Warwick CTE Early Years and Primary PGCE

Subject-Specific Coaching Prompts





Subject-Specific Coaching Prompts

Contents

Art	3
Computing	4
Design and Technology	5
English	6
Early Years	8
Geography	10
History	11
Languages	12
Mathematics	13
Music	15
Physical Education	16
Personal, Social & Health Education	17
Religious Education	18
Science	19
Professional Enquiry	21
Professional Practice	22

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in **ART**

The Art of Education: The Ultimate Guide to Assessment in the Art Room:

		1
Core	uestions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. nposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.	Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions
Behaviour Management (TS1 and 7)	How did you create an effective learning environment and set routines that motivated children to see themselves as Artists? How did your use of art specific language promote challenge and aspiration? Discuss how you prepared children to work artistically and creatively? E.g. Exploring/gathering resources and materials; creating an environment for positive discussion; exploring and using a range of media; reviewing and modifying work In what ways did you encourage independence? E.g. children responsible for choosing, collecting and returning art materials and resources?	Understanding the statutory requirements of the EYFS and NC The definition of art Teaching and learning activities to promote different artists and media Strategies for teaching and appreciation e.g. expressing/justifying opinions and answering/generating questions Sketchbooks - developing artistic skills
How did you take into account the children's prior knowledge? e.g. What art experiences have they already encountered? What was learned in previous year groups? What range of artistic media have they previously used/explored? How effectively were <i>models</i> used to scaffold development of artistic knowledge/understanding/art skills/art appreciation? e.g. recording personal responses, developing skills: shading, perspective, mixing colours, key vocabulary linked to skills. Explain how you've adapted your planning and teaching. E.g. Questioning; multisensory observation; adaptive resources; use Resources for adaptive terprogression of skills Produce artwork inspired using a range of different Artists as a stimulus for the Sequencing learning for some work. Collaboratively planning sequence Planning assessment for control of the progression of skills.		Produce artwork inspired by artists using a range of different media Artists as a stimulus for the classroom Sequencing learning for schemes of work Collaboratively planning an art
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you use the school's art curriculum (schemes, medium/long term plans) to prepare today's lesson? Discuss how your lesson promoted the development and retention of specific art knowledge and skills. Consider the effectiveness of opportunities for critical discussion	feedback and peer and self-assessment strategies Key Books, Articles and
Curricu	and evaluation. How did this support learners as artists? How did you support learners in making links between their learning in art and learning in other areas of the curriculum?	Resources DfE (2023) Ofsted Art Curriculum Review
Assessment (TS 6)	How did you plan to gather assessment data in the lesson? How was feedback given and what was the impact of this? E.g. Did you model feedback using appropriate artistic vocabulary? Were children given opportunity for self/peer feedback? What would you consider to be the next steps of learning? E.g What skills might be introduced/developed next; how?	Access Art: https://www.accessart.org.uk/ Barbe-Gall, F. (2005) How to Talk to Children About Art Frances Lincoln Publishers Deuchars, M. (2014) Draw Paint Print Like the Great Artists Laurence King
ofessional Behaviours (TS8)	How did you strengthen your own art pedagogy and art subject knowledge in preparation for this lesson? How might you draw on the talents and expertise of other adults in wider school community to support motivation and learning success in art?	Publishing Deuchars, M. (2011) Let's Make Some Great Art Laurence King Publishing Carney, P. Learning Goals for Art and Design – Revised Blooms' Taxonomy. Online at: Paulcarneyarts.com Renshaw, A. et al The Art Book for Children (2013) Phaidon Press

https://artofed-
uploads.nvc3.digitaloceanspaces

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in COMPUTING

coac	questions have been organised in relation to the different rands of the Core Content Framework to support the ching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant ersity sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.	Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions	
How did you create an effective learning environment and set of routines which motivated and involved all pupils in their computing learning? How did your use of computing-specific language promote challenge and aspiration? Discuss how you prepared the children to be computational thinkers? For example: Abstraction Algorithms How did you create an effective learning environment and set of routines which motivated and involved all pupils in their computing National Cu Being a Con Declarative E-safety Information Computing National Cu Information Computing Computing Computing Computing Computing Computing Computing Computing Computing Computing		 What is computing now? Computing in the EYFS and the National Curriculum Being a Computational Thinker Declarative and Procedural Knowledge 	
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	E.g: Use of informational technology Digital literacy How did you model computing-specific skills. For example: Programming Word processing Use of image, sound and video How did you identify and address misconceptions that occurred in the lesson? What do you think led to these?	Inclusion Session 2: Exploring different computer programming software (Scratch, Purple Mash, Lego WeDo etc) Pedagogic approach: PRIMM (predict – run – investigate – modify – make) Exploring the BBC micro:bit Planning and progression in computing	
		Ofsted. (2022) Research review series:	
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you support the pupils in mastering essential concepts, knowledge or skills in computing? For example: •Applying fundamental principles/concepts of computer science •Evaluating and applying IT analytically to solve problems	Caldwell. H (2016) Teaching Computing Unplugged in Primary Schools: Exploring primary computing through practical activities away from the computer	
r f	How did you assess children's understanding of prior knowledge? E.g. their digital literacy skills Analyse the AfL strategies used in the computing lesson – what made these effective/less effective/challenging? What involvement did the children have in their own learning? E.g. Being creative users of information and communication technology/creating programs, systems and a range of content How did you ensure there was sufficient challenge for all pupils, including those with SEND and EAL? How did you strengthen your computing pedagogical and	Bird. J (2017) Lessons in Teaching Computing in Primary Schools	
Pr of	subject knowledge prior to this lesson?		

Discuss and analyse how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson? E.g. Which aspects of computing do they have strengths/areas for development?

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in DESIGN & TECHNOLOGY

strand con	questions have been organised in relation to the different ds of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching eversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sions and/or suggested academic reading have also been	Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions	
Behaviour Management	• Become familiar with NC		
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	help them to master challenging activities/content? Do you give children chance to practise and consolidate previously taught skills? E.g. through the structure of IEAs/FTs/DMAs. Have you provided children with worked examples which take children through the steps needed? E,g, is there access to working models and opportunity to disassemble? Do you give children useful guidance and support in D&T which will increase their levels of success? E.g. in planning skills, children using different strategies (spoken, written, drawn, IT) to communicate ideas How can you adapt lessons for D&T to be inclusive for ALL expectations and how D&T links to other curriculum areas • Practise practical D&T skills and engage with and analyse 'making' projects • Scrutinise and engage with D&T planning activities • Consider Health and Safety requirements, SEN provision and planning		
Curriculum (TS3)	learners? E.g. through choice of presentation/communication Do you explicitly teach the skills children needed for the children to succeed in D&T? Share some examples of when this was effective and why. How can you further engender the importance and value of D&T skills in children? E.g. promotion of creative behaviours, problem solving /solution finding opportunities. Do the children understand the importance of D&T as a subject and its relevance in today's world? How could you further promote this • Develop and analyse personal subject knowledge subject knowledge * Key Books, Articles and Resource		
Assessment (TS 6)	What might happen if? How could you change it? How do/did you want it to look/work/move/fit? Which materials will you /did you use? Why? How effective were they? Teacher observing – learning behaviours, specific D&T skills, engagement Self and Peer assessment – responding on Post-It notes; use of * In Search of a Pedagogy for Primary Design and Technology by Alan Cross www.designtechnology.org.uk/for education/primary * Primary Design and Technology org.uk/for education/primary * Primary Design and Primary Desig		
Professional Behaviours	How can you take responsibility for improving your knowledge/ How can you take responsibility for improving your knowledge/ and Technology by Dr. 6		

Centre for Teacher Education					
	University of Warwick				
	Prompts to support subject specific discussion in				
	ENGLISH				
	ons have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.				
Behaviour Management	How do you create an effective learning environment which motivates and involves all pupils in their English learning? (For example: nurturing an open mind set by using the language of possibility in exploration of grammar and editing changes when composing visual or written texts; by asking genuine questions to establish deep understanding of a pupil's personal response or reflection regarding a character, text or event)				
(TS1 and 7)	How does your use of high-quality oral language promote challenge and aspiration? (awareness and exploration of Tier 2 and 3 language; accurate and frequent use of Terminology for Pupils in Primary English)				
	How did you deconstruct, model, explain, scaffold, discuss and analyse the English learning today? (For example: metacognition in planning, drafting and editing in writing, reading thought processes, synthetic phonics strategies, spelling strategies; use of writing frames, graphical organisers, English working wall, or memory joggers)				
	Explain the impact of providing sufficient opportunity for pupils to consolidate and practise applying new knowledge and skills. (For example: enough time to write / read after being taught the skill or aspect of the English curriculum. How do you think this might link with your knowledge of cognitive load theory? What about meaningful cross curricular links as and additional space to build their schema (Piaget) about that concept?)				
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	Explain the impact of your flexible grouping and talk for learning decisions: group work, collaborative work, paired talk – how did you scaffold it? How effective was it? How did it help you adapt your practice by harnessing a better understanding of their learning? (For example: Did you give enough time for thinking when facilitating a mix, pair, share collaborative learning structure for children to respond to a reading question? How does this link to the research that you have read at University about talk theories specific to English – Dialogic Talk – (Coultas); Book Talk - (Chambers); Dialogic Readers (Maine); Picture book Talk (Wilson)				
	Explain the impact of your planning for SEND / Inclusion in this English session. (For example: did you select a text that all children could access? Did your adaptive teaching approach have the desired impact? If you provided a word map for example, was this accessed and used? Why? Why not? Might another approach have been more suitable? What support have you offered EAL? What research led you to doing this? (The Bell Foundation)				
	Which core knowledge in English is connected to the concept you taught today? (For example: Terminology for pupils linked to the grammar curriculum)				
	Have you used analogies, illustrations, examples, explanations and demonstrations to support learning for all pupils? (For example: texts accessible to all, do they inspire writing, are you a teacher writer, do you plan enough time for a systematic editing process, are you offering a range of media in which to respond?)				
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you use the school's English curriculum plans and resources to prepare today's lesson so that links between content and skills are made? (For example: Is this the first time that they have attempted to write about this text type or not? How are you extending the nuance of their conceptual framework about the qualities of this text type? Are you sure that you have personalised this planning to suit the English needs of all of your children?)				
	How did you take into account the pupils' prior knowledge? (For example: how do these skills in systematic synthetic phonics, grammar, writing, reading fluency, listening, speaking, drama and moving image, fit into a sequence? Is the sequence developmental and progressive in English skills? Does more time need to be spent on a specific aspect, such as text discussion for different assessment foci?)				
	How did you identify and address misconceptions that occurred in the lesson? (For example: in systematic synthetic phonics, are mispronunciations dealt with effectively, are grammar misconceptions unpicked and explored? Di you support skills building on an individual basis, such as the nuances of handwriting proficiency?)				
Assessment (TS 6)	Analyse the AfL strategies used in the lesson. (For example: questioning understanding of the impact of using one word instead of another for a particular effect, or effectively 'wrestling the question' in reading to understand what an answer might need to include)				
(15 0)	How did your AfL link to the school's marking policy? (For example: how has oral or written marking contributed to the editing process over time in this piece of writing? If peer assessment is used to improve writing, how impactful has this been? Was sufficient time planned for pupils to engage in High Quality discussion? Did the grouping/partner arrangements facilitate this? Did you provide scaffolding and gambits for this tyle of talk and model it sufficiently using success criteria)				
	How did you strengthen your English pedagogical and subject knowledge prior to this lesson? (Think about				

6

sequence of learning? Do they know the text?)

media/phone calls home)

Professional Behaviours

(TS8)

phonics, grammar, writing, reading, listening, speaking, drama and moving image and teacher knowledge of texts)

Discuss and analyse how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson? (For example: have you checked their grammar understanding? Do they know the text features? Are they clear about how this learning fits into a wider

How do you communicate pupil learning to parents? (Book bags/changing books/notes home linked to successful writing/promoting English learning by sending copies home/using newsletter or school-specific social

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in ENGLISH

Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions

University Lectures

1 hour per session:

Autumn term:

Multimodality and Affordance The Writing Curriculum - sequencing and progression

Spoken Language

Spring Term:

Spelling and Handwriting

Assessment

Optional Self-study:

Systematic Synthetic Phonics Subject Knowledge - available all year

Grammar Subject Knowledge – available all year

Early Years **Seminars** 2 hours per session

Autumn Term - KS1 focus Appreciating Children's

Literature

Teaching Reading Pedagogies Teaching Writing Pedagogies Creative Pedagogies - Non-fiction

Planning for English

Spring Term - FKS focus C&L: Speech and Language C&L: SSP phases 1 and 2

Lit: Storytelling

Lit: Creative Pedagogies - Poetry C&L: Sustained Shared Thinking Lit: Early Writing Processes Primary **Seminars** 2 hours per session

Appreciating Children's Literature Teaching Reading Pedagogies Teaching Writing Pedagogies #1 Teaching Writing Pedagogies #2 Planning for English

Spring Term

Developing Comprehension Creative Pedagogies – Non-Fiction

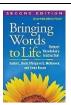
Teaching Grammar

Creative Pedagogies – Poetry Creative Pedagogies – Fiction

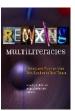
All trainees will attend a whole day focussed on Systematic Synthetic Phonics and Early Reading during the Autumn term in addition to completing the SSP and Early Reading Professional Practice Unit on every placement.

Key Books and Articles























Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support discussion in EARLY YEARS

The questions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.

11	suggested academic reading have also been provided.	
Behaviour Management (TS1 and 7)	How do you create an effective learning environment which motivates and involves all children in the setting? (For example: by developing interesting use of physical space and helping children to develop socially and emotionally though child-initiated learning and more formal methods as appropriate) How well does the trainee encourage independent positive behaviour in all settings? (developing early attachments and supporting social development in line with the PSED prime area)	
	How did you support sustained shared thinking through high quality language and providing space for learning in a range of activities led by adults and children? (For example: developing exploratory talk, children recognizing the views of others (from egocentrism to empathy): in the prime areas (Physical, Communication, PSED) and the wider EYFS areas Explain the impact of providing sufficient opportunity for pupils to consolidate and practise applying new knowledge and skills. (For example: developing a balance between Teacher modelling and opportunities to practise new skills in all aspects of learning.)	
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	Explain how you have used your understanding of the children's development to inform 'in-the-moment' teaching and planning for adult-led and whole/ group work, collaborative work, paired talk — how did you scaffold it? How effective was it? How did it help you adapt your practice by harnessing a better understanding of learning? (For example: Did you give enough time for thinking when facilitating a mix, pair, share collaborative learning structure for children to respond to a reading question?) Explain the impact of your teaching (including choice of resources) and assessment on all children. (For example: did you select resources which are inclusive of children from different cultures and gender? Did your adaptive teaching approach have the desired impact? If you provided physical resources for outdoor learning, was this accessed and used? Why? Why not? Might another approach have been more suitable?)	
Curriculum (TS3)	What knowledge of children's development informed practice in your early years' setting? (For example: as set out in 'Birth to 5 Matters' and/ or 'Development Matters') Have you used a range of classroom and outdoor learning opportunities in all Primary areas and the EYFS wider curriculum? (For example: outdoor learning opportunities with a range of natural materials to reinforce curiosity for learning, engagement and developing independence) How did you use/ adopt/ adapt the educational setting's approach to planning to ensure all children are able to achieve and maintain their interest in learning? (For example: Is early mark making and reading for pleasure encouraged through appropriate spaces/ opportunities in class?) How did you take into account the pupils' prior knowledge? (For example: how do you apply the 'Plan-Do-Review' sequence in planning for early reading/Phonics (SSP?)	
Assessment (TS 6) How did you identify and address misconceptions in children early conceptual development? (For exinc children's early play-based learning related to Knowledge and understanding of the World?) Analyse what you know about the children's developing learning and how that informs early years' provision. (For example: what is the development of children's gross and fine motor skills and how does this in on physical coordination in movement (e.g. games involving balls and literacy/ early mark-making)		
Assessment (TS 6) cont.	What guides you to make decisions about whether a child is performing at age related expectations? (Feather than the example: parent voice, staff voice, school trackers, Birth to 5/Development Matters documentation) How did your assessment approaches relate to the settings policy? (For example: what do you know about	
Professional Behaviours (TS8)	How did you strengthen your Early Years knowledge/ practice prior to this lesson? (Think about your understanding of the prime areas and wider EYFS areas) Discuss and analyse how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson? (For example: have you been clear about the role of adults in adult-led and child-initiated learning? How did you manage the whole-setting beyond the activities in your immediate group/ adult activity, involving TAs/ Nursery nurses as appropriate) How do you communicate with parents? (for example, at the beginning and end of days/ sessions and as appropriate home visits)	

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support discussion in EARLY YEARS

Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions

Early Years seminars

2 hours sessions

Framework Assessment Leadership Environment PSED:

Birth to 3 development

Well-being Engagement Self-regulation

Physical Development:

Birth to 3 development and the

environment Gross Motor Fine motor

Communication and Language:

Speech and Language SSP Phases 1&2

Sustained shared thinking

Mathematics:

Nursery Numbers to 5 Shape and Space Fractions

Understanding of the World:

Forces

Light and sound

Plants and the environment

Literacy: Storytelling

Creative Pedagogies – Poetry Lit: Early Writing Processes

Expressive Arts:

Imaginative and expressive

Creating Materials

Subject-specific lectures

1 hour sessions

Autumn Term

English

Multimodality and Affordance The Writing Curriculum sequencing and progression Spoken Language

Mathematics

Developing Mathematical

mindsets

Developing fluency and mental

maths

Talk in maths

Science

Introduction to Science Behaviour Management and organisation for science Questions and talk in science

Spring Term

English

Spelling and Handwriting

Assessment

Mathematics Variation

Assessment in maths

Science

Earth and Space

Evolution and inheritance

Subject-specific seminars 2 hour sessions

KS1 English (Autumn)

Appreciating Children's Literature Teaching Reading Pedagogies Teaching Writing Pedagogies Creative Pedagogies - Non-fiction

Planning for English

KS1 Mathematics (Autumn)

Mathematical mastery Counting and place value Representation and Structure Planning primary maths

KS1 Science (Autumn)

Working Scientifically - observation Working Scientifically - predictions

Life processes

Materials

Planning for progression in science

Key Books and Articles

Birth to 5 matters: https://birthto5matters.org.uk/

Development Matters: <u>Development Matters - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>

Beckley, P (2018) The Philosophy and Practice of Outstanding Early Years Provision: Routledge

Bottrill, G (2018) Can I Go and Play Now?: SAGE

Clarke, J (2013) Sustained Shared Thinking: David Fulton Press

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in GEOGRAPHY

	stions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the				
	Core Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. Overview of Topics Covered in				
Signp	Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic University Sessions				
	reading have also been provided.				
pu	How did you create an effective learning environment and set of	Knowledge of the EYFS and			
1 a	routines which motivates children to see themselves as	the National Curriculum			
ur TS	geographers?	 Substantive and disciplinary 			
Behaviour gement (TS 7)	How did your use of geography specific language promote challenge and aspiration?	knowledge			
sha ner	Discuss how you prepared children to work as a geographer?	 Geographical concepts 			
Be ge1	For example:	 Prior knowledge and 			
Behaviour Management (TS1 and 7)	Fieldwork	misconceptions			
Ä	 Enquiry led learning 	 Locational Knowledge: the 			
	How did you take into account the pupils' prior knowledge?	continents and oceans, The			
5)	For example: Locational knowledge, place knowledge,	UK, longitude and latitude,			
pu	human/physical geography, geographical skills, fieldwork	time zones, English counties			
4 a	How do model geography specific skills. For example: Map	Place Knowledge: the local			
32,	reading including coordinates; collect, analyse and communicate a	area (Canley and Westwood			
(T	range of data	Campus), a non-European			
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	How did you identify and address misconceptions that occurred in	comparative study (St Lucia)			
ıgo	the lesson? Which aspects of geography did they include?	Human and Physical			
eda	Explain how you've adapted your planning and teaching to be	Geography: weather and			
Ъ	inclusive for all learners in relation to geography skills.				
	How did you use the school's curriculum (i.e. textbooks, schemes,	Geographical Skills and			
	medium/long term plans) to prepare today's lesson?	Fieldwork: the globe and map			
33)	Discuss how your lesson aims to inspire in pupils within	projections, map reading, GIS			
(T	geography e.g. a curiosity and fascination about the world and its	systems,			
Curriculum (TS3)	people.	Systems,			
luc	How did you support the pupils in mastering essential concepts,				
urric	knowledge or skills? For example: Interpreting a range of	Key Books, Articles and			
Cu	geographical information, communicating information in a variety	Resources			
	of ways including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills	Resources			
	and writing at length	0.0 1 (2021) D			
	How did you assess children's understanding and prior	Ofsted. (2021) Research review series:			
	knowledge?	geography			
(9 §	Analyse the AfL strategies used in the lesson. How well matched were they to assessing geography skills?	Pickford et al. (2013) Primary			
(TS	What involvement did the children have in their own learning?	Humanities – Learning through			
ut	For example:	Enquiry			
me	 Creating questions to investigate 	- Linquity			
Assessment	 Creating questions to investigate Choices they make about recording their learning 	Scoffham. S (2016) Teaching			
Ass	How did you ensure there was sufficient challenge for all pupils,	Geography Creatively			
'	including those with SEN and EAL which focused on the skills				
	focus for this geography lesson?	Catling. S. J (2018) Understanding and			
	How did you strengthen your geographical pedagogical and	Teaching Primary Geography			
ess: al wic	subject knowledge prior to this lesson?				
Professi onal Behavio	Discuss and analyses how you prepared additional adults prior to	Geographical Association Primary			
P	the lesson? To what degree did they use correct vocabulary?	magazine and online resources			

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in HISTORY

of the Copost-	The questions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided. Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions				
How did you create an effective learning environment and set of routines which motivates children to see themselves as historians? How did your use of history specific language promote challenge and aspiration? Discuss how you prepared children to work historically: For example: Working with artefacts Enquiry led learning		 Knowledge of the EYFS and the National Curriculum Substantive and disciplinary knowledge Historical concepts Prior knowledge and misconceptions 			
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	Explain how you've adapted your planning and teaching to be inclusive for all learners while still focusing on the key skills and knowledge in relation to the history curriculum. * Vikings * Planning for historica				
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you use the school's curriculum (i.e. textbooks, schemes, medium/long term plans) to prepare today's lesson? Discuss how your lesson aims to help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding about the past.	enquiry			
Curricult	How did you support the pupils in mastering essential concepts, knowledge or skills in history? For example: • The process of change • The diversity of societies	Key Books, Articles and Resources			
Assessment (TS 6)	How did you assess children's understanding and prior knowledge? Eg Which aspects of history were they already secure with? Analyse the AfL strategies used in the lesson – e.g. how did they help you assess history skills and knowledge? What involvement did the children have in their own learning? For example: Creating questions to investigate; choices they made about recording their learning How did you ensure there was sufficient challenge for all pupils, including those with SEND and EAL	Ofsted. (2021) Research review series: history Pickford et al. (2013) Primary Humanities – Learning through Enquiry Howorth. M (2015) Teaching Primary History			
How did you strengthen your historical pedagogical and subject knowledge prior to this lesson? Discuss and analyses how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson. How effective was your deployment of additional adults? Percival. J (2020) Understanding Teaching Primary History Historical Association Primary magazine and online resources		Historical Association Primary			

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in LANGUAGES

of the C	stions have been organised in relation to the different strands ore Content Framework to support the coaching conversation elesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.	Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions
Behaviour Management (TS1 and 7)	How did you ensure all learners were meaningfully engaged in an authentic languages activity as soon as possible? How did you motivate all learners to participate? Discuss how you enabled children to work in the target language? For example: Playing communicative games Role play Songs and rhymes	Session 1 (2 hours): NC requirements Effective use of target language Language learning cycle Repetition Interactive language games Total physical response
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	How did you make the language learning experience 'active'? For example: • Use of actions • Physical, verbal and written responses to activities • Use of songs and rhymes How did make the language learning experience 'communicative'? For example: • Use of simple taught vocabulary and 'cognates' to allow learners to formulate their own verbal responses • Use of substitution tables to communicate authentically in the target language in written form How did you enable pupils to use correct pronunciation in spoken work? Explain how you enabled pupils to recall and retain new vocabulary.	Session 2 (2 hours): Use of rhymes and songs Communicative approach Active learning Planning an interactive languages lesson Assessing Languages Resources
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you ensure you felt secure in your subject knowledge of the target language to feel confident in delivering the lesson? Which aspects were you least/most confident about? Why? What impact do you think that had on pupil progress and outcomes? Discuss how your lesson aims helped pupils move towards meaningful communication in another language. How did you support pupils in accessing the language	Key Books, Articles and
	independently? E.g. resources, paired work How did you assess children's understanding and recall of prior	Resources Hood, P. ed., 2018. <i>Teaching</i>
Work Analyse the AfL strategies used in the lesson – how are they specific to language learning? What feedback did you give during the lesson that improved outcomes for the children? E.g. enunciation/fluency/recall Discuss how you used any native/foreign language speakers in school or the wider community (colleagues, pupils, parents) to enhance your languages lesson? Languages for A		Languages Creatively. Criado, R., 2013. A critical review of the presentation-practice-production model (PPP) in foreign language teaching. Homenaje a francisco gutiérrez díez, pp.97-115 Languages for All, Languages for Life 3248FLL section-1 AW
Profes sional Behav	which areas did their input most support independent learning? E.g. spoken, written, reading activities	(lightbulblanguages.co.uk)

University of Warwick - Centre for Teacher Education Prompts to support subject specific discussion in MATHEMATICS

The questions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.

conversation post-iesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.				
How does your use of language promote challenge and aspiration in mathematics? (E.g., avoiding				
Behaviour Management (TS1 and 7)	describing tasks as easier/harder, tasks are low entry/high ceiling for all pupils			
	How did you acknowledge and praise pupil effort to promote a Mathematical Mindset? (For example,			
	effort is acknowledged/praises/rewarded even if the response is incorrect, incorrect answers are not just dismissed)			
	How do you create a positive learning environment which promotes a Mathematical Mindset? (E.g.:			
	nurturing a mindset that everyone can achieve in mathematics, valuing mistakes as a learning opportunity, pupils			
	are comfortable when they are stuck or wrong. For more information see Boaler – www.youcubed.com)			
	How did you use concrete-pictorial-abstract (CPA) to model, explain and scaffold new learning? (E.g.,			
	were practical resources used and modelled to the children? Did all children have access to the same resources?			
Ř	Was the model clear for everyone to see? Was mathematical language used effectively to complement the model?			
	Was understanding of abstract concepts checked?)			
	How did you identify and address mathematical misconceptions that occurred in the lesson? (E.g., was the			
	trainee aware of potential misconceptions – were these record on the learning plan? Were hinge questions used?			
	Were all children assessed, if so how?			
	How did you promote relational understanding over instrumental understanding to promote long term			
	understanding? (E.g., did the teacher facilitate children's exploration of the maths so they could identify patterns			
	and rules themselves? Did the teacher avoid rote-style learning? For more information, see Skemp, R. 1976)			
	How did you promote fluency, reasoning and problem solving? (E.g., did all children have opportunities to			
	develop reasoning and problem solving? Were different methods and insights sought from the class?) Analyse the range of questions you used in your lesson to extend and challenge pupils (E.g., mixture of			
y d 5)	open and closed questions to promote fluency and reasoning. Were diagnostic questions used to explore potential			
ogo	misconceptions? (see assessment in maths lecture)			
lag , 4	How did you ensure that you promoted the use of accurate and consistent mathematical language by all			
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5	learners? (E.g., modelling mathematical language, encouraging pupils to say the whole number sentence rather			
	than just the answer, opportunities for partner/group discussions)			
	Explain how you adapted your lesson to meet the needs of pupils with SEND/EAL in this mathematics			
	lesson. (E.g., assessable resources for all pupils, key vocabulary identified, mixture of open/closed questions, rapid			
	response to identified misconceptions for individuals, groups or whole class – mini plenary)			
	How did you challenge pupils who had grasped the concept quickly? (E.g., richer and more sophisticated			
	problem solving – Nrich, open-ended investigation, inverse questions – see NCETM Primary Assessment			
	Materials)			
	Which core knowledge in mathematics are connected to the concept you taught today? (E.g., number facts,			
	times tables, number bonds, place value, etc.)			
	How did you secure the pupils' knowledge of mathematical facts to develop fluency? (E.g., promoting			
_	relational understanding through encouraging reasoning, exploring different strategies for answering the same			
<u>n</u> (question, for more information see Baroody, J. 2006)			
rriculu (TS3)	How did you use the school's curriculum and resources to prepare today's lesson? (E.g., textbooks,			
Curriculum (TS3)	schemes, teacher guide for the lesson) How did you adapt these resources to meet your pupils' needs?			
Ū	Which common mathematical misconceptions were you anticipating today? (See – Hansen, A 2020)			
	How did your questions differentiate between identifying mathematical mistakes and mathematical			
	misconceptions (see Barton, 2018 – diagnostic multiple choice questioning)			
ent	How did your assessments probe children's reasoning as well as their factual recall? (E.g., pupils are			
ssessme (TS 6)	encouraged to describe, explain, convince justify, prove)			
sess	How did you strengthen your mathematical pedagogical and subject knowledge prior to this lesson? (E.g.,			
Assessment (TS 6)	university taught sessions, NCETM CPD resources, speaking to class teacher/subject lead, maths texts)			
on	How could you communicate pupils' learning in mathematics to parents? (E.g., notes home to communicate			
essic al	successful maths, phone calls home, speaking to parents when they collect their children)			
Profession al Sebaviours	How could you communicate pupils' learning in mathematics to parents? (E.g., notes home to communicate			
Pr	successful maths, phone calls home, speaking to parents when they collect their children)			
	, prome came none, speaking to parent and contest their children,			

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in MATHEMATICS

Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions

University Lectures - 1 hour

Autumn Term

Mathematical Mindset Lecture (1 hour)

Introduction to Mastery and Counting and Place Value (4 hours)

Fluency Lecture (1 hour)

Representation and Structure – 4 operations (4 hours)

Talk in Maths Lecture (1 hour)

Planning Primary Mathematics (2 hours)

	Primary	Early Years	
Before	Fractions, Decimals, Percentages, Ratio and Proportion (4 hours)		
Autumn	tumn Variation Lecture (1 hour)		
Placement Reasoning and Problem Solving (2 hours)		ving (2 hours)	
Before Spring Placement	Assessment in Maths Lecture (1 hour) Teaching Measures (4 hours)	Variation Lecture (1 hour) Nursery Numbers to 5 (2 hours) Shape and Space (2 hours)	
Before Summer Placement	Algebra Geometry Statistics	Assessment in Maths Lecture (1 hour) Fractions (2 hours)	
Optional	ptional Algebra		
Self-Study	Geometry		
Materials	Statistics		
T7 T0 1 1 4 .1 1			

Key Books and Articles

Askew, M., 2016. A Practical Guide to Transforming Primary Mathematics. Routledge

Baroody, A.J. 2006. Phases of basic number fact mastery

Barton, C., 2018. How I Wish I'd Taught Maths: lessons learned from research, conversations with experts, and 12 years of mistakes. Woodbridge: John Catt Education Ltd

Boaler, J., 2015. Elephant in the Classroom London: Souvenir Press

Boaler, J., 2016. Mathematical Mindsets, San Francisco: Jossey-Bass

Hansen, A., 2014. Children's Errors in Mathematics. London: SAGE

Haylock, D., 2019. Mathematics Explained for Primary Teachers London (Sage) 6th Edition

Skemp, R., 1978. Richard R Skemp; Relational understanding and instrumental understanding.

Arithmetic Teacher, 26 (1978), pp. 9–15.

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in MUSIC

the Co	nestions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Content Framework to support the coaching conversation poston. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.	Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions
Behaviour Management (TS1 and 7)	How did you create an effective learning environment which motivated children to see themselves as Musicians? How did your use of music specific language promote challenge and aspiration? How did you prepare children, in terms of their learning behaviours, for working musically? E.g. Listening and analysing; rehearsing musical skills development with instruments; performing or being an audience member; planning and composing collaboratively. How far were children encouraged to be independent, respectful and responsible when selecting, collecting and returning instruments?	Understanding the statutory requirements of the EYFS and NC for Music Developing subject knowledge/pedagogy Exploring diversity of musical genres, musicians and composers; how these can be used as a stimulus in the classroom Subject specific vocabulary and use of musical terms Understanding key musical elements
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	How did you take into account pupils' prior musical knowledge? E.g. the musical experiences children have explored in previous years; application of musical vocabulary taught in previous lessons. How were <i>models</i> used to scaffold development of skills/ knowledge/understanding/appreciation? E.g. understanding specific musical concepts; playing/performing music; listening to, analysing/discussing music; confidence and enthusiasm How did you adapt planning/teaching to support all learners? E.g. Questioning; multisensory observation; use of adapted instruments; culturally relevant music and resources. How were pupils supported in mastering essential musical elements? E.g. Dynamics, Timbre, Tempo, Pitch, Duration, Texture, Structure.	Collaborative learning and composition Exploring graphic and rhythmic notation Learning behaviours and behaviour management for working collaboratively, performing, being an audience member. Resources and inclusive approaches as a support for children/progression of skills Analysing music schemes of work Planning a sequence of learning in music Planning assessment for creative arts subjects: questioning, success criteria, feedback and peer and self-assessment
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you use the school's curriculum and the Model Music Curriculum (2021) to plan your lesson? How did the lesson support school in meeting the requirements of the National Plan for Music Education? Discuss how your lesson promoted active music and sound making.	strategies
Assessment (TS 6) Cu	How did you support learners in making links between learning in music and: the wider curriculum, 'life learning'/experiences? How was feedback given within the lesson to support progress in music and what was the impact? E.g. Did you model feedback using appropriate musical vocabulary? Did you plan opportunity for self/peer feedback? Consider the music learning outcome, what is the success criteria for music success? E.g. How far has your lesson supported children in developing creative behaviours? To what degree have the children developed music skills so that they can create and compose music authentically?	Key Books, Articles and Resources Burnard et al, <i>Teaching Music Creatively</i> (2 nd Edition) (2017) Routledge Daubney, A. (2017) Teaching Primary Music Sage Publishing DfE, Model Music Curriculum: Key Stages 1 to 2 Non-statutory guidance for the national curriculum in England (June 2021) Ofsted Research Review Series – Music Research review series: music - GOV.UK
Professiona 1	How did you develop your music subject knowledge in preparation for this lesson? In what ways do you think that music and the learning opportunities that you plan can impact on the wider life of the school (ref <i>A National Plan for Music Education</i> 2022)	(www.gov.uk) DfE, The power of music to change lives. A National Plan for Music Education (June 2022)

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in PHYSICAL EDUCATION

differ th	The questions have been organised in relation to the rent strands of the Core Content Framework to support e coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to levant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.	Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions	
Behaviour Management	How did you create an effective learning environment and set of routines which motivates children to engage in physical education? How did your use of PE specific language promote challenge and aspiration? Discuss how you might prepare children to become physically confident in a way which supports a healthy lifestyle.	 Session 1: Understanding Physical Literacy Understanding Physical activity Understanding Physical Education Teaching gymnastics across KS1 	
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	How did you assess the pupils' prior knowledge/skills? E.g.: children demonstrating skills, explaining understanding. How did you model PE specific skills? For example: • A = Agility • B = Balance • C = Coordination Explain how you've adapted your PE planning and teaching to be inclusive for all learners.	 and KS2 Subject and curriculum knowledge Plan and teach well-structured lessons Session 2: Understanding of fundamental movement skills. 	
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you utilise and adapt the school's curriculum (published schemes, medium/long term plans) to prepare today's lesson? Discuss how your lesson aims to help pupils build character and embed values such as fairness and respect. For example: Collaborating with others Playing honestly to the rules of the game How did you support pupils in mastering skills in P.E? E.g. Running, jumping, throwing and catching Playing competitive, tactical games Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance Perform dances using a range of movement patterns	 Teaching games across KS1 and KS2 Development of subject and curriculum knowledge Planning and teaching well-structured lessons Session 3: Teaching gymnastics across KS1 and KS2 Subject and curriculum knowledge Plan and teach well-structured lessons Assessment of PE 	
Assessment (TS 6)	How did you assess children's understanding of prior knowledge? How did you assess their varying skill levels? Discuss your assessment of the pupil's physical development, physical activity, physical literacy How did you ensure there was sufficient challenge and support for all pupils, including those with SEND and EAL?	d you assess their varying skill levels? ment of the pupil's physical development, ysical literacy there was sufficient challenge and support there was sufficient challenge and support https://www.afpe.org.uk/physical-	
Professional Behaviours (TS8)	How did you strengthen your PE pedagogical and subject knowledge prior to this lesson? Discuss and analyses how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson. Which skills were they more/less confident with?	education/ Ofsted 2022 Research Review Series: PE Youth Sport Trust website https://www.youthsporttrust.org/	

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in PERSONAL, SOCIAL & HEALTH EDUCATION

The questions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.		Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions	
Behaviour Management (TS1 and	How did you create an effective learning environment which promotes an open and inclusive mindset? For example, how do you promote respectful discussion and debate, celebrating individuality, articulating opinion in a positive way How did your use of social and emotional language promote challenge and aspiration? How did you acknowledge and praise pupil effort to promote a growth mindset? How did you encourage children to consider and articulate their values and character?	Session 1: Understanding the (non) statutory requirements for the teaching of PSHE in Primary Schools (PSHE is a non-statutory subject but schools are still obliged to teach it). Relationships and Sex Education Character Education and identification of	
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	How did you take into account the pupils' prior knowledge in this unit? For example, did you build on subject specific language such as emotional literacy? Did you recognise the specific needs of children in your community? How did you effectively model, explain and scaffold new learning? For example, did you model respectful discussion and debate through circle time? Did you develop metacognitive skills by demonstrating effective listening skills and explain to the children what you are doing to be an effective listener etc. How did you identify and address misconceptions that occurred in the lesson? Were any of these challenging? Why? Consider the Equality Act (2010) – what issues do you recognise around inclusion (e.g protected characteristics including gender, sexuality, disability etc). How did you promote careful listening and mindful discussion?	values. School Ethos Metacognition (and growth mindset) Subject knowledge Coverage of social/emotional issues: Grief, friendship, relationships (inc LGBTQ+), immigration, consent, FGM. Teaching and learning strategies for PSHE and to promote discussion and reflection Session 2 Subject knowledge Health and Economic education: Fraud, gambling, hygiene, dental hygiene, sun	
Curriculum (TS3)	How did you use the school's planning document (For example schemes, medium/long term planning expert staff inc. PSHE coordinator) to prepare today's lesson? (see essential RSE - https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-rse-and-health-education) Discuss how you considered the school's planning documents to consider sequencing PSHE lessons? (For example, did you consider progression, next steps)	care, drugs and alcohol, periods How to plan in PSHE. Assessment strategies in PSHE and different forms of assessment when planning Resources and first-hand learning opportunities when planning Planning for progression in PSHE	
.Assessment (TS 6)	How did you assess children's understanding of prior knowledge? E.g.how to be respectful of one another Analyse the AfL strategies used in the lesson. How did your questions enable engagement and support all learners the confidence to contribute? Which pupils struggled to contribute effectively today? Why might this be?	Key Books, Articles and Resources: DfE (2019) Relationships Education and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education Dweck C. (2012) Mindset: How You Can Fulfil Your Potential Robinson	
Professional Behaviours	How did you strengthen your PSHE pedagogical and subject knowledge prior to this lesson? Discuss and analyse how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson? What questions did they have about the lesson? How effective was the deployment of additional adults? How did it support learning in PSHE?	Maslow (1943) A theory of human motivation Psychological Review, Vol 50(4) (p.370-396)	

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in **RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

The questions have been organised in relation to the different strands of			
	re Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-		
lesso	n. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested		
	academic reading have also been provided.		
1	How did the learning motivate the children to see themselves as		
\mathbf{S}	theologians? (Depending on the lens of learning this may also		
ur t (J	relate to them being sociologists, philosophers or historians too.)		
io en	Discuss how you prepared children to learn respectfully in RE.		
hav em	Eg: expressing ideas; listening/observing others; questioning;		
Behaviour Management (TS1	discussing and debating; handling sacred texts/artefacts;		
[an	understanding and adhering to cultural/religious guidelines eg.		
Σ	when visiting a place of wearship or masting a religious leader		
	when visiting a place of worship or meeting a religious leader.		
	How did you take into account the pupils' prior knowledge in		
	RE? E.g. Which religions and world views have they already		
	encountered? What is their progression of understanding 'about'		
	and 'from' religion explored in previous years? What		
	experience do they have of looking at worldviews through		
	disciplinary lenses (theological, sociological, philosophical,		
15)	historical)?		
unc	How effectively were <i>models</i> used to scaffold the development		
4	of RE skills/knowledge and understanding/application of		
2,	learning? E.g. interpretation, analysis, explanation of learning		
TS			
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and 5)	sources; communication of knowledge/understanding and		
308	applying vocabulary; consideration of 'ultimate' questions and		
dag	ethical issues.		
Pe	How did you identify and address misconceptions? Consider		
	British Values, promotion of SMSC, school's responsibilities		
	around The Prevent Duty and the Equality Act 2010.		
	Describe adaptations to planning and teaching- how did you		
	challenge all learners? E.g., Questioning, resources,		
	consideration of children's own faith, worldviews and cultural		
	backgrounds to support and enhance learning when planning.		
	How did you support learners in making links between their		
33)	learning from RE and their own world views and life		
T	experiences?		
culum (TS3)	Discuss how you created opportunities for the application and		
ılı	evaluation of RE disciplinary skills.		
ici	How might you plan for children to develop and communicate		
Curri			
C	their own ideas in relation to questions about personal identity,		
	belonging, meaning, purpose, truth, values and commitments?		
<u>(</u>	To what degree do your assessment strategies measure		
S	children's ability to reason, weigh up, analyse and interpret		
	information as well as recall information? (Are assessment		
ent	strategies linked to specific disciplinary lenses?)		
Assessment (TS 6)			
ess	How far do the outcomes of an individual RE lesson relate to the		
SSV	children's progress towards answering the Ultimate Question		
Ą	foci of your medium-term plan/unit of work?		
	How did you develop your Religious Education and Worldview		
П	subject knowledge in preparation for this lesson?		
ona urs			
ssic 7i0	How might you draw on the expertise of other adults in the		
Professional Behaviours	school community and beyond to support learning success in		
Pro Be	Religious and Worldview Education?		
I]			

Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions

Lecture

Understanding the statutory requirements for the teaching of RE in Primary Schools Pedagogical developments in Religious and Worldview Education Subject knowledge – religions, worldviews and disciplinary lenses RE as a key part of children's Social, Emotional, Spiritual and Cultural development and the promotion of British

Teaching and learning strategies for RE and to promote respectful discussion and reflection

Seminar:

Planning for progression in RE – exploring and adapting SACRE planning. Using high-quality texts in RE Respectful use of artefacts and first-hand learning opportunities when planning RE Building ethical dilemmas into RE lessons Assessment of R.E.

Key Books, Articles and Resources

Ofsted (2021) Research review series: **Religious Education** British Journal of Religious Education Volume 44, Issue 4 (2022) Chater.M (2020) Reforming RE Power and Knowledge in a Worldviews Curriculum. John Catt Publication Howard, C. Investigating Artefacts in Religious Education (2009) Religious and **Moral Education Press** Ofsted (2021) Research review series: **Religious Education** RE: Online: http://www.reonline.org.uk RE Today: https://www.retoday.org.uk Natre: https://www.natre.org.uk SMSC Quality Mark:

www.smscqualitymark.org.uk

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific feedback in Science

The questions have been organised in relation to the different strands of the Core Content Framework to support the coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.

the coaching conversation post-lesson. Signposting to relevant university sessions and/or suggested academic reading have also been provided.				
	How do you create an effective learning environment which motivates children to see themselves as scientists and science as relevant to everyday life? (For example: Introduction to early/ primary science lecture; Archer et al.; Nag Chowdhuri et al.)			
Behaviour	How does your use of science specific vocabulary promote challenge and aspiration? (For			
Management	example: Bianchi et al.; Ofsted)			
(TS1 and 7)	How did you organise access to resources for working scientifically? Were children responsible for			
	choosing, collecting and returning relevant equipment? Explain how the resources supported			
	effective teaching and learning (For example: 'Behaviour Management and Organisation for			
	Science' lecture; Bianchi et al.; Wellcome)			
	Explain how you take into account the pupils' prior science learning or previous experiences. How do you support learners to make links to other science topics or across the curriculum? (For example: development of scientific concepts from earlier years (substantive and disciplinary); links to other science topics; University 'Planning for progression'; McMahon et al.; Harlen)			
	How effective were any models / concrete examples used to scaffold understanding of specific			
	science concepts? Evaluate any online resources used to support your teaching and the children's			
	learning (For example; CFE research; McMahon; Ofsted; Wellcome; various University sessions)			
	What common scientific misconceptions were you anticipating? How did you identify and address			
Dodogogy	those that occurred? (For example: Bianchi et al.; Ofsted; various University sessions)			
Pedagogy (TS2, 4 and	Which type of scientific enquiry was incorporated? (Observing over time; pattern seeking;			
(132, 4 and 5)	identifying, classifying and grouping; comparative and fair testing (controlled investigations);			
3)	researching using secondary sources). Were children encouraged to use their own curiosity? How?			
	Were children collecting, analysing or presenting data? (For example; Working Scientifically			
	University sessions; Bianchi et al.; Ofsted)			
	How do you make effective use of the local environment to support learners to develop scientific			
	knowledge about the world? (For example: ASE guide ch 19; Plants and the Environment session)			
	Explain how you adapt your science planning and teaching to be inclusive, engaging, personalised,			
	child centred, with effective challenge for all learners. What was the impact of this? (For example,			
	drawing on children's interests; use of questions, multisensory opportunities, culturally relevant;			
	Archer et al.; Bianchi et al.; Nag Chowdhuri et al.; Wellcome; various University sessions)			
	Which core knowledge in science is connected to the concept you taught today? How does it link			
	to other science concepts and topics the children have (For example: Big Ideas, Harlen)			
Curriculum	How did you use the school's science curriculum (e.g. schemes, medium-term planning) to			
(TS3)	prepare? How did you adapt these resources to meet the needs of the learners? How did you promote secure understanding and scientific reasoning (substantive & disciplinary)?			
	Was effective use made of demonstrations, illustrations, models and worked examples? (For			
	example: McMahon et al; various University sessions)			
	How did you assess children's prior knowledge and understanding? Did your assessment			
	effectively probe children's scientific reasoning and application of concepts? (For example: University lecture, Questions and Talk in Science lecture; ASE ch 22; CFE; Wellcome. Consider			
Assessment	discussion scaffolds e.g. Odd One Out, PMI and Big Questions – Explorify and PSTT Bright Ideas)			
(TS 6)	Analyse the AfL strategies used in the lesson. How effective were they?			
' '	,			
	Discuss your assessment of 'working scientifically' and disciplinary knowledge (For example:			
	Assessing Science University session; TAPS focused assessment resources)			
Professional	How did you strengthen your science pedagogical and subject knowledge prior to this lesson? (For example: University taught sessions; self-study; science CPD (e.g. PSTT and Reach Out)			
Behaviours	Discuss and analyse how you prepared additional adults prior to the lesson? How effective was the			
(TS8)	deployment of additional adults?			
	perioritem of additional addition			

Centre for Teacher Education University of Warwick Prompts to support subject specific discussion in SCIENCE

Overview o	f Tonics	Covered in	Universit	v Sessions
OVCI VICIV O	1 100103	COVCI CU III	CITIVETOTE	, 565516115

University Leatures 1 hours	Seminars – 2 hours		
University Lectures -1 hour	Early Years	Primary	
Autumn term:	Autumn term KS1:	Autumn term:	
Introduction to early/primary	Working Scientifically #1 observation	Working Scientifically #1 observation	
science	Working Scientifically #2 prediction	Working Scientifically #2 prediction	
Behaviour Management and	Life Processes	Life Processes	
Organisation for Science	Materials	Materials	
Questions and Talk in Science	Planning for progression	Planning for progression	
Spring term:	Spring term EY:	Spring term:	
Earth and Space	The Natural World #1 Forces	Forces	
Evolution and Inheritance		Electricity	
	Summer term EY:	Assessing science (focus Light &	
	The Natural World #2 Light and Sound	Sound)	
	The Natural World #3 Plants and the	Working Scientifically #3 full	
	Environment	investigation	
		Plants and the environment	

Key Books and Articles

Archer Ker, L., DeWitt, J., Osborne, J. F., Dillon, J. S., Wong, B., & Willis, B. (2013). ASPIRES Report: Young people's science and career aspirations, age 10 –14. King's College London.

Bianchi, L., Whittacker, C. and Poole, A. (2021) The 10 key issues with children's learning in primary science in England; The University of Manchester and The Ogden Trust.

CFE research (2023) Evaluation of Explorify: Interim report for STEM Learning and the Primary Science Teaching Trust; CFE research.

Harlen, W. (Editor) (2015) Working with Big Ideas of Science Education; iap.

Harlen, W. (Editor) (2010) Principles and big ideas of science education: The Association for Science Education.

McMahon, K., Mckay, D. and Lee, A. (2021) The Learning Sciences and Primary School Science; Wellcome / Bath Spa University.

Nag Chowdhuri, M., King, H. & Archer, L. (2021) The Primary Science Capital Teaching Approach: teacher handbook. London: University College London.

Ofsted (2023) Finding the optimum: the science subject report; Crown copyright.

Serrett N. and Earle S. (Editors) (2018) ASE Guide to Primary Science Education; The Association for Science Education.

Wellcome (2021) Primary science education beyond 2021 – what next? Wellcome Trust.

Centre for Teacher Education - University of Warwick Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions PROFESSIONAL ENQUIRY

NB. Related coaching prompts are found on the subject-specific pages.

and evide	Enquiry develops trainees' understanding of current research-informed ence-based pedagogy. It develops trainees' abilities to creatively apply resolve practical issues in complex professional environments i.e. the primary classroom.	Some Key Books, Articles and Resources	
	How Children Learn	Aubrey, K. and Riley, A (2022) Understanding and Using Educational Theories (3rd edition)	
	Curriculum	Coe, R. et al. (2020) Great Teaching Toolkit Evidence Review available online at:	
	Child Development	https://www.greatteaching.com/ Crossley, N and Hewitt D. (2021): Inclusion: a	
	Principles of Inclusion and SEND	principled guide for school leaders.	
	Assessment for Learning	Wiliam, D. (2018) Embedded formative assessment (2nd edition).	
H H	Behaviour to Learn (IPPU)	Deunk, M., et al. (2018) Effective differentiation Practices: A systematic review and meta-analysis of studies on the cognitive	
TERM ONE	Adaptive Teaching	effects of differentiation practices in primary education Educational Research Review (24)	
TER	SEMH	pp31-54 EEF (2019) Improving Behaviour in Schools:	
	Equalities Act & Social Justice	six recommendations for improving behaviour in schools online at:	
	Cognitive Science in the classroom	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/ education-evidence/guidance-	
	Deployment of TAs	reports/behaviour Ellis, S. and Tod, J. (2018) Behaviour for	
	Introduction to Teaching pupils learning EAL	Learning: Promoting Positive Relationships in the Classroom	
	Learning Theory Presentations	OECD (2012) The Nature of Learning – Using research to inspire Practice online at:	
	Social Justice, Intellectual Curiosity, Creativity and Critical Practice	https://www.oecd.org/education/ceri/50300814 .pdf accessed 21.8.23 Ofsted (2019) Education inspection framework Overview of research available online at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/education-inspection-framework-overview-of-research Perry, T. et al. (2021) Cognitive Science in the	
	Assessment for Learning#2		
OWL	Behaviour to Learn #2		
TERM TWO	Anti-bullying	Classroom: Evidence and Practice Review London: Education Endowment Foundation	
31	PEn Assignment	(EEF) available from: https://d2tic4wvo1iusb.cloudfront.net/documts/guidance/Cognitive_science_approaches_inthe_classroom	
	Self-regulation and metacognition		
	Memory & Cognitive Science in the classroom	A review of the evidence.pdf The Bell Foundation (2023): Guiding learners	
TERM THREE	Assessment of Learning Carousel: Introduction to Assessment of Learning School A: Assessment and tracking of pupil progress School B: Assessment and tracking of pupil progress Disadvantage, Underperformance and Social Justice	using EAL through the school transition process online at https://www.bell-foundation.org.uk/ Wigelsworth. M et al (2020) Identifying effective, evidence-based social and emotional learning strategies for teachers and schools. Education Endowment Foundation	
=	Communicating with Parents		
THE NAME OF A LOCATION ALL THEORY AND A STATE OF A STAT			

Centre for Teacher Education - University of Warwick Overview of Topics Covered in University Sessions

PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE

NB. Related coaching prompts are found on the subject-specific pages.

Profession	onal Practice develops trainees' understanding of the expectations for	Some Key Books, Articles	
teachers' professional behaviours and how to apply them in schools.		and Resources	
	Building appropriate professional relationships with University colleagues	AnitBrown, K, (2018) Bullying: A review of the evidence Education	
	Professionalism & Ethics	Policy Institute available online at: https://epi.org.uk/publications-and-	
	Character Education	research/bullying-a-review-of-the-	
	Mindfulness and Teacher Wellbeing	evidence/ Brookfield, S. (2017) Becoming a	
	An Introduction to Safeguarding #1	Critically Reflective Teacher Second Edition San Francisco: John	
ONE	Reflective Practice & Reflexivity	Wiley & Sons Inc.	
TERM ONE	Warwick Teacher Values & Teacher Identity	DfE (2012) Teachers' Standards https://www.gov.uk/government/pu	
H	Safeguarding #2: Prevent & British Values	blications/teachers-standards	
	Autumn Placement Briefing	DfE (2023) Keeping Children Safe in Education	
	Trainee Mental Health and Wellbeing	https://assets.publishing.service.gov .uk/government/uploads/system/upl	
	Safeguarding Update #3	oads/attachment_data/file/1181955/	
	Record Keeping, Evaluations and the CRD	Keeping children safe in education 2023.pdf	
	Target Setting and Expectations for Block Placement	Freeman, N. (1999) Morals and	
	Supported Reflection 1	Character: The Foundations of Ethics and Professionalism, The	
	Safeguarding Update #4	Educational Forum, 63:1, 30-36 Kolb, D. (2015) Experiential	
		Learning: Experience as the Source	
TERM TWO	Applications & Interviews #1	of Learning and Development Second Edition New Jersey:	
Σ	Spring Placement Briefing	Pearson Education	
Ħ	Introduction to Spring PPUs	The Jubilee Centre	
	Personalised Provision #1	https://www.jubileecentre.ac.uk/29 38/projects/virtues-in-the-	
	Applications & Interviews #2	professions/integrating-practical- wisdom	
	Supported Reflection 2	Twiselton, s. (2004) The role of	
щ	Safeguarding Update #5	teacher identities in learning to teach primary literacy Educational	
THRE	Personalised Provision #2	Review 56:2 pp157-164	
TERM THREE	Supported Reflection 3		
F	Introduction to Summer PPUs	<u></u>	
Deprime in the first following the control of the c	Months and Character The Foundations of Utilities and Professionalism In Young Manual The Foundations of Utilities The Foundations o	UNIVERSITY © DIRECTORY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	









