

Schools and Families Specialist Services Cognition & Learning Team

Dyslexia Style Guide for Presentations

Fonts

- Use fonts which are clear, rounded and have a space between letters, long ascenders and descenders e.g. comic sans, twinkl, sassoon. For older learners, try Verdana, calibri, trebuchet, arial.
- San serif fonts are generally more readable.
- Use 1.5 or double line spacing.
- Use wide margins.
- Use numbers or bullet points rather than continuous prose.
- Avoid underlining and italics which can make words 'run together'.
- Use bold text for titles, sub-headings or to draw attention to important information or key vocabulary.
- Colour-code text for example, information in one colour, questions in another.
- Avoid using uppercase letters for continuous text. Lower case letters are easier to read.
- Avoid the use of background graphics with text over the top.

Colour

- Use sufficient contrast levels between background and text.
- Use dark coloured text on a light (not white) background. Light text on a dark background can work too. Ask your students what they prefer.
- Avoid green and red/pink, as these colours are difficult for those who have colour vision deficiencies (colour blindness).

Writing style

- Include flow charts, illustrations and diagrams to break up large sections of text or to demonstrate a particular procedure.
- Ensure that data, charts and diagrams are logical and easy to follow.
- Sentences and written instructions should be short and simple.
- Keep paragraphs short dense blocks of text are difficult to read.
- Avoid too much text on the page. Make sure that it isn't too cluttered.
- Remember to leave plenty of space for people to write their responses.

Reducing Cognitive load

- Keep your message simple in order to keep your content memorable.
- Break down more complex information into smaller, simpler parts.
- What exactly are your key messages? Think of 3 essential things and make sure these points are explained simply without any extraneous "noise".
- Try not to describe in prose what can be visualised. Use consistent dual coding simple images to accompany verbal messages.

Watch: Video: Design slides for people with dyslexia (microsoft.com)

Sources: <u>4 Ways to Reduce Cognitive Load in PowerPoint presentations •</u> Presented.

<u>DyslexiaFriendlyFormats.pdf</u>
<u>Dyslexia friendly style guide - British Dyslexia Association</u>
(bdadyslexia.org.uk)