIT CONTACT US

INTRODUCTION TO BIG-DATA ANALYTICS ANALYTICS TOOLKIT FORUM ANALYTICS TOOLKIT LOGIN DASHBOARD TERMS

BIG-DATA ANALYTICS

We develop and implement methods that identify correlations and structure in big data of materials. This will enable scientists and engineers to decide which materials are useful for specific applications or which new materials should be the focus of future studies.

Despite the huge number of possible materials (e.g. GaAs, Al₂O₃, etc.), we note that "the chemical compound space" is sparsely populated when the focus is on selected properties or functions (e.g. structure: rock salt vs. zinkblende, electrical conductivity, etc.). NOMAD offers big-data analytics tools that will help to sort all of the available materials data to identify trends and anomalies. For more information click the "INTRODUCTION TO" button above.

Learn about the results
of the NOMAD competition

The following tutorials are designed to get started with the Analytics Toolkit (click title to show/hide details of the selected tutorial):

Archive Query

[Querying and visualizing the content of the NOMAD Archive](#)

Atomic properties

[A periodic table of elements for atomic data collections](#)

Crystal structure prediction

[On-the-fly data analysis for the NOMAD Archive](#)

[Predicting energy differences between crystal structures](#)

[Tutorial on compressed sensing for materials property prediction](#)

[Discovering simple descriptors for crystal-structure classification](#)

Filter:

show featured only

Author:

Method:

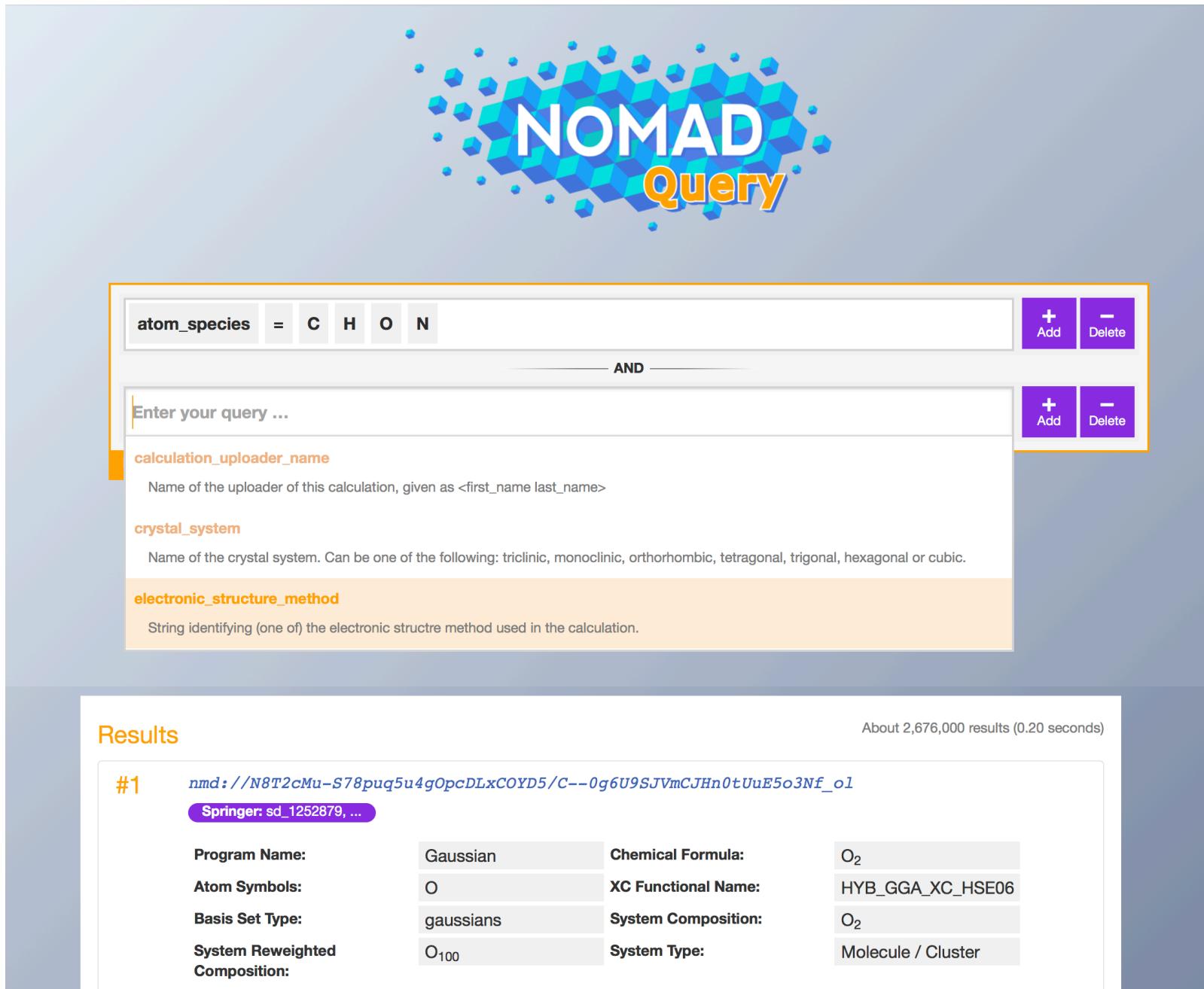
Keywords:

text filter:

[reset filter](#)

Results according to filter: 16

NOMAD Big-Data Archive and Query

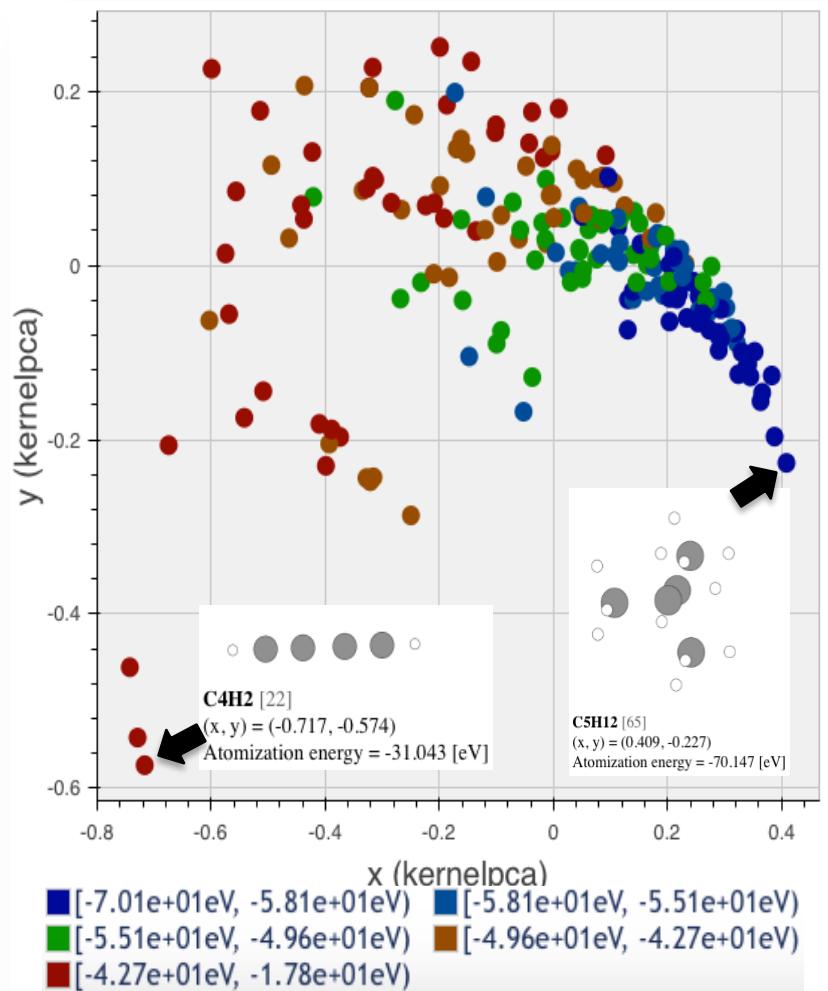


The screenshot shows the NOMAD Query interface. At the top, there is a logo consisting of blue and teal 3D hexagonal blocks forming a cloud-like shape, with the word "NOMAD" in white and "Query" in orange. Below the logo is a search bar with the text "atom_species = C H O N". To the right of the search bar are two purple buttons: a plus sign labeled "Add" and a minus sign labeled "Delete". A horizontal line with the word "AND" follows. Below this, there is a text input field with the placeholder "Enter your query ...". To its right are two more purple "Add" and "Delete" buttons. Underneath the input field are several filter sections: "calculation_uploader_name" (described as the name of the uploader), "crystal_system" (described as the crystal system), and "electronic_structure_method" (described as the electronic structure method). At the bottom, the results section is titled "Results" and shows a single result entry. The entry includes the identifier "#1" and a URL "nmd://N8T2cMu-S78puq5u4g0pcDLxCOYD5/C--0g6U9SJVmCJHn0tUuE5o3Nf_o1". Below the URL is a purple button labeled "Springer: sd_1252879, ...". The result details are presented in a table:

Program Name:	Gaussian	Chemical Formula:	O ₂
Atom Symbols:	O	XC Functional Name:	HYB_GGA_XC_HSE06
Basis Set Type:	gaussians	System Composition:	O ₂
System Reweighted Composition:	O ₁₀₀	System Type:	Molecule / Cluster

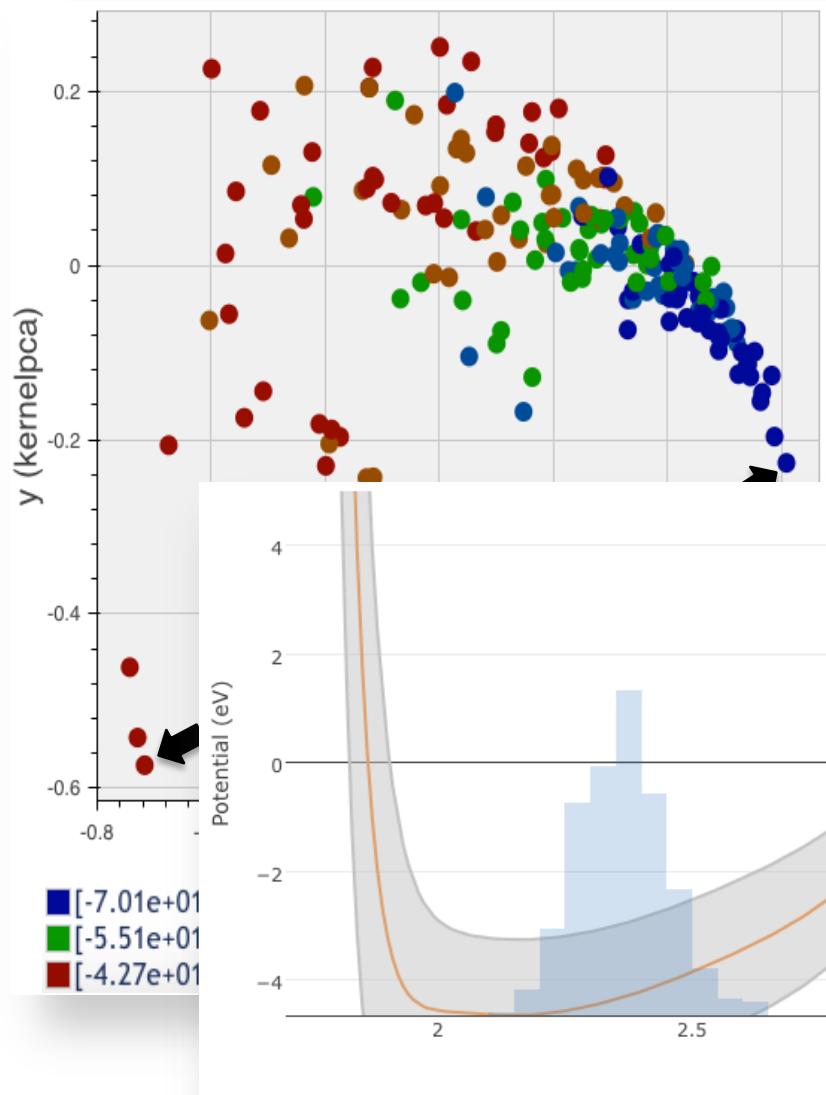
Text at the top right of the results section says "About 2,676,000 results (0.20 seconds)".

Similarity Map with SOAP Representation



[1] C. Poelking, A. Ziletti, L. Ghiringhelli, and G. Csányi, NOMAD. S. De, A. Bartók, G. Csányi, and M. Ceriotti, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. (2016)

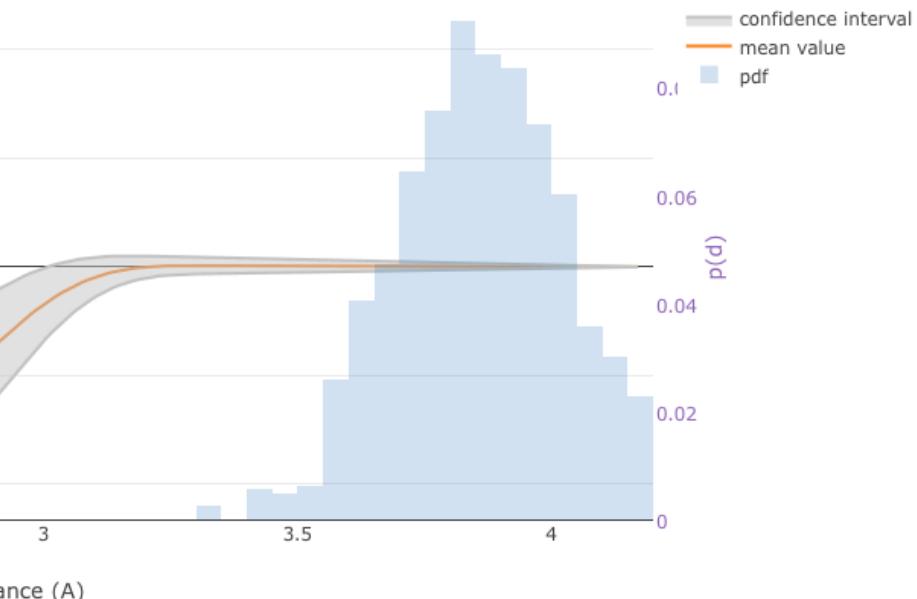
Similarity Map with SOAP Representation



[1] C. Poelking, A. Ziletti, L. Ghiringhelli, and G. Csányi, NOMAD. S. De, A. Bartók, G. Csányi, and M. Ceriotti, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. (2016)

[2] Ádám Fekete, Aldo Glielmo, Martina Stella, and Alessandro De Vita, NOMAD Big-Data Analytics

Pair-Potential Predictor for Si



Classification of Representations

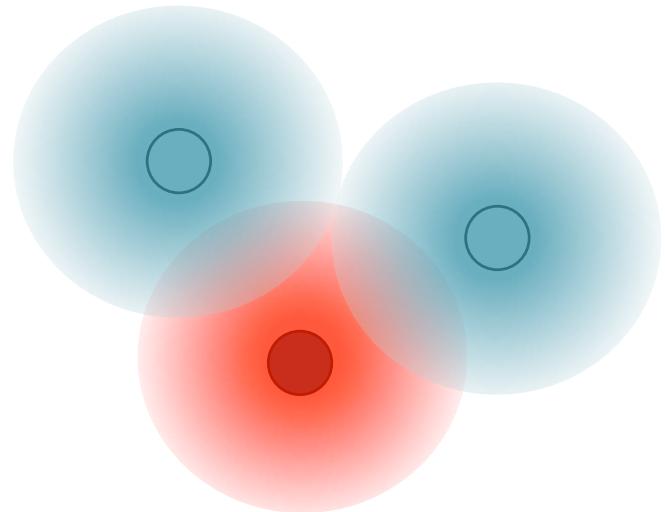
Atomic neighbor density		Histogram		Connectivity (Graphs)		Physical Property
Symmetry Adapted		Direct	Direct		Direct	
Kernel/ Power expansion	Functions/ Filters	Expansion/Tensor	Structure	Electronic	Static Builds	Hierarchical Builds
SOAP	Sym. Funcs, Chebyshev expansion, AGNI	MBTR	k-bags, Bag of Bonds/ Angles ...	Electronic Band Structure , DOS	n-gram, Graphs, CGCNN , Coulomb Matrix	Building blocks or Ligand/ Residue based Graphs

Ref: Berk Onat, James Kermode (2018) *under preparation*

Smooth Overlap of Atomic Positions (SOAP)

$$\rho_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{X}} \exp\left(-\frac{(\mathbf{x}_i - \mathbf{r})^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

$$\tilde{k}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{X}') = \int d\hat{R} \left| \int \rho_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{r}) \rho_{\mathcal{X}'}(\hat{R}\mathbf{r}) d\mathbf{r} \right|^n$$



Power Expansion:

$$\rho_{\mathcal{X}}(\mathbf{r}) = \sum_{blm} c_{blm} g_b(|\mathbf{r}|) Y_{lm}(\hat{\mathbf{r}})$$

$$p(\mathcal{X})_{b_1 b_2 l} = \pi \sqrt{\frac{8}{2l+1}} \sum_m (c_{b_1 lm})^\dagger c_{b_2 lm}$$

SOAP Kernel:



$$k(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{X}') = \hat{\mathbf{p}}(\mathcal{X}) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{p}}(\mathcal{X}')$$

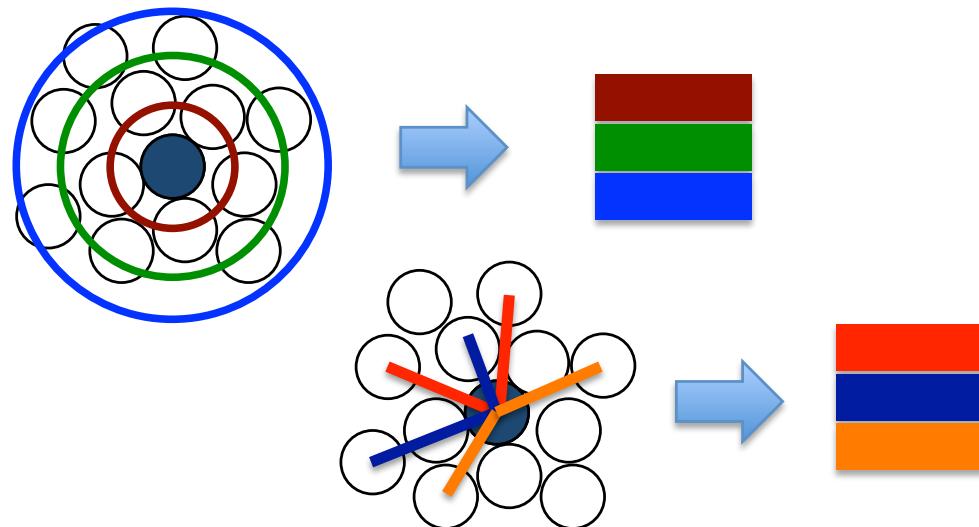
Ref: A. P. Bartok, R. Kondor and G. Csanyi, PRB 87, 184115, (2013)

A. P. Bartok, G. Csanyi, Int. J. Quantum Chemistry 115, 1051–1057, (2015)

Symmetry Functions

Radial Symmetry Functions:

$$G_2^i = \sum_j e^{-\eta(R_{ij}-R_s)^2} \cdot f_c(R_{ij}),$$

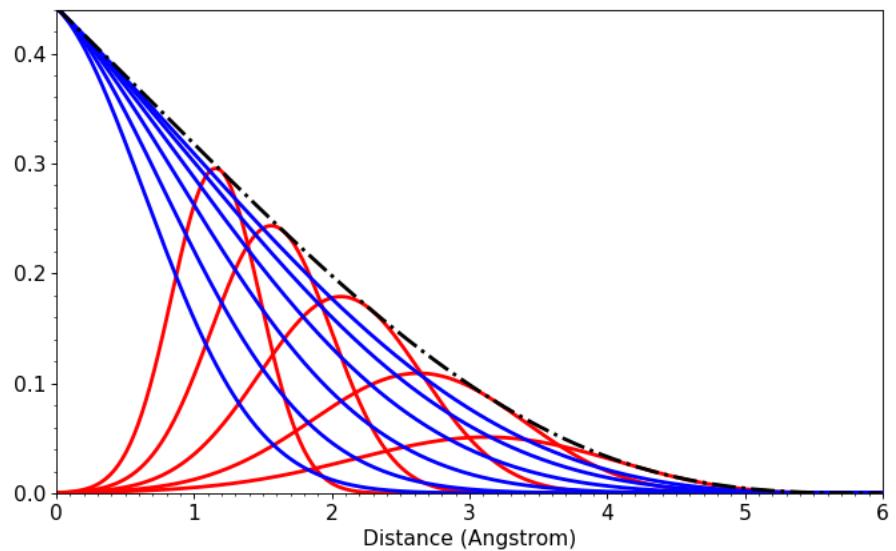


Angular Symmetry Functions:

$$G_3^i = 2^{1-\zeta} \sum_j \sum_{k \neq j} (1 + \lambda \cdot \cos \theta_{ijk})^\zeta \cdot e^{-\eta(R_{ij}^2 + R_{ik}^2 + R_{jk}^2)} \cdot f_c(R_{ij})f_c(R_{ik})f_c(R_{jk}),$$

Cutoff function:

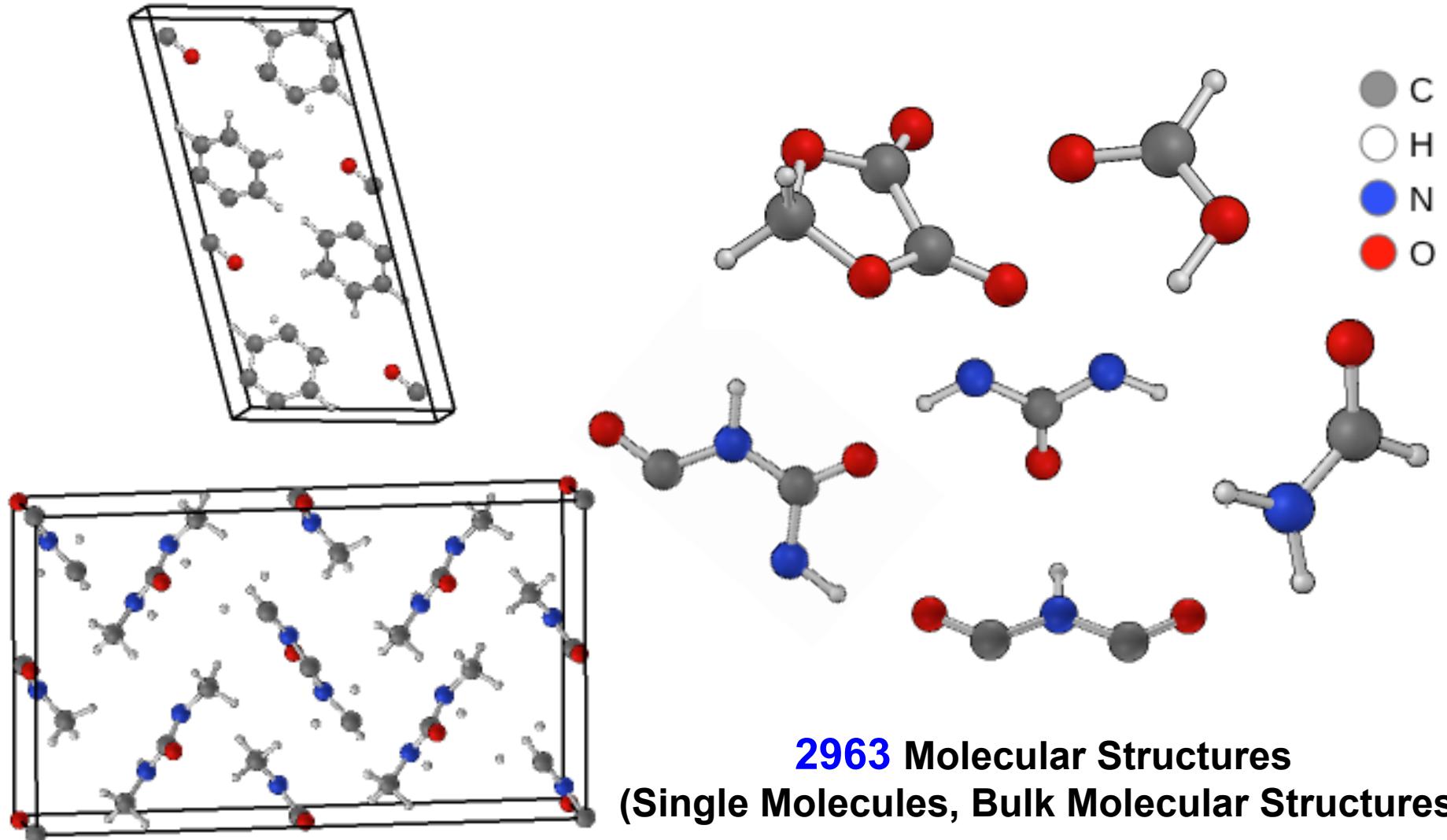
$$f_c(R_{ij}) = \begin{cases} \tanh^3 \left[1 - \frac{R_{ij}}{r_c} \right] & \text{for } R_{ij} \leq r_c \\ 0.0 & \text{for } R_{ij} > r_c \end{cases}$$



Ref: N. Artrith, B. Hiller and J. Behler, Physica Status Solidi B, 250, 1191 (2013)

G. Imbalzano, A. Anelli, D. Giofré, S. Klees, J. Behler, M. Ceriotti, J Chem. Phys 148, 241730 (2018)

Compressibility Tests with CUR and FPS Methods on C,H,N,O Structures



CUR Decomposition

$$\mathbf{X} \approx \tilde{\mathbf{X}} = \mathbf{C} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{R},$$

Selecting Columns of X:

- 1) SVD Decomposition
- 2) Column scoring with right singular vector \mathbf{v}

$$\pi_c = \sum_{j=1}^k (\nu_c^{(j)})^2,$$

- 3) Select \mathbf{c} from k columns (Here we apply CUR[$k=1$])
- 4) Orthogonalize all other columns of \mathbf{X} to \mathbf{c}

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{R} &= \mathbf{X}, \\ \mathbf{U} &= \mathbf{C}^+ \mathbf{X} \mathbf{X}^+, \end{aligned}$$

Error estimation:

$$\epsilon = \|\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{CUR}\|_F / \|\mathbf{X}\|_F$$

Farthest Point Sampling (FPS)

Selecting Columns of X:

- 1) Select first column randomly
- 2) Select N columns according to

$$k = \operatorname{argmax}(\min_j |X_k - X_j|),$$

- 3) Build C matrix using the selected columns

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{R} &= \mathbf{X}, \\ \mathbf{U} &= \mathbf{C}^+ \mathbf{X} \mathbf{X}^+, \end{aligned}$$

Error estimation:

$$\epsilon = \|\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{CUR}\|_F / \|\mathbf{X}\|_F$$



Horizon 2020

NOMAD: Novel Materials Discovery

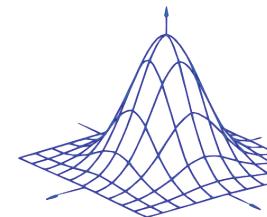
<http://www.nomad-coe.eu>



Dr. Berk Onat
Research Fellow



Dr. James R. Kermode
Associate Professor



WCPM

Warwick Centre of
Predictive Modelling



NOMAD Collaborators



Acknowledgement

This work is supported in part by **NOMAD Project** and **University of Warwick**.

NOMAD project has received funding from the **European Union's Horizon 2020** research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 676580.



Horizon 2020