

Lightweight Technologies Showcase



Premium Vehicle Lightweight Technologies (PVLТ) Advanced Materials Forming July 20th 2011

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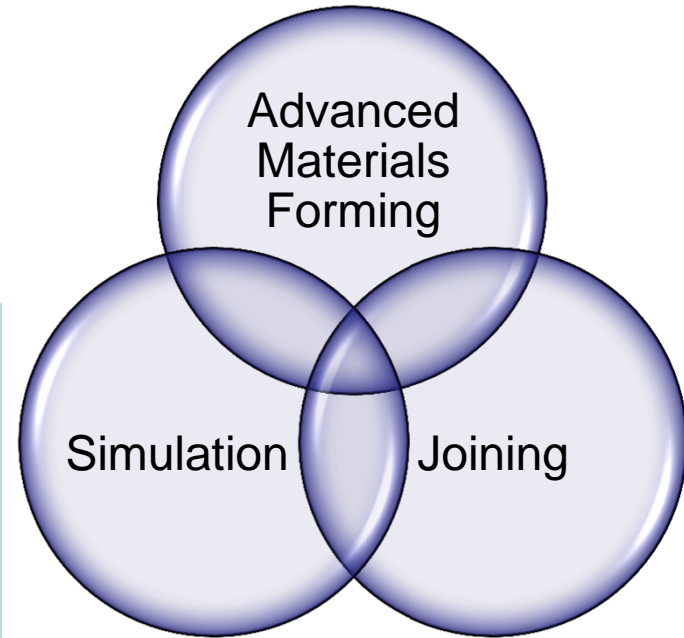
Content

- Overview of Work Area
- Workstream review:
 - Materials Characterisation – skins & structures
 - Sheet Hydroforming
 - Process Design for Optimised Material Utilisation
- Achievements & Conclusions

Premium Vehicle Lightweight Technologies (PVLT)

“To create a Centre that is renowned for its unique combination of collaborative R&D on lightweight materials with innovative simulation tools, forming technology, joining techniques for design, high impact capability and associated manufacturing processes.”

“The strategic aim is to develop the competitiveness of the Body-In-White Cluster by building on the knowledge gained in the PARD Programme and helping to resolve the issues arising from the use of lightweight materials in the premium vehicle sector.”



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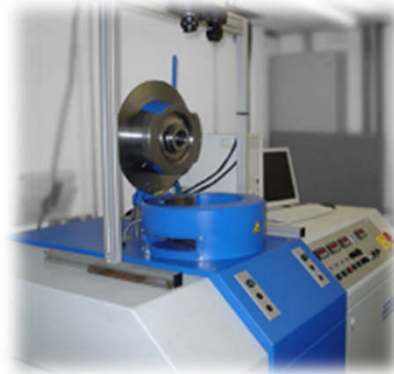


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PVLT – Advanced Materials Forming

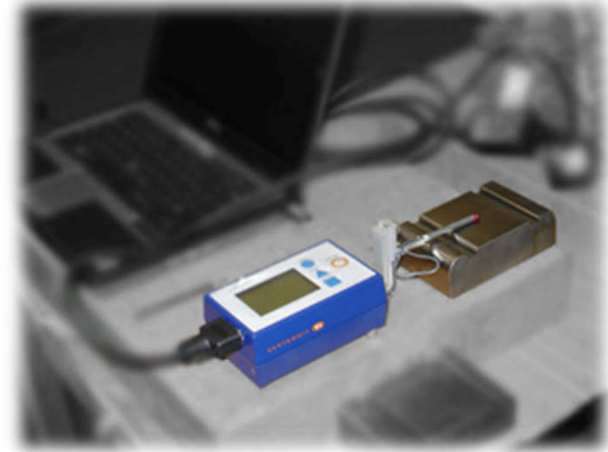
- Materials forming performance and process characterisation for a range of structural and cosmetic body panels
 - Mechanical testing
 - Forming assessments
- Desk top study into the technical and commercial opportunities offered by sheet hydroforming
- Investigation into the process considerations necessary to optimise materials utilisation during sheet metal forming

Facilities Developed - Testing



- Mechanical characterisation
 - Tensile/flexural/compression
 - Static/fatigue/dynamic
- Forming Limit Curves
- U-Profile / springback analysis
- Hole Expansion testing
- Fully instrumented press
- CMM
- Charpy impact tester
- Cross die tooling

Facilities Developed - Analysis



- Metallographic preparation
- Microscopy (optical & electron)
- Electrical conductivity
- (micro)hardness testing
- Surface roughness
- Strain analysis/optical systems



Materials Characterisation - Industrial Context

- JLR needed a means of understanding the performance of new materials so that these alloys could be assessed for their formability, given that no bespoke facility existed in the UK at that time.
- BIW guild needed to understand the processing characteristics in advance of production and pre-production expectation.

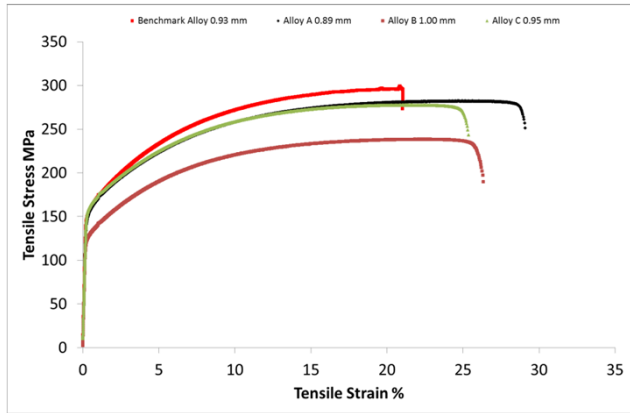
Objective

- Develop a portfolio of tests that will assist the partners (JLR & BIW guild) in understanding the forming characteristics of new aluminium alloys and steel grades and generate recommendations for future design and manufacturing processes.

Mechanical characterisation

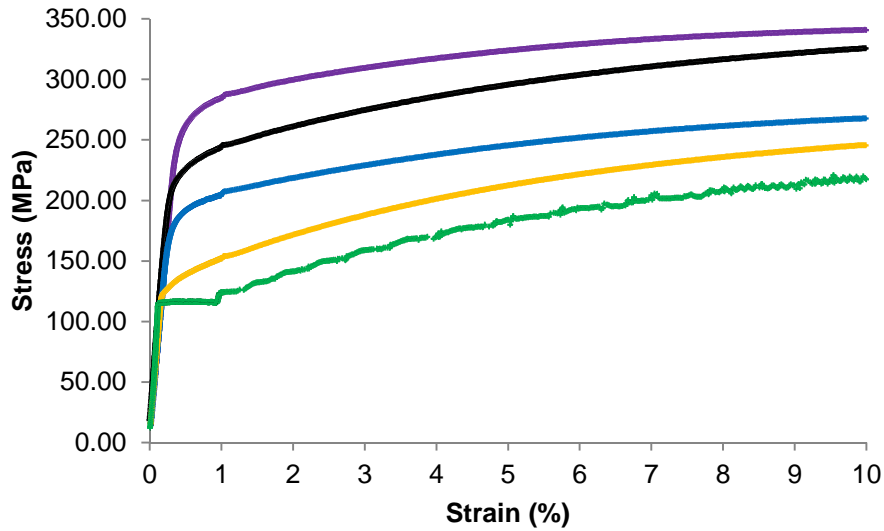
- Tensile testing
- Forming limit curves
- Springback characterisation
- Hole expansion tests
- Associated tests
 - Cross die assessment
 - Erichsen Cupping tests
 - Optical and SEM microscopy

Characterisation of Aluminium alloys

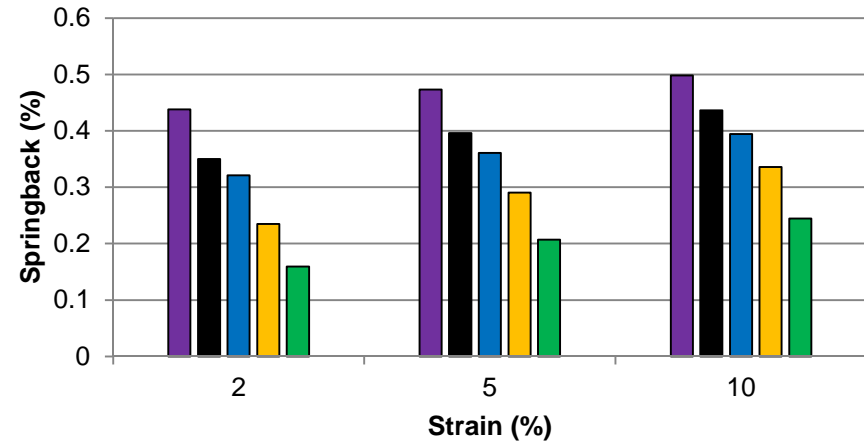


- The benchmark alloy shows high UTS
- Alloy A shows higher elongation for failure
- Alloy B has the lowest 0.2% proof and UTS
- The higher the Proof Stress, the higher the resulting springback for the same gauge

Tensile Data

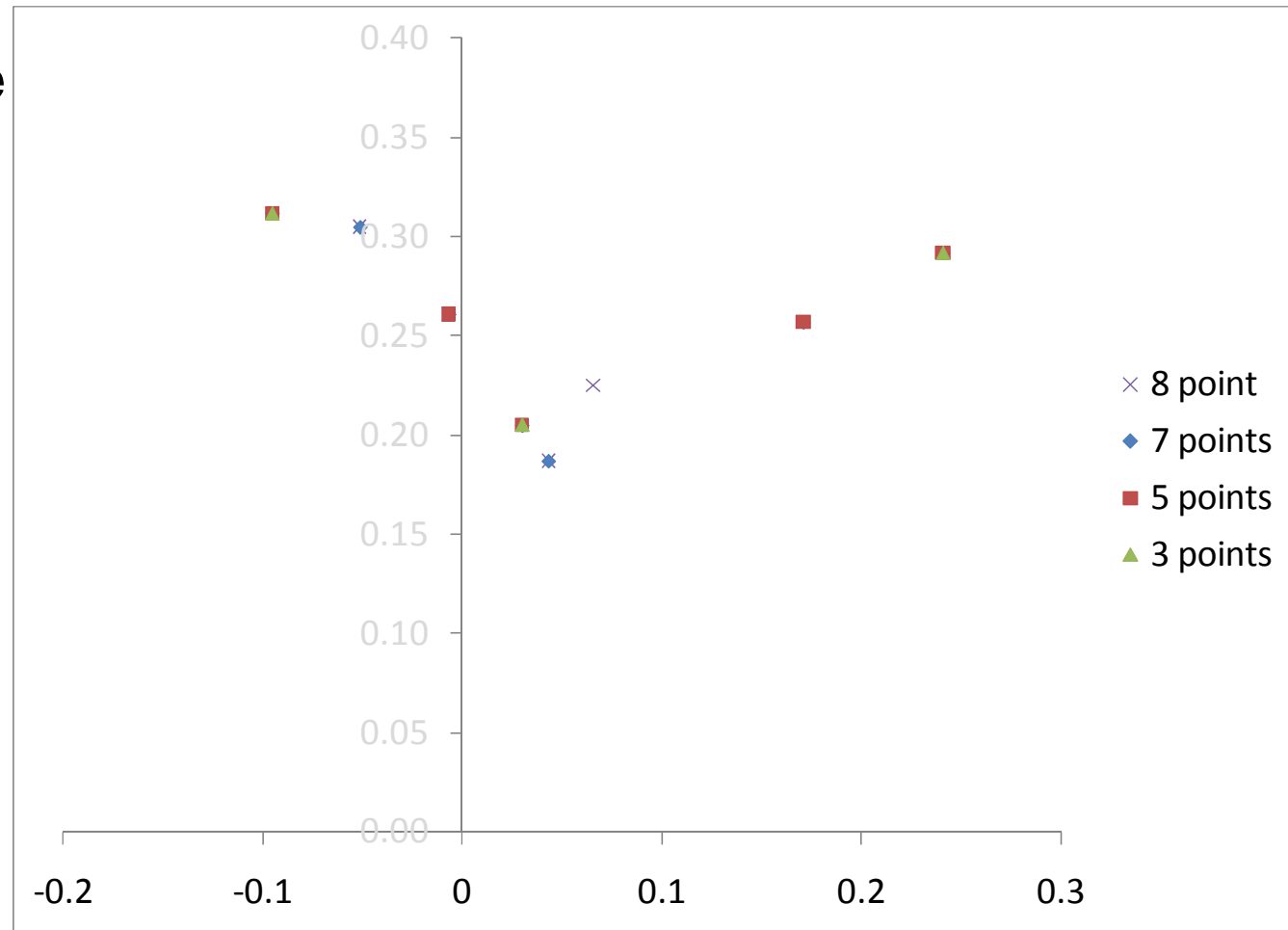


Springback Indication from Tensile Data



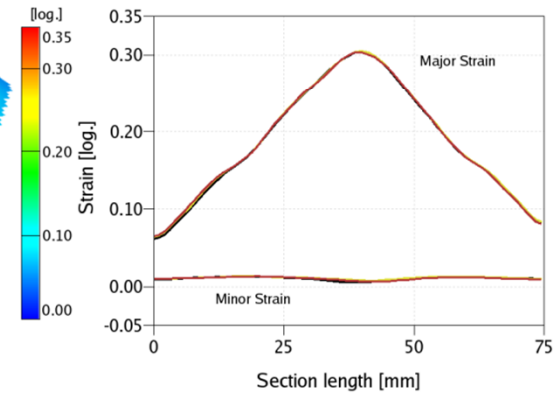
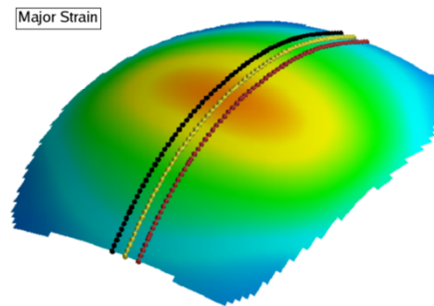
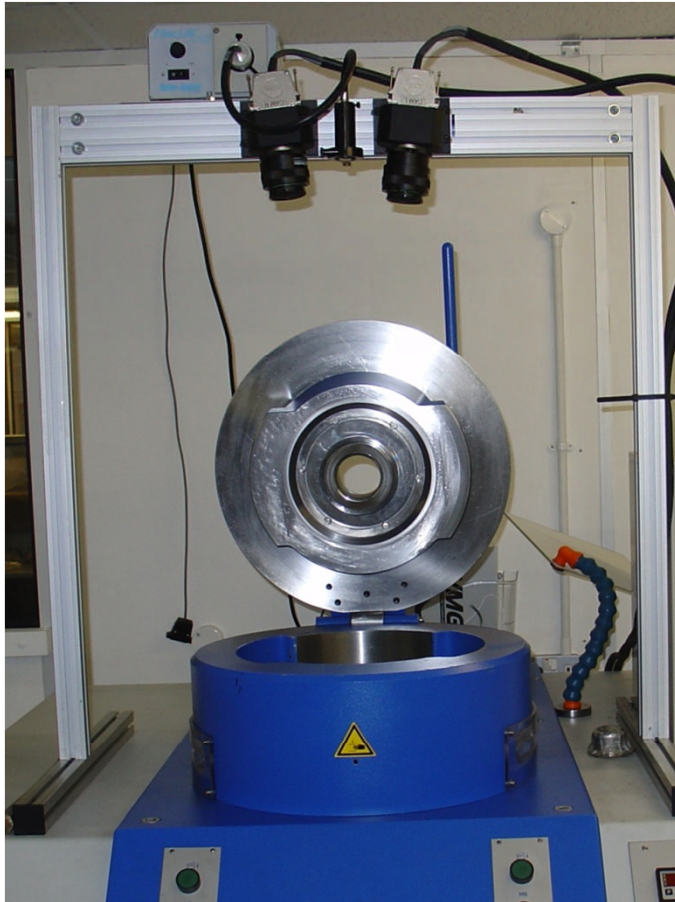
Procedures – FLCs

- Critical to define plane strain position, and associated geometry.
- Want to avoid testing too many different geometries due to large amounts of material that would be required, and time to process results.



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Forming Limit Curve Determination



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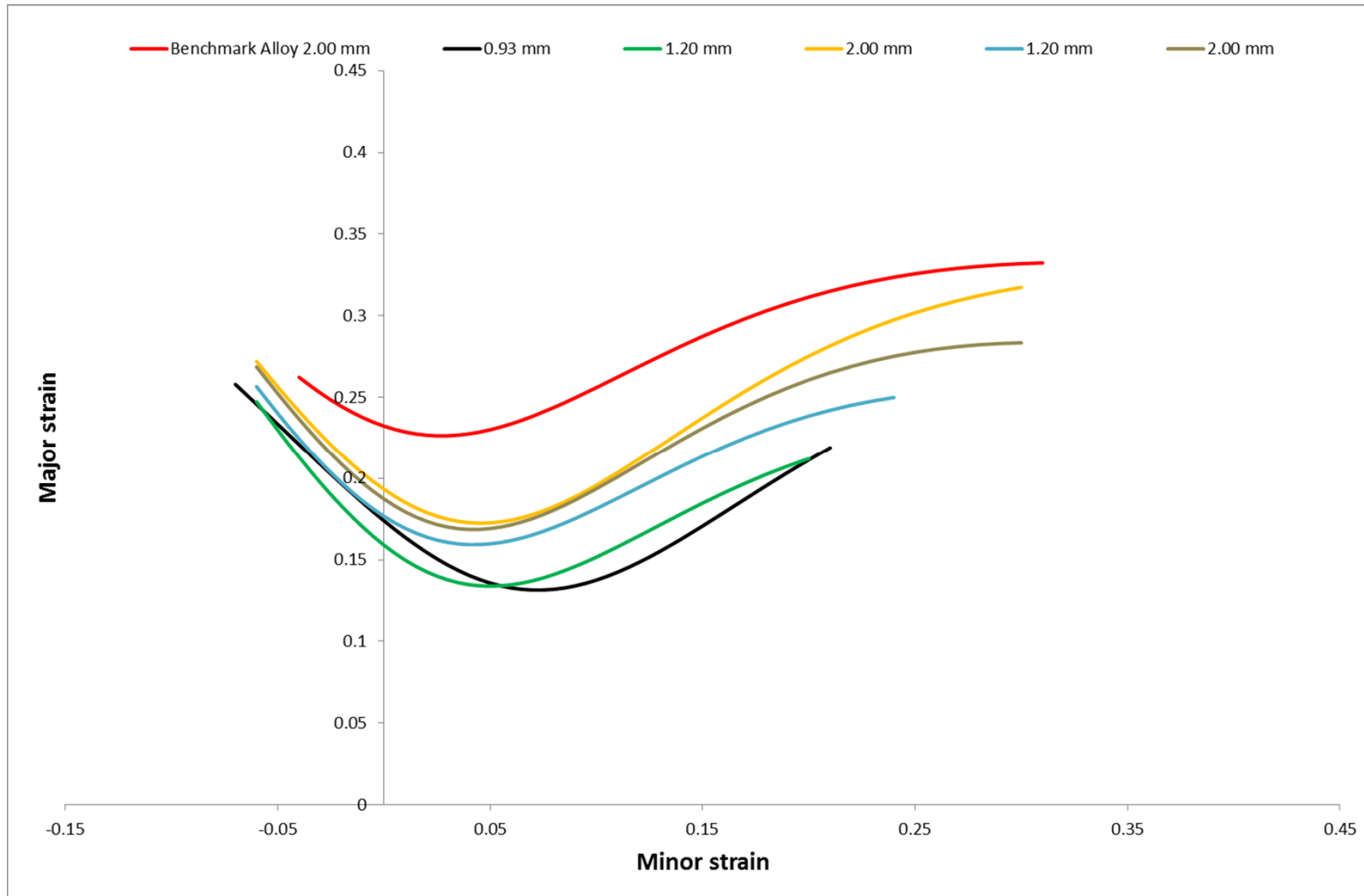


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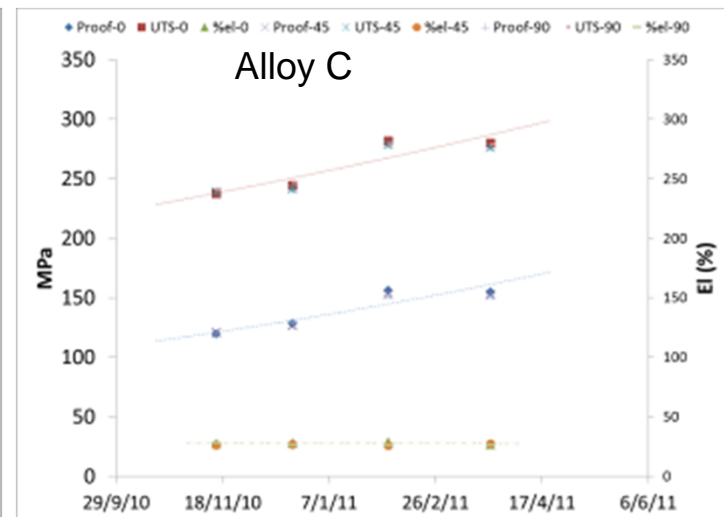
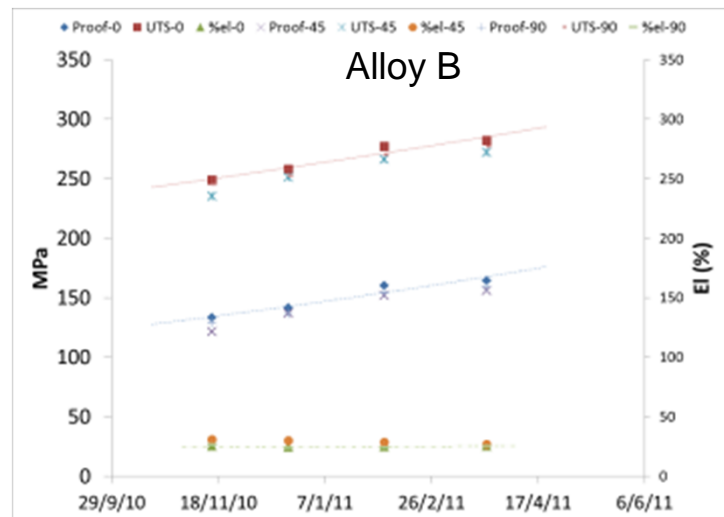
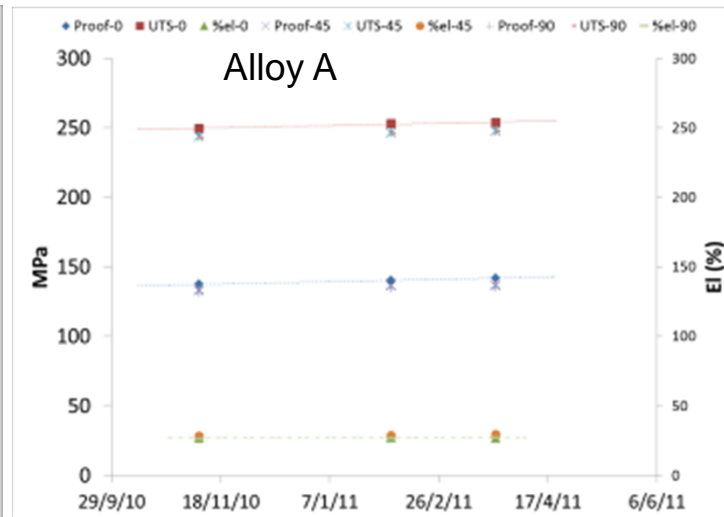
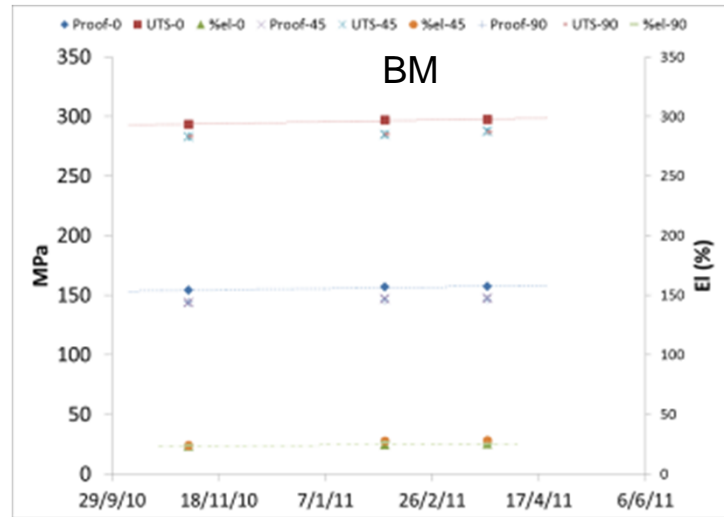
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FLC - Examples



Skin Alloys – Natural Ageing



Indicates importance of validating materials properties at time of characterisation (e.g. When conducting U-Profile tests on different days and/or locations)

Springback Studies

U-Channel Tool



Parameters

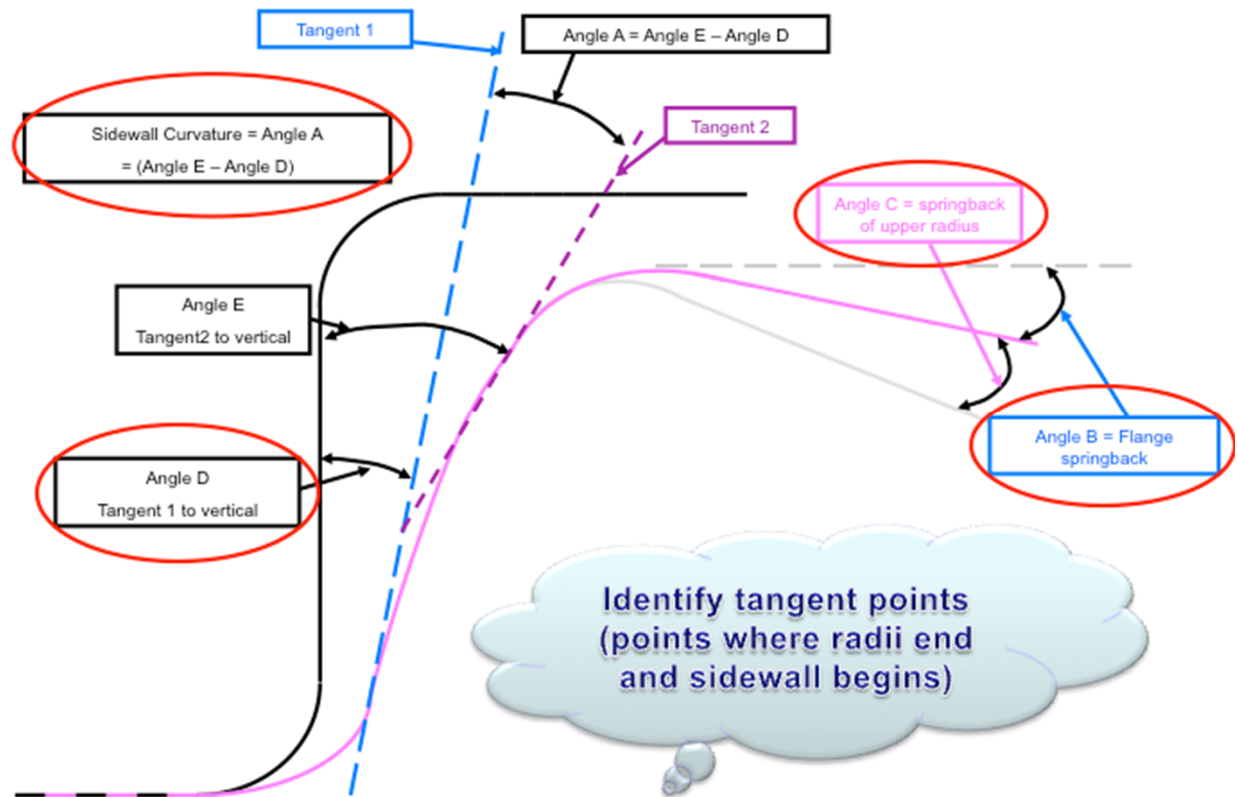
- Draw depths
 - 50 & 75 mm
- Die Radii
 - 8 & 12 mm
- Punch Radius
 - 12 mm
- Drawbead
 - 1 mm

Nominal Punch Die
clearance: 10% of
sheet thickness

5 samples/condition
for repeatability

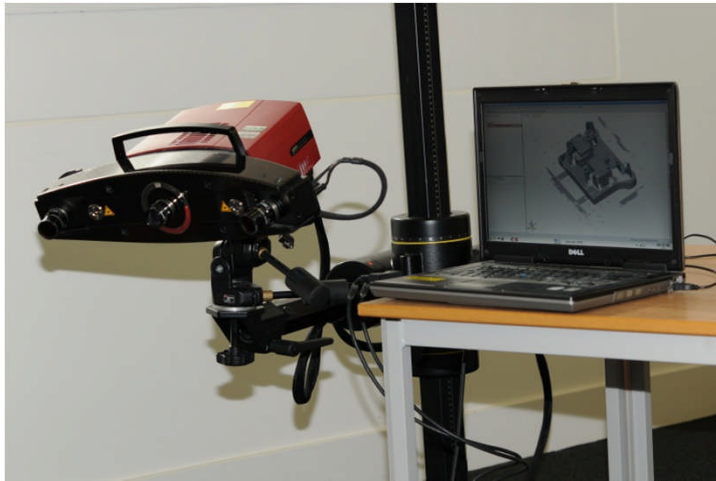
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Investigation of Springback Using Simple U-Profile Tool

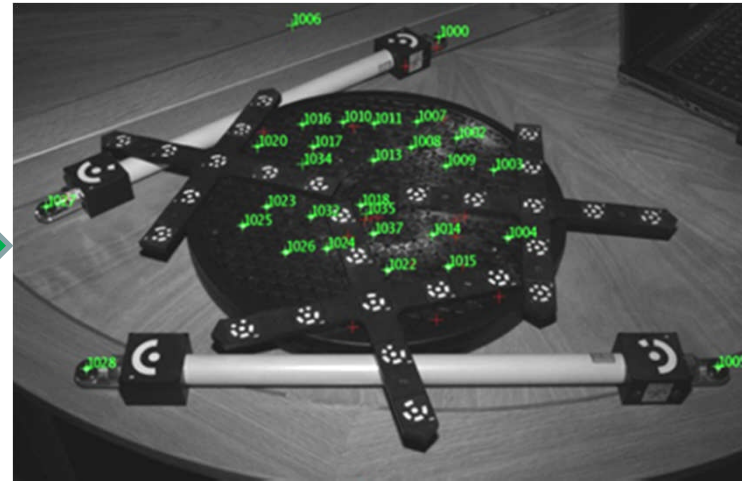


Optical measurement process

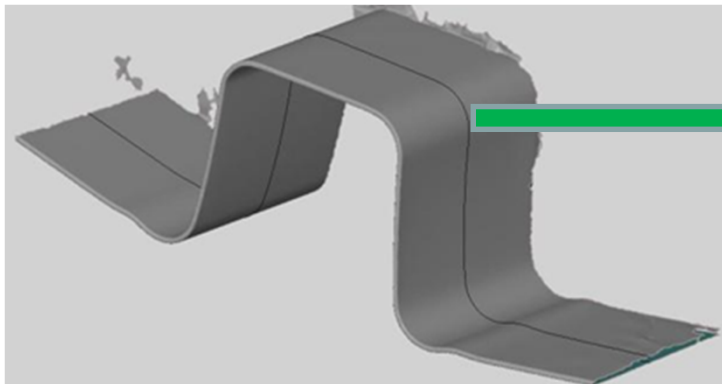
GOM ATOS System



Reference system



Full surface scan



Mid plane line scan

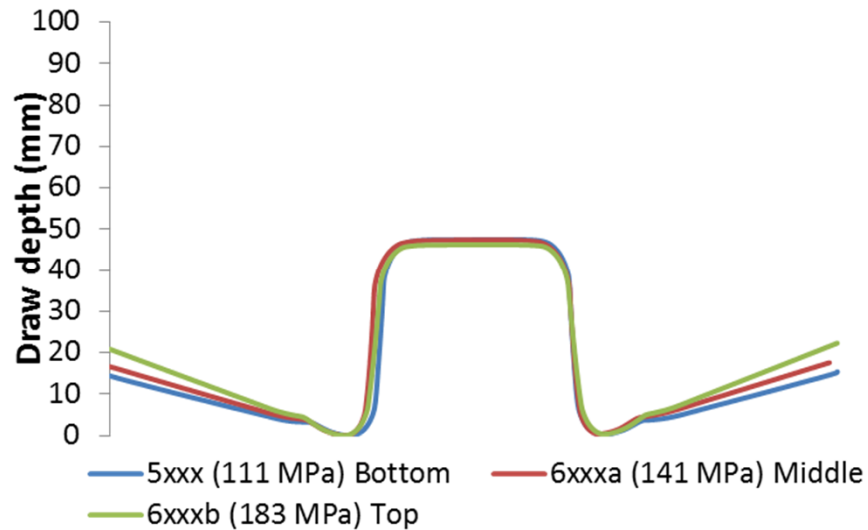
IGES Import

Datum ?



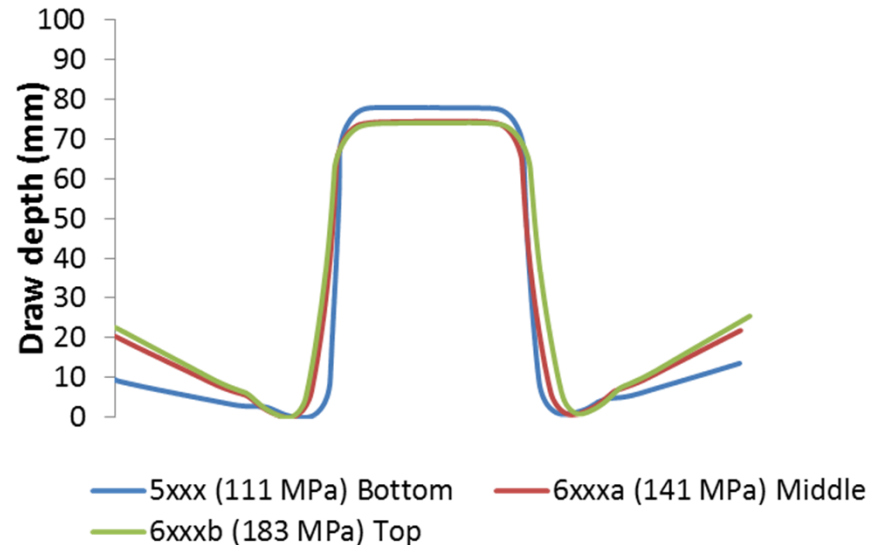
Springback Results (8 mm Die Radius)

50 mm Draw Depth



- Higher 0.2% proof strength shows higher Flange Springback.

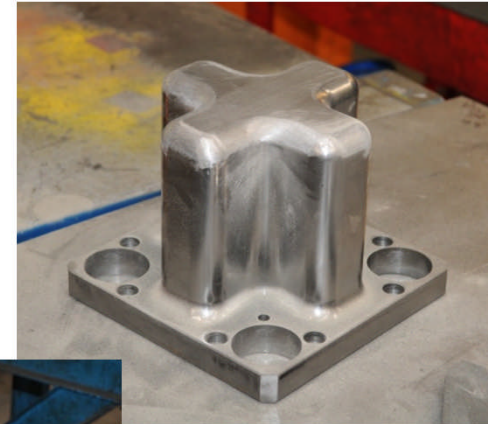
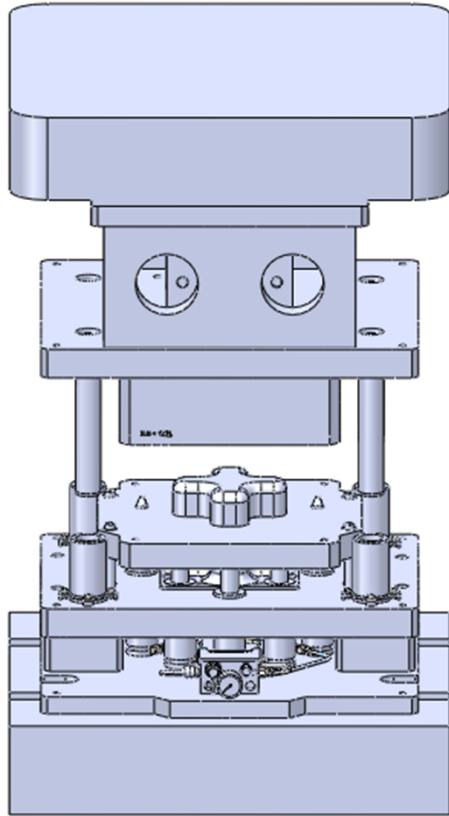
75 mm Draw Depth



- Both the 6xxx alloys show similar springback characteristics.

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Cross Die for Complex Drawing Assessment

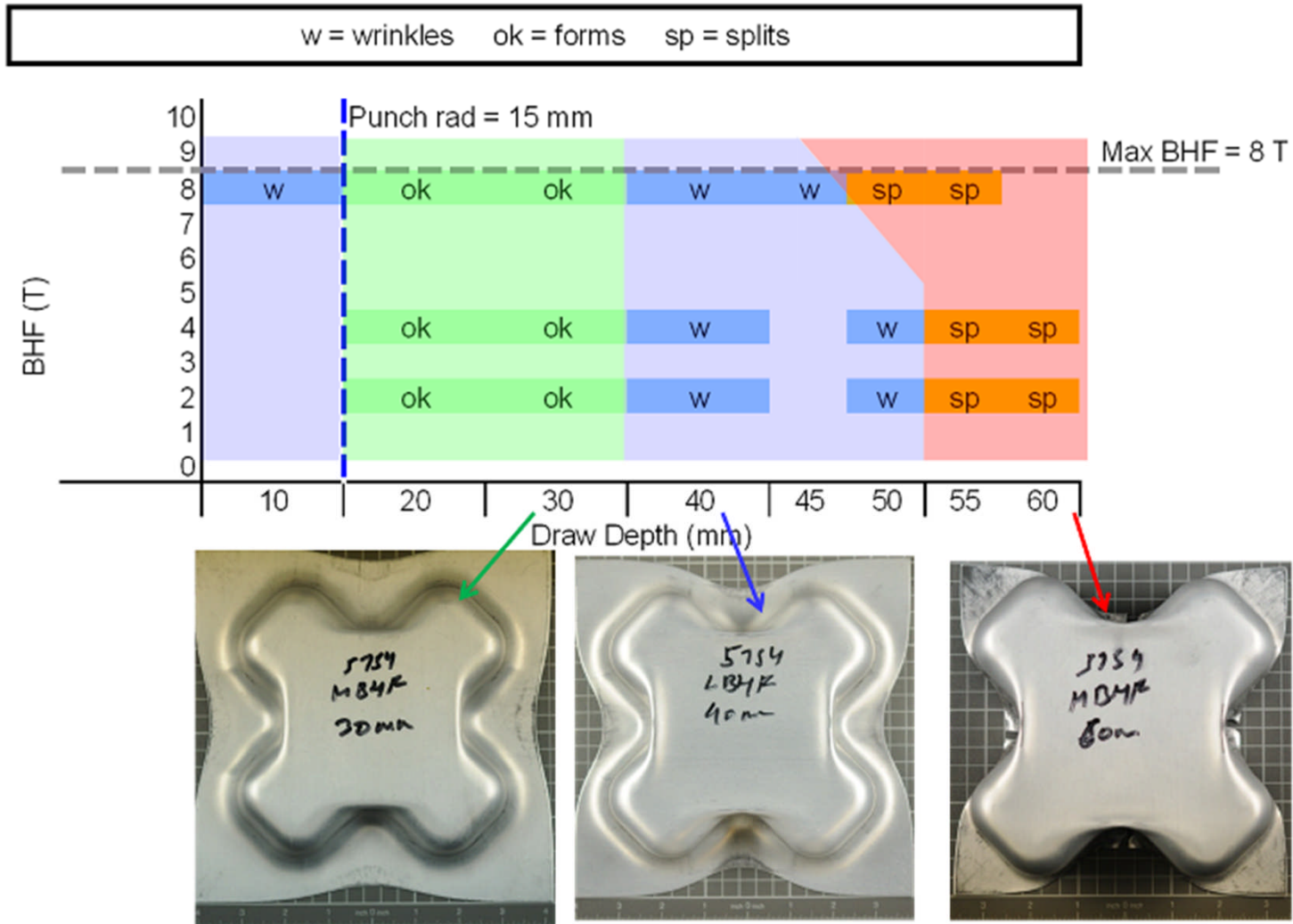


8 gas springs to provide up to 10 T blankholder force

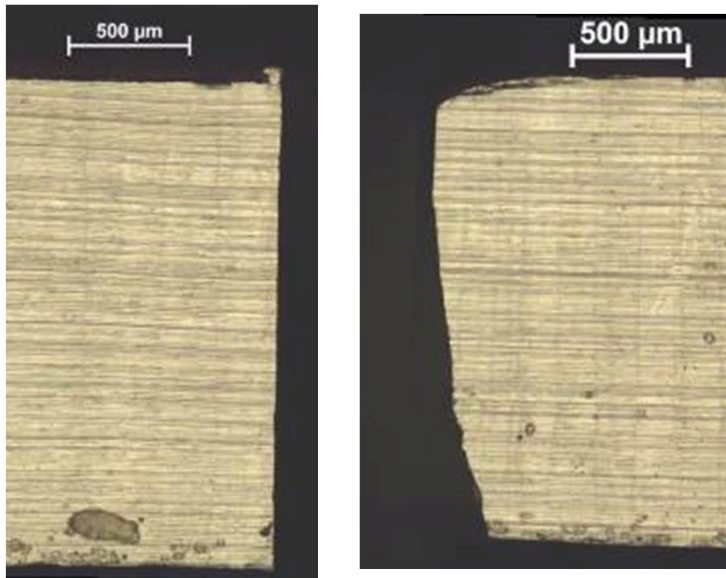
3 die sets to accommodate 0.9, 2.0 & 2.5 mm (=10% clearance)

Upper pad and gas spring (1 T)

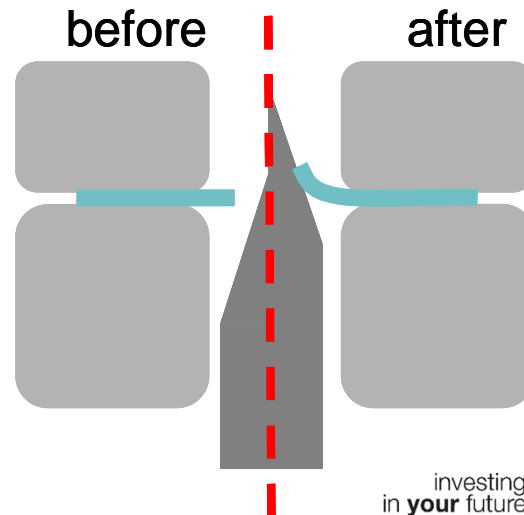
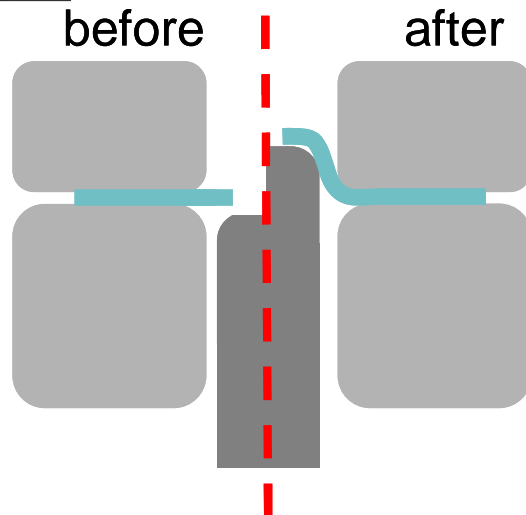
Structural Alloys – Cross-Die Trials



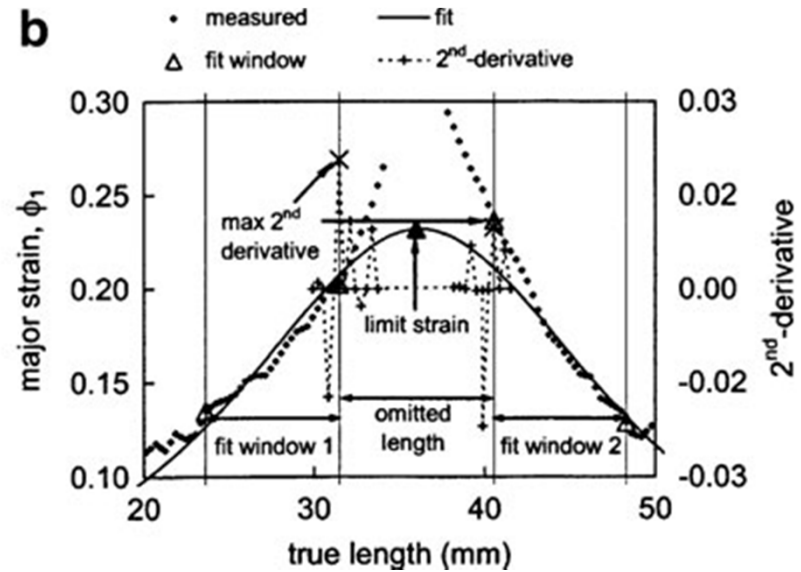
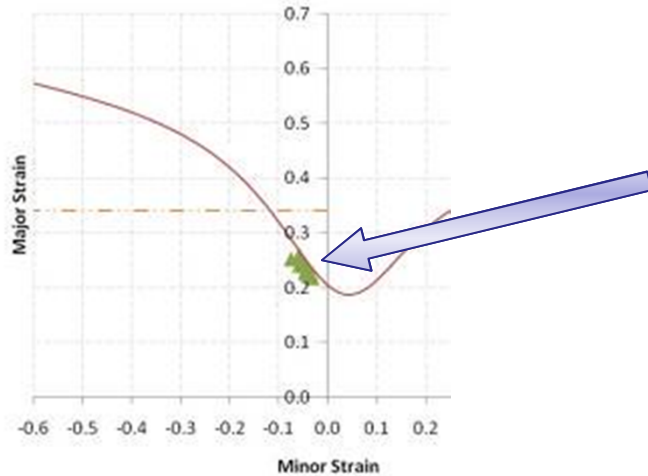
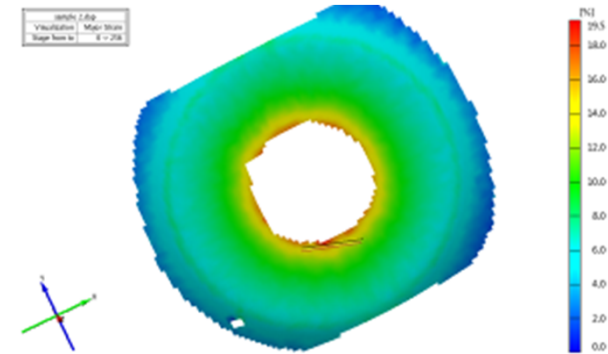
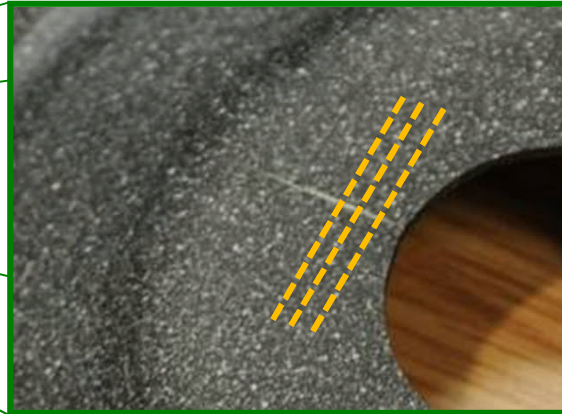
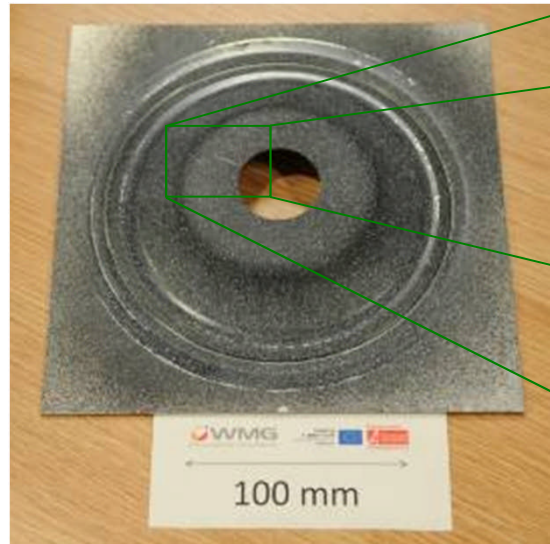
HE - Sample Preparation & Testing



- Hole of 10 mm diameter introduced by drilling & reaming or punching
- Hole expanded using a conical punch
- 30 mm hole CNC'd then expanded with a flat-topped punch (one sample punched: 6xxx T4 a)



Hole Expansion Strain Data



Int J Mater Form (2010) 3:165–189

Sheet Hydroforming

Objective:

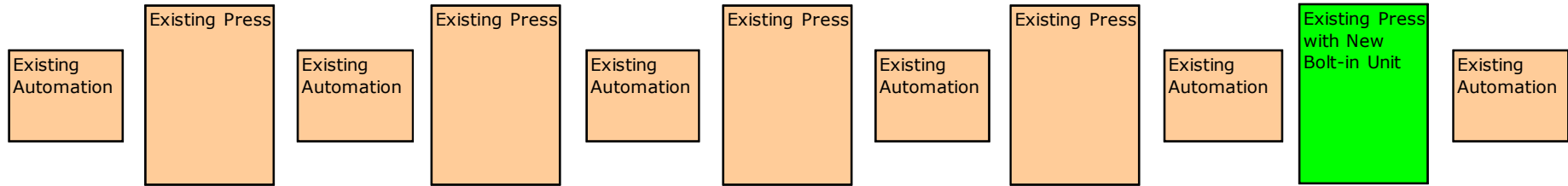
- Clarify the business case uncertainties to support investment decisions in a UK sheet hydroforming facility
- If outcome is positive, develop proposal to introduce technology to UK/West Midlands

Claimed Benefits

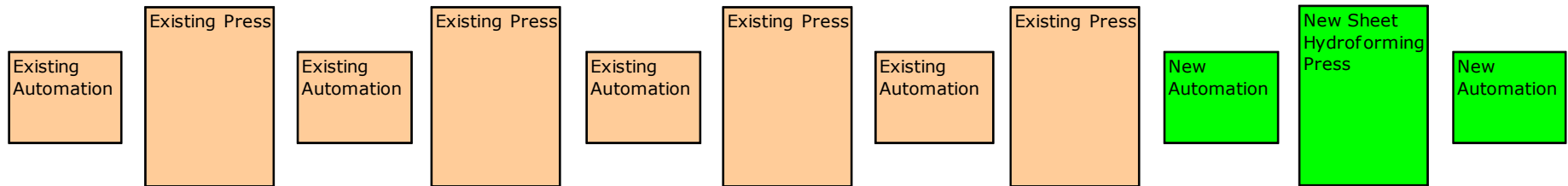
- **Complicated part capability**
 - Process provides increased formability giving greater design freedom
 - cost of rework built into current programmes could be eliminated
- **Reduced number of operations**
 - With the ability to make more complicated shapes it is possible to reduce the number of draw and re-strike operations normally required
- **Low tooling investment**
 - Up to 70% cost reduction due to absence of lower half, reduced maintenance and reduced time consuming tool spotting and matching
- **Uniform wall thickness**
 - Thinning is more uniform over the whole part as the sheet metal is pushed firmly onto the punch during forming
- **Dimensional stability**
 - The process results in an even strain distribution resulting in lower springback
 - Less movement of the material over the punch giving parts with better dimensional accuracy
- **Surface quality**
 - As fluid acts as the female half, there are less tool marks, slip lines and other markings
 - With greater uniform strain, highs/lows and other distortions are less evident

Sheet Hydroforming Options

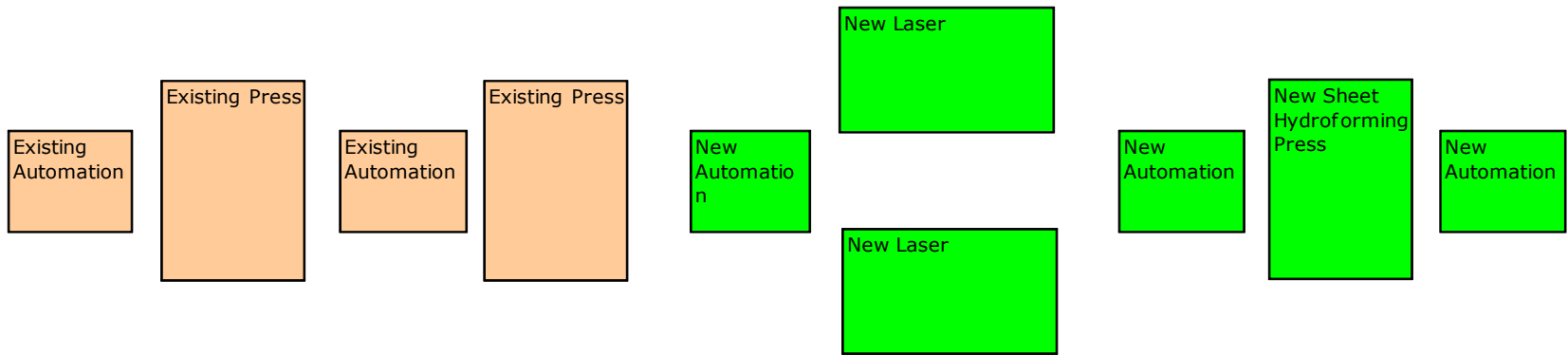
Option 1. Bolt in unit in existing press



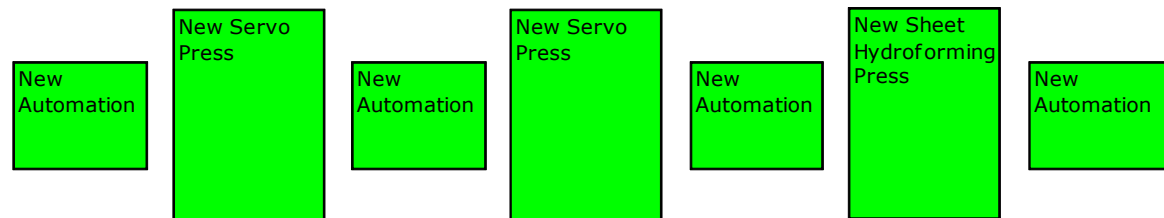
Option 2 . New Sheet Hydroforming Press



Option 3. Flexible Manufacturing Cell



Option 4. Totally New Press Line



Key assumptions for Make Vs Buy study

- Zero rework applied to hydroformed components
- Hydroformed XK decklid is proposed as integrated, one piece outer on the assumption of no design compromise from Styling
- Energy costs based on standard hydroforming hydraulic unit
- Rework levels apply to all components manufactured conventionally
- Calculations based on 4 inner and 4 outer hood panels
- Initial assessment based on comparison of draw dies only
- Full assessment based on each business case option as supplied or manufactured in house
- Similar exercise conducted for a decklid

Key conclusions from study

- Business case viability could not be established or bonnet
- additional work performed confirmed findings
- Approx 8 components with annual volumes no more than 40k needed to fully utilise facility
- Claimed benefits of complicated part capability, reduced number of operations and low tooling investment not clearly demonstrated
- A number of other OEMs have explored the technology but not committed to production

Key Trigger Points for New Investigation

- New facility established in the UK
- Reduced cost of capital equipment
- High number of feature specific or re-work intense components running at approx 40k p.a.
- Proven ability to consistently manufacture components without process concerns such as leakages etc.

Achievements

- Detailed business case analysis conducted on sheet hydroforming process to advise JLR manufacturing strategy decisions.
- Comprehensive materials characterisation test portfolio established supported by detailed procedures and state of the facilities.
- Alloy characterisation facilitated the introduction of a number of new alloys onto JLR future models
- Deeper understanding on new alloy performance and manufacturing complexities achieved within core JLR team and key personnel from BIW Guild members.
- Process design recommendations arising from PDfOMU study will yield significant savings.
- Culture of trust and cooperation established between all partners.

Publications

- M. Stanton, R. Bhattacharya, G. Williams, I. Dargue, **The production and examination of u-profiles for assessing springback**, in 7th International Conference on Manufacturing Research 2009, P.D. Ceglarek, Editor. 2009, University of Warwick: University of Warwick. pp. 371-375.
- R. Bhattacharya, M. Stanton, I. Dargue, G. Williams, **Materials characterization of Aluminium alloys for use in automotive structures**, in 7th International Conference on Manufacturing Research 2009, P.D. Ceglarek, Editor. 2009, University of Warwick: University of Warwick. pp. 366-370.
- M. Stanton, I. Masters, R. Bhattacharya, I. Dargue, R. Aylmore, G. Williams, **Modelling and Validation of Springback in Aluminium U-Profiles**, International Journal of Material Forming, 2010, 3, 163-166.
- R. Bhattacharya, M. Stanton, I. Dargue, G. Williams, R. Aylmore, **Forming limit studies on different thickness aluminium 6xxx series alloys used in automotive applications**, International Journal of Material Forming, 2010, 3, 267-270.
- R. Bhattacharya, M. Stanton, I. Dargue, R. Aylmore, and G. Williams, **Experimental Evaluation of Springback in Aluminium Alloys Using Optical Measurement and Numerical Analysis**, AIP Conf. Proc. 1353, 241 (2011)
- M. Stanton, R. Bhattacharya, I. Dargue, R. Aylmore, and G. Williams, **Hole Expansion of Aluminum Alloys for the Automotive Industry**, AIP Conf. Proc. 1353, 1488 (2011)
- R. Bhattacharya, M. Stanton, I. Dargue, R. Aylmore, G. Williams, **A Study on The Springback Behaviour of Automotive Aluminium Alloys**, Accepted for publication at ICTP 2011, Aachen.
- M. Stanton, R. Bhattacharya, G. Williams, I. Dargue, **Investigation of Materials Springback Using a Simple U-Profile**, GOM UK Deformation Workshop, Presentation 8, Nov. 2009. (invited speaker)

Acknowledgements

- Industrial Partner: Jaguar Land Rover



- Industrial Partners: WMG Body-In-White Guild



- Material supplied by Novelis Automotive UK



- Funding provided by: AWM/ERDF



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION

ANY QUESTIONS?

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