

Supervisory & reflective practice: the role of e-guidance

The Career Landscape: from island to global

**Australian Association of Career Counsellors
17th National Career Conference
25-28 March, 2008**

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Supervisory & reflective practice: the role of e-guidance

Focus:

- introduction of a reflective e-portfolio to a UK call centre (2006/2007)
- sub-contracting arrangement by a major e-learning provider
- service: telephone career guidance

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Primary aim of e-portfolio:

- To support the continuing professional development (CPD) of 'career coaches' providing the telephone service

Secondary aim:

- Improve service to customers

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Key Issue:

- Influence of the two organisational cultures on the process of development & implementation
- Mediated by different understandings of technology and its uses

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Structure:

- learndirect service
- Supervisory & reflective practice
- Workplace PLEs & E-portfolios
- Organisational culture, CPD & technology

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Learndirect Advice Service:

- Telephone and web-based learning & careers service
- Phone service launched in 1998, sub-contracted to BSS
- Website launched in 2000

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Telephone service:

- Initially – single tier of advisers
- Many requests - straightforward
- Peak calls – 1.4m in 2000
- Average call length – 8 minutes

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Telephone service:

- Now offering in-depth careers guidance
- 800,000 callers per year
- Promoted through national television advertising

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Telephone service:

- 7 days a week
- 8am to 10pm
- information and advice offered in 9 languages other than English

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Telephone service:

- 200 employees in two national centres
- 3 tiers of adviser:
 - ~ Information adviser
 - ~ Learning adviser
 - ~ Career coach
- Significant internal training programme with external accreditation

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Web service:

- Self-service access to details on:
 - ~ 900,000 course from 10,000 providers
 - ~ 800 occupational profiles
 - ~ Articles on funding, childcare, etc.

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Supervision:

Purpose:

To develop & maintain usefulness to clients

Definition:

Formal contractual arrangement which enables practitioners to discuss their work with someone appropriately qualified



ADVICE LINE



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Ref: Horton, I. (1995). Supervision, in R. Bayne & P. Nicolson (eds.) *Counselling & Psychology for Health Professionals*. London: Chapman & Hall.

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Supervisory roles:

- *Educative* – deeper understanding, reflective
- *Supportive* – intense or conflicting demands
- *Managerial* – organisational standards/goals

Ref: Kadushin, A.: Supervision in Social Work New York: Columbia University Press, 1976

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Supervision:

E-portfolios offered one method of developing supervisory practice within BSS, compatible with workplace demands & constraints

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Workplace PLEs:

- Based on the development of e-learning tools which are not dependent on VLEs
- Collaborative learning:
 - ~ learning communities;
 - ~ social networks; and
 - ~ communities of practice

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Workplace PLEs:

- Made up of a collection of loosely coupled tools, including Web 2.0 technologies
- Used for:
 - ~ working; learning; reflection; and collaboration with others

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Workplace PLEs:

- learner driven, problem-based and motivated by interest;
- learning as a continuing activity (not a process triggered by a single provider);
- use of work-integrated learning support

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Workplace PLEs: some challenges

- linkage of individual learning processes with the development of individual/collective understanding as knowledge and learning processes mature

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Workplace PLEs: some challenges

- Much e-learning, e-assessment and knowledge management offer solutions for specific learning needs that can be 'just-in-time' direct from the workplace
- But have often created a *fragmented learning landscape*

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Workplace PLEs & e-portfolios

- Within the Learndirect/BSS context, the learning activities of the career coaches needed to be conceived (and technically supported) as embedded into *everyday work processes*
- e-portfolios support review, reflection & personal development planning

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E-portfolio

Collection of digital resources that:

- provide evidence of progress & achievement
- drawn from both formal & informal learning
- personally managed and owned by the learner
- can be selectively accessed

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E-portfolio: development phases

- research
- awareness-raising
- consultation
- design
- piloting & refinement
- implementation

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Supervision: the role of e-guidance

- Technology developed to record 'case studies' of interesting &/or difficult customers
- To be discussed and shared selectively with colleagues

Powerful & flexible form of supervisory practice?

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Organisational cultures Learndirect/BSS

The implementation and application of ICT goes through a filtering process of social norms, attitudes and values.

(Symon, 2000)

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Organisational cultures Learndirect/BSS

Emerging tensions:

- Data protection (case studies)
- Privacy (levels of access)
- Organisational policy v. 'personalisation' (files and images)

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Overall:

- Technology can operate as a *catalyst* for change & also used to *encourage* change
- *Too early* to assess the degree of change stimulated by the introduction of an e-portfolio in this context
- However, this innovation likely to play a *significant role* in organisational change