

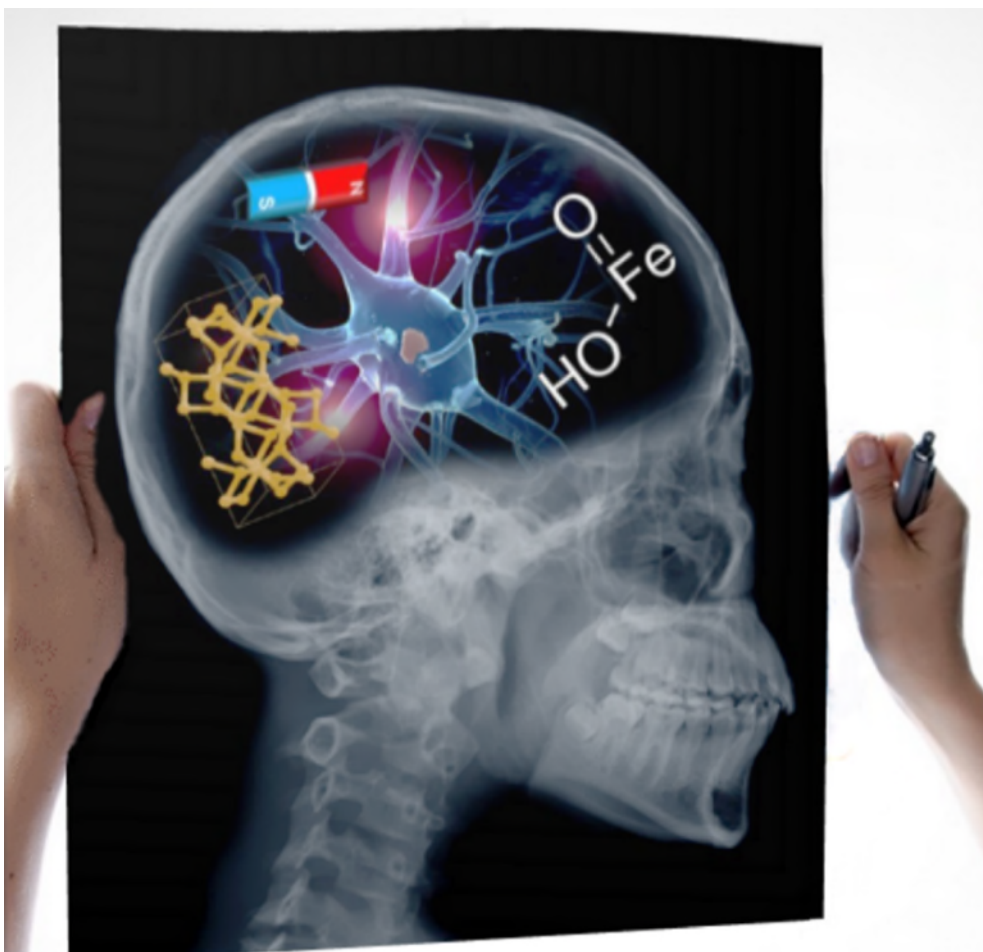


Metrology for metallomics

Discovering the roles of metals in brain disorders

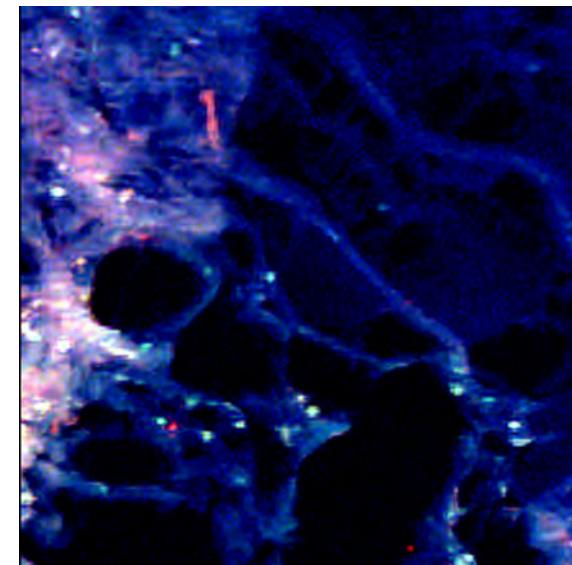
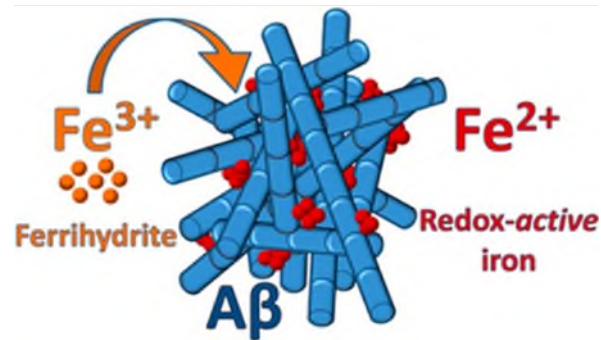
Prof Joanna Collingwood

Trace Metals in Medicine, School of Engineering, University of Warwick,
Coventry, UK

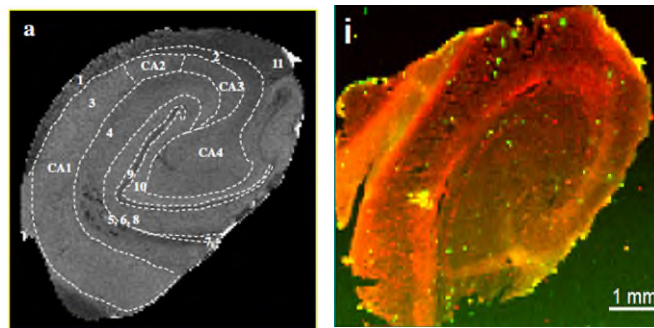
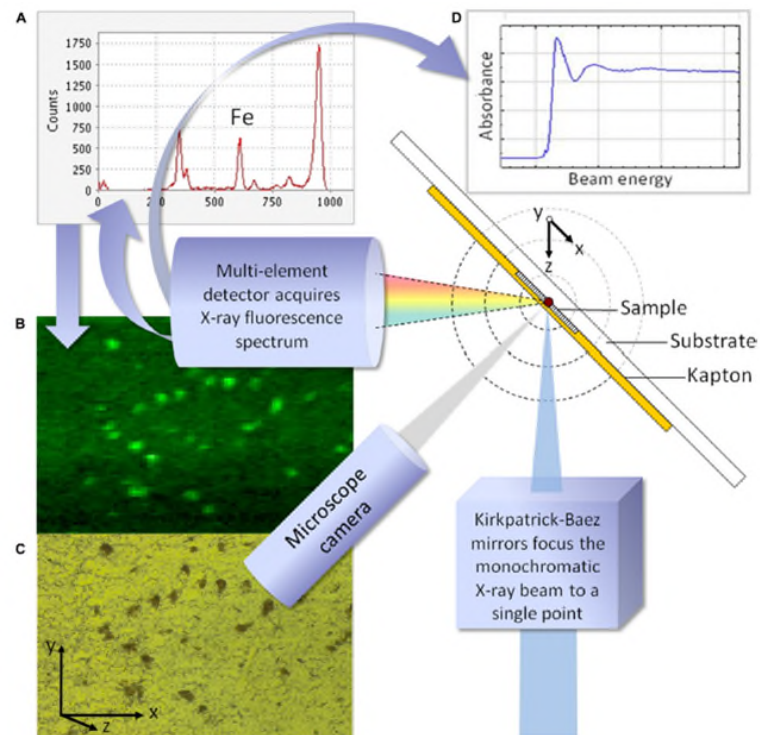




How we use synchrotron x-rays to study metal elements in the brain – and why!



Iron nanoparticle chemistry in pathology



Super-resolution approaches to speed up XRF imaging of tissue samples

Understanding how MRI signal is affected by iron in neurodegenerative diseases



Metal elements are essential to normal brain function

WARWICK

Diencephalon

Corpus pineale ^{Mn}
Globus pallidus ^{Mn}
Hypothalamus ^{Mn}

Mesencephalon

Red nucleus ^{Fe}
Substantia nigra ^{Cu} ^{Fe}

Pons

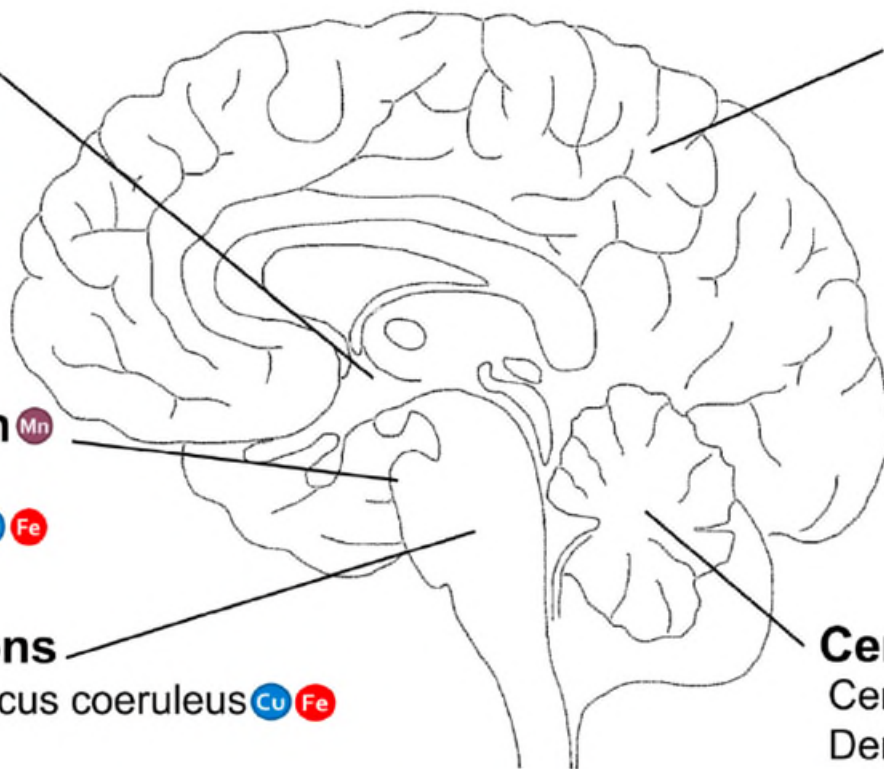
Locus coeruleus ^{Cu} ^{Fe}

Telencephalon

Amygdala ^{Zn}
Basal ganglia ^{Cu}
Globus pallidus ^{Fe} ^{Mn} ^{Se}
Subthalamic nucleus ^{Mn}
Caudate nucleus ^{Fe} ^{Mn} ^{Se}
Hippocampus ^{Cu} ^{Zn}
Parietal inferior lobule ^{Se}
Posterior occipital lobe ^{Se}
Putamen ^{Fe} ^{Mn} ^{Se}

Cerebellum

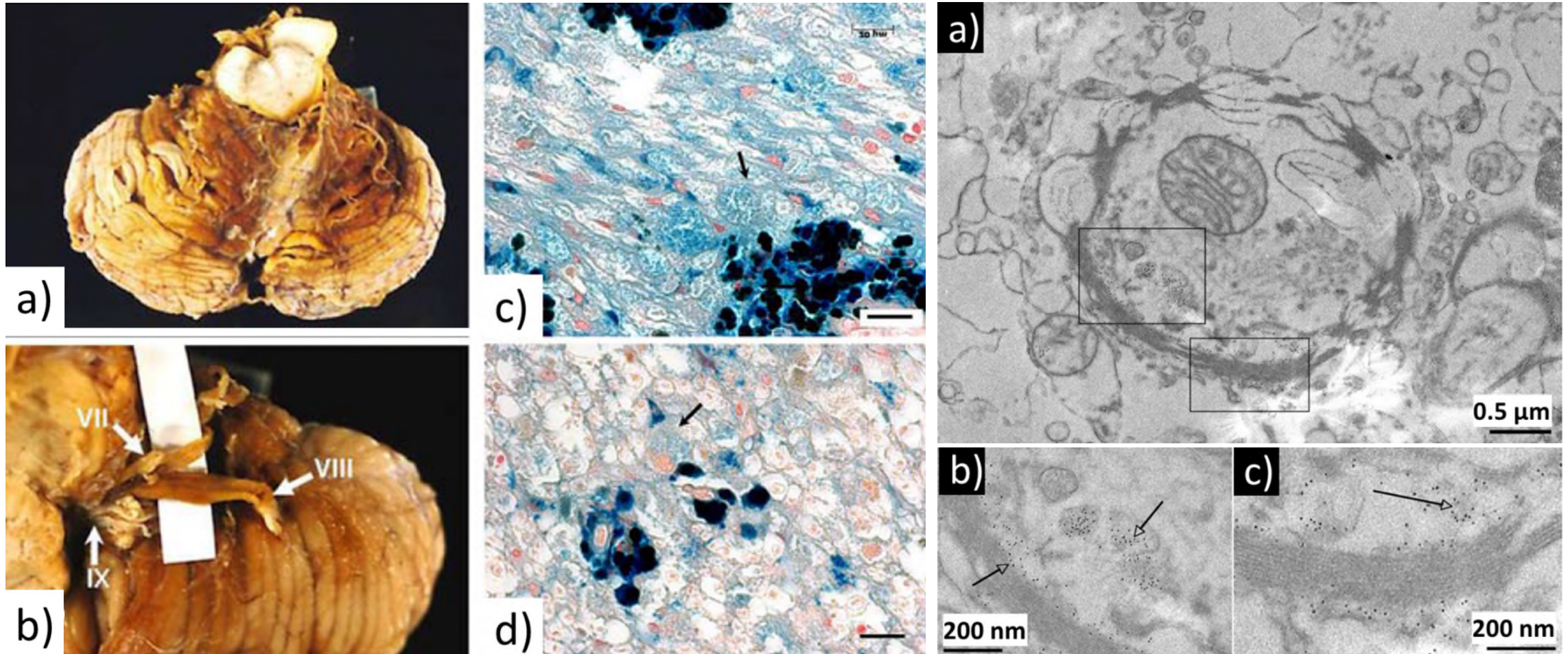
Cerebellar vermix ^{Se}
Dentate nucleus ^{Cu} ^{Fe} ^{Mn}



Fe
Zn
Cu
Mn
Se

Fig. 2. Schematic overview of brain regions and distribution of Fe, Cu, Mn, Zn, and Se highlighting areas of TE enrichments under physiological conditions. Illustrated is a schematic longitudinal section of the brain with its five main brain regions. Additionally shown are the respective subsections for each main brain region with their particular TE enrichment. A detailed summary of the different TE brain concentrations is reviewed in Grochowski et al. [31,105].

Transport & storage of metals is disrupted in some disorders



How to measure what is happening?

Alzheimer's amyloid plaque

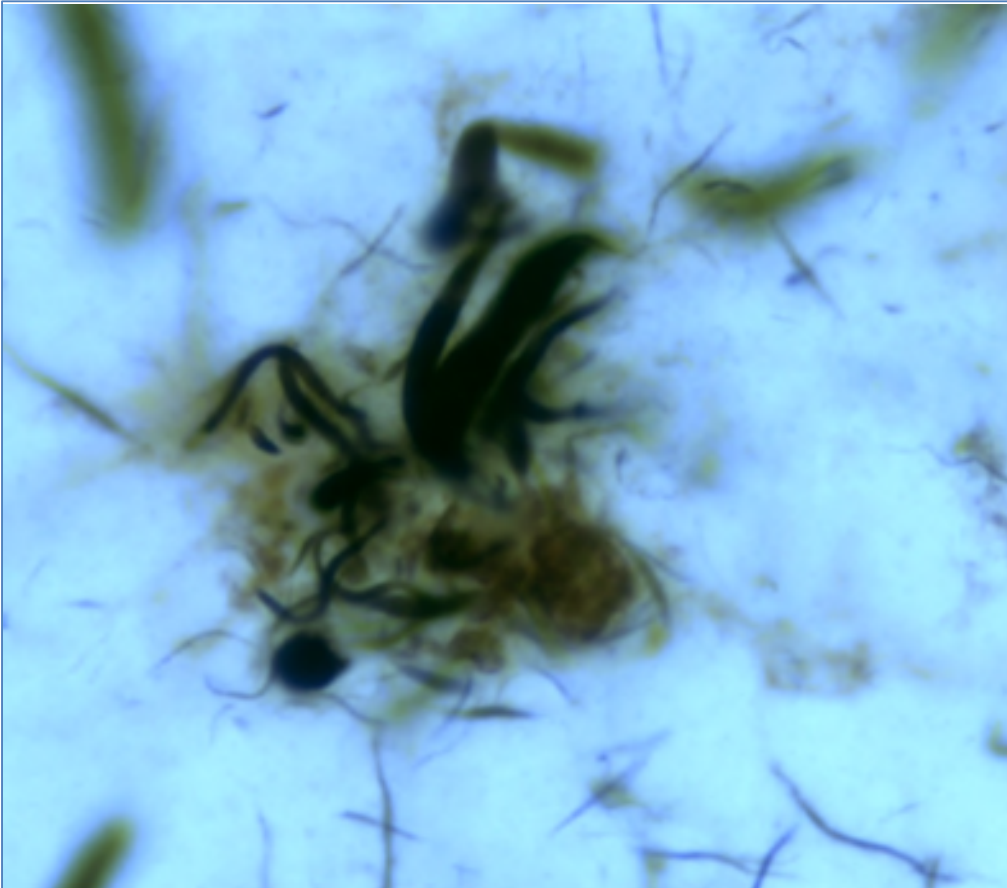


Figure 3 from Collingwood et al, *Journal of Alzheimer's Disease* 2005, v7, pp267-272

Iron accumulation in Parkinson's

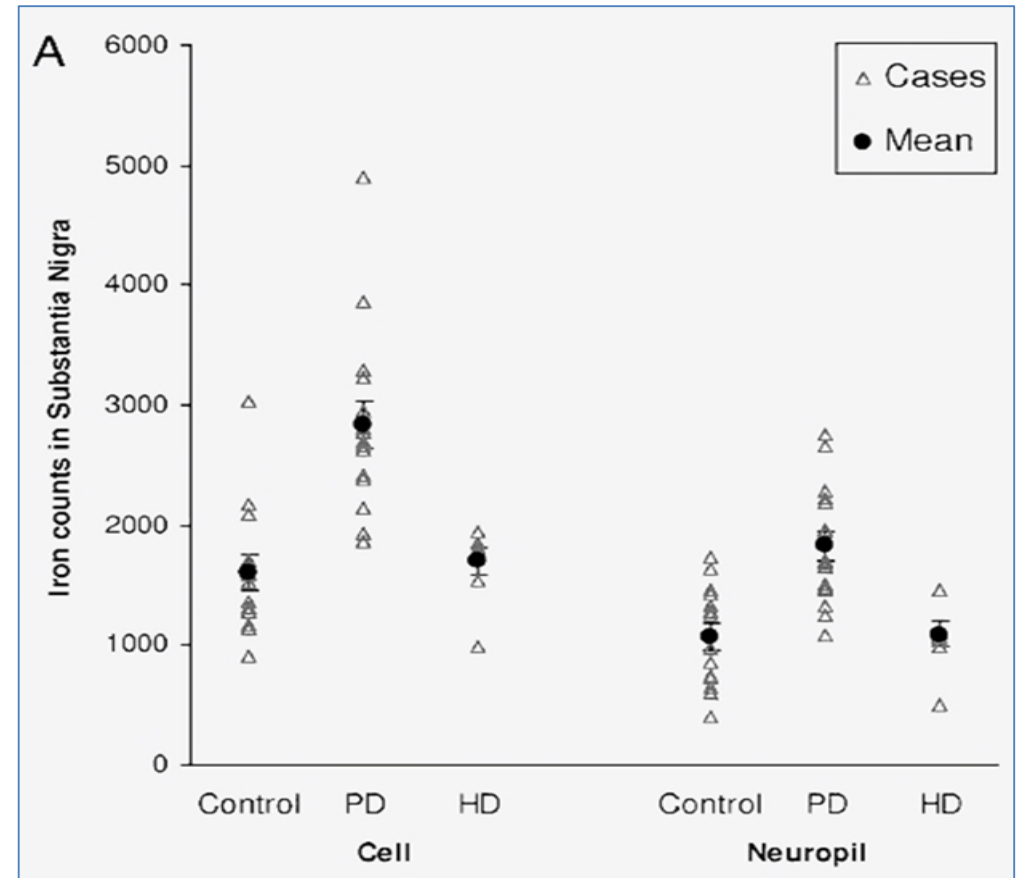
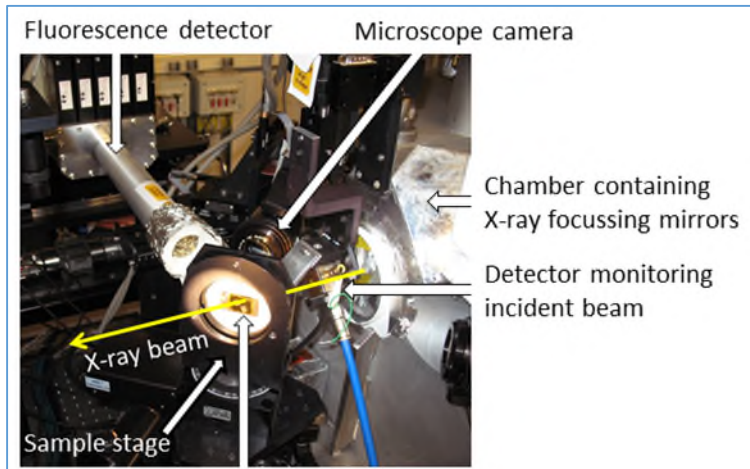
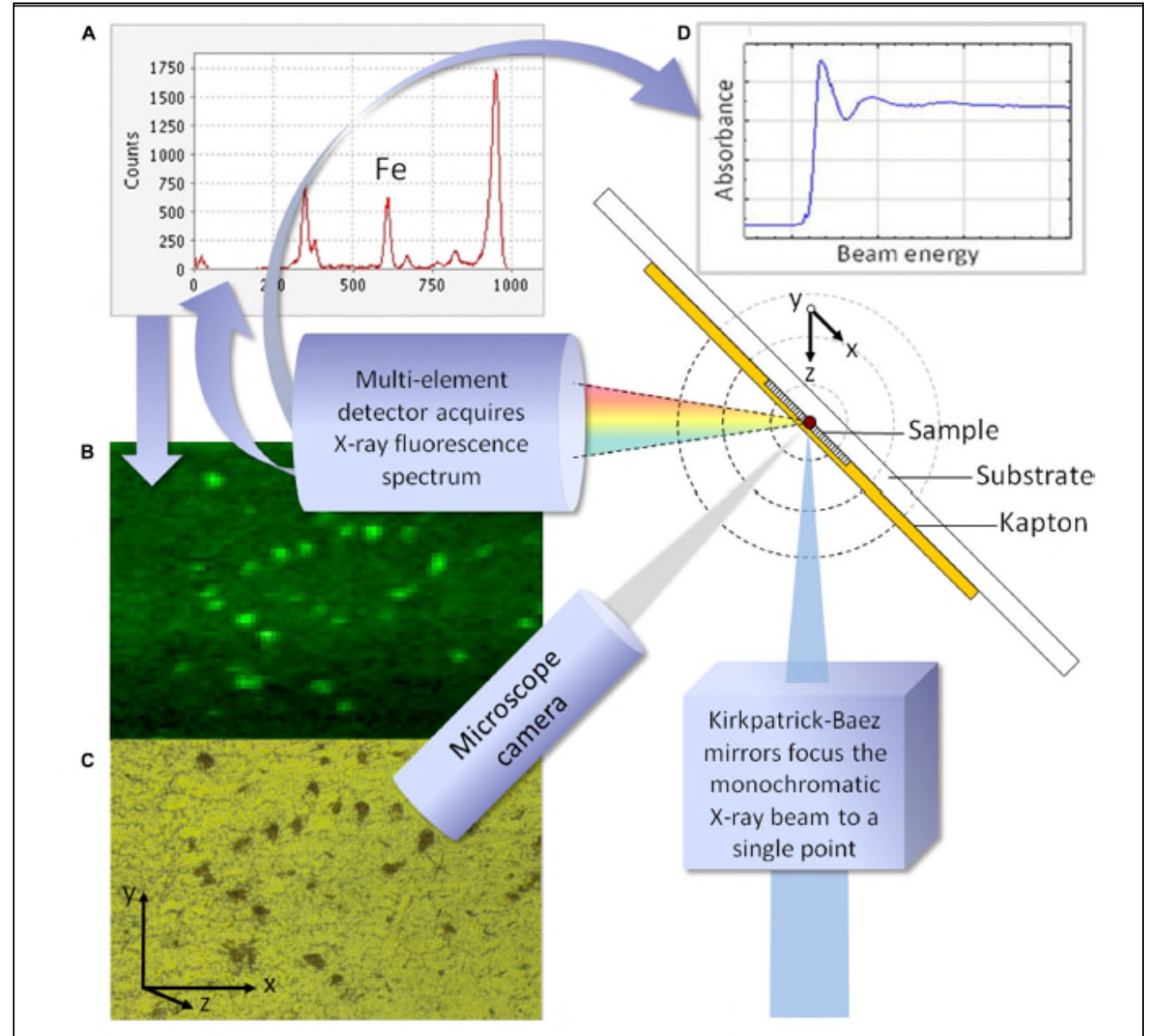
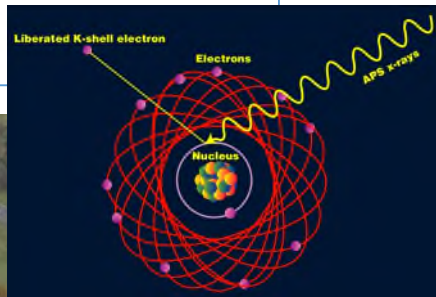


Figure 2A from Oakley et al, *Neurology*, 2007, v68, pp1820-1825

Non-destructive imaging & analysis – synchrotron X-ray spectromicroscopy

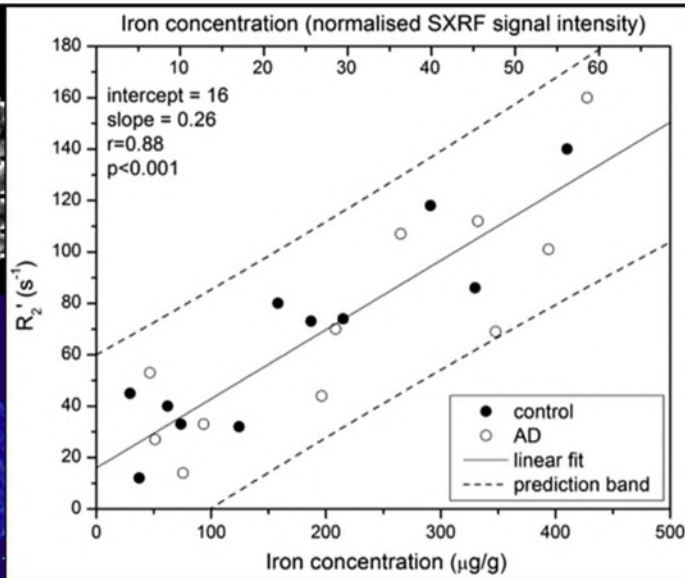
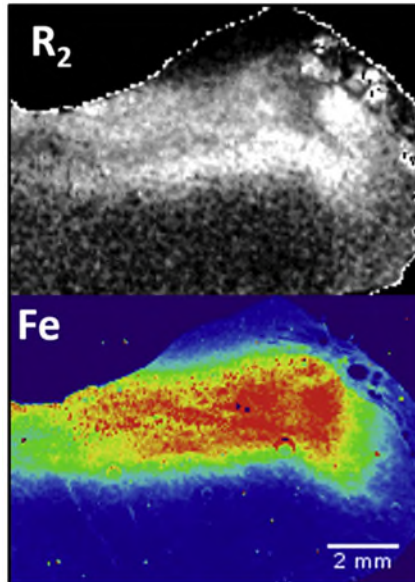
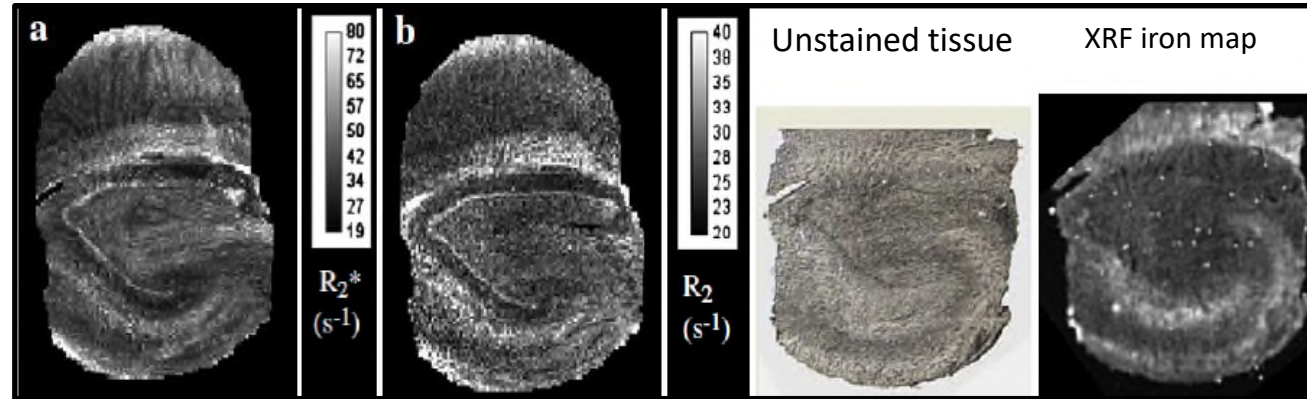
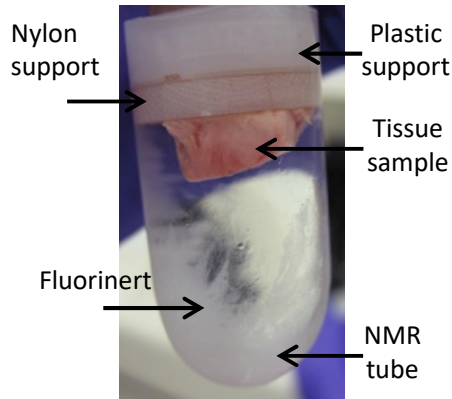


Slide-mounted tissue sections with Kapton (polyimide) film cover



What is the relationship between brain iron and MRI contrast?

Tissue @ 3°C during measurement



Dependence of MRI on iron at 9.4T in human Alzheimer's and control brains

$$R_2 = 0.072 [\text{Fe}] + 20$$

$$R_2^* = 0.340 [\text{Fe}] + 37$$

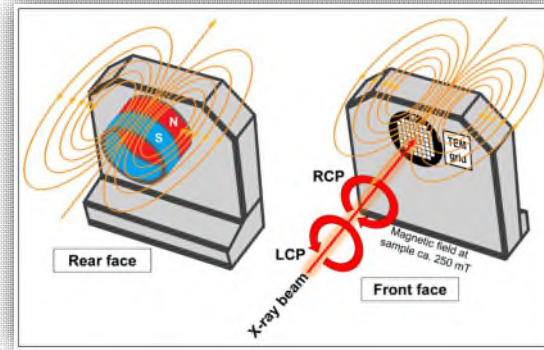
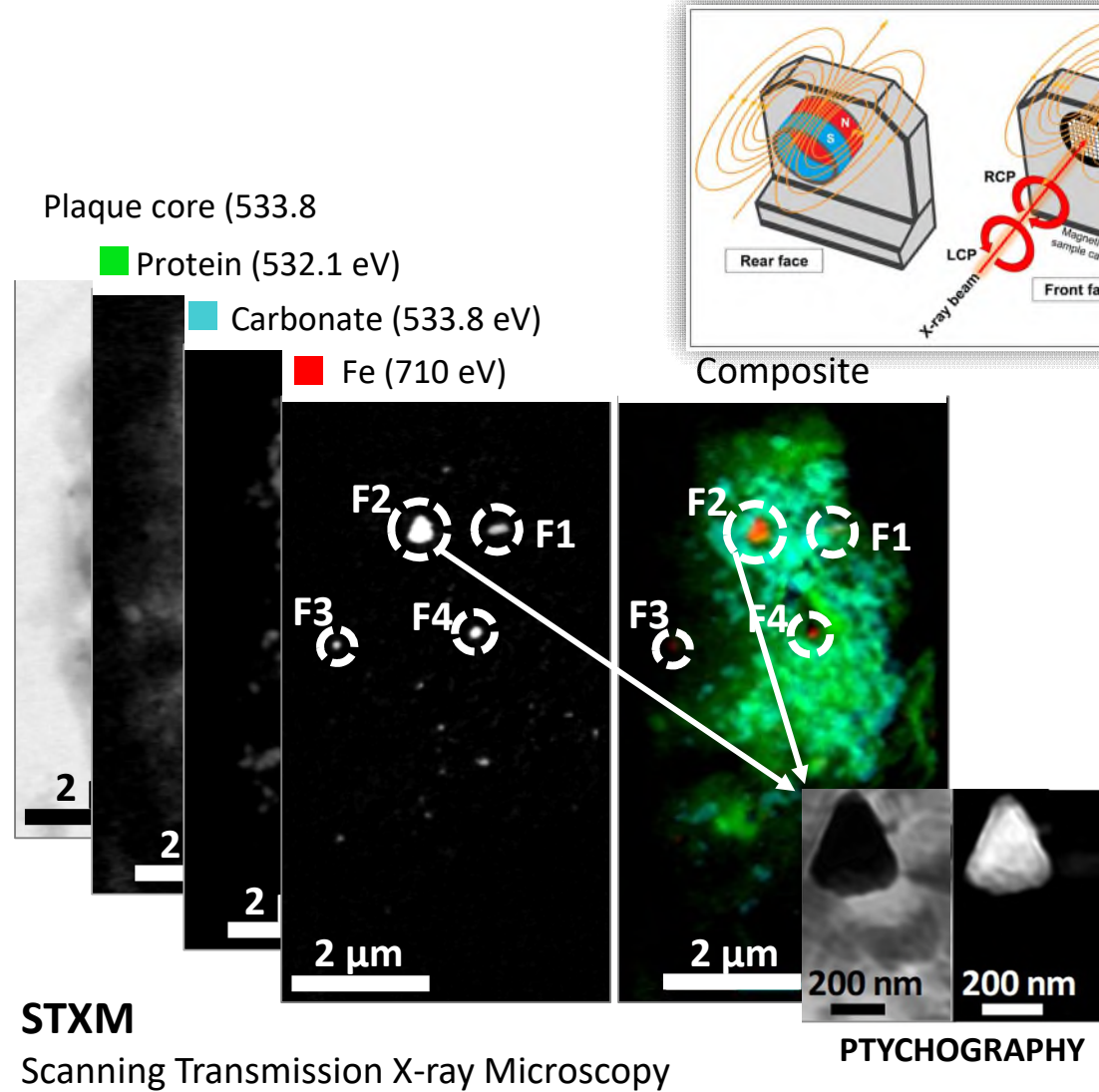
$$R_2' = 0.260 [\text{Fe}] + 16$$

V. Antharam, J. F. Collingwood, et al. (2012) *Neuroimage* 59 1249-1260

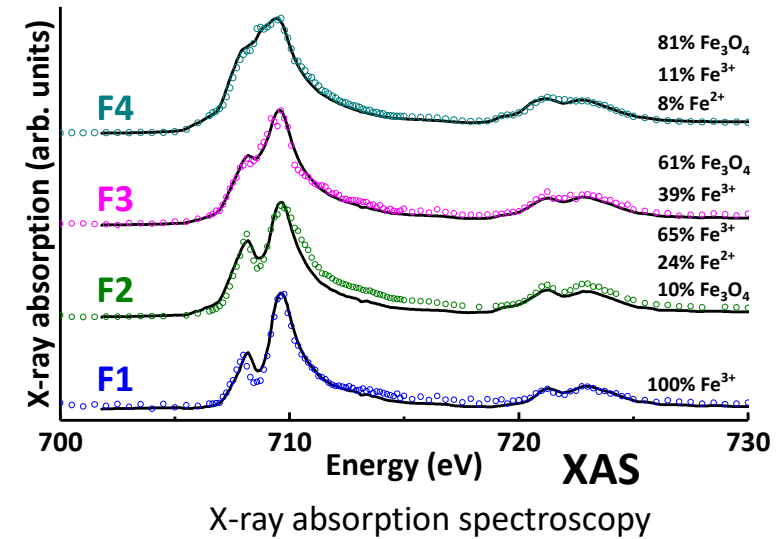
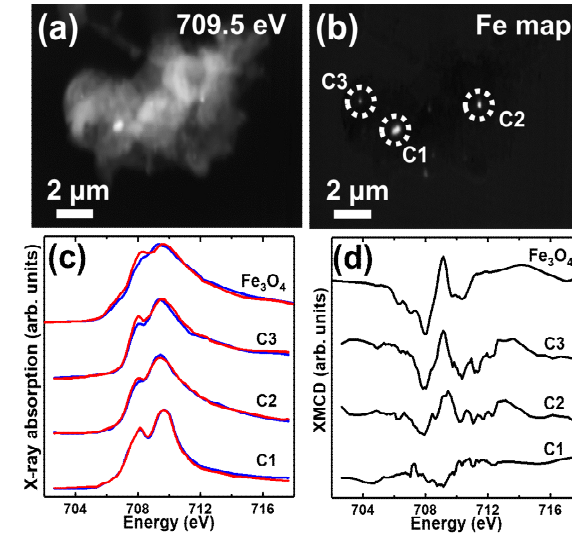
M.E. Finnegan et al, (2019) *Journal of Neuroscience Methods* 319, 28-39

Synchrotron X-ray spectromicroscopy of Alzheimer's amyloid plaque cores

Everett J, Collingwood JF, Tjendana-Tjhin V et. al., *Nanoscale*, 2018 doi: 10.1039/c7nr06794a

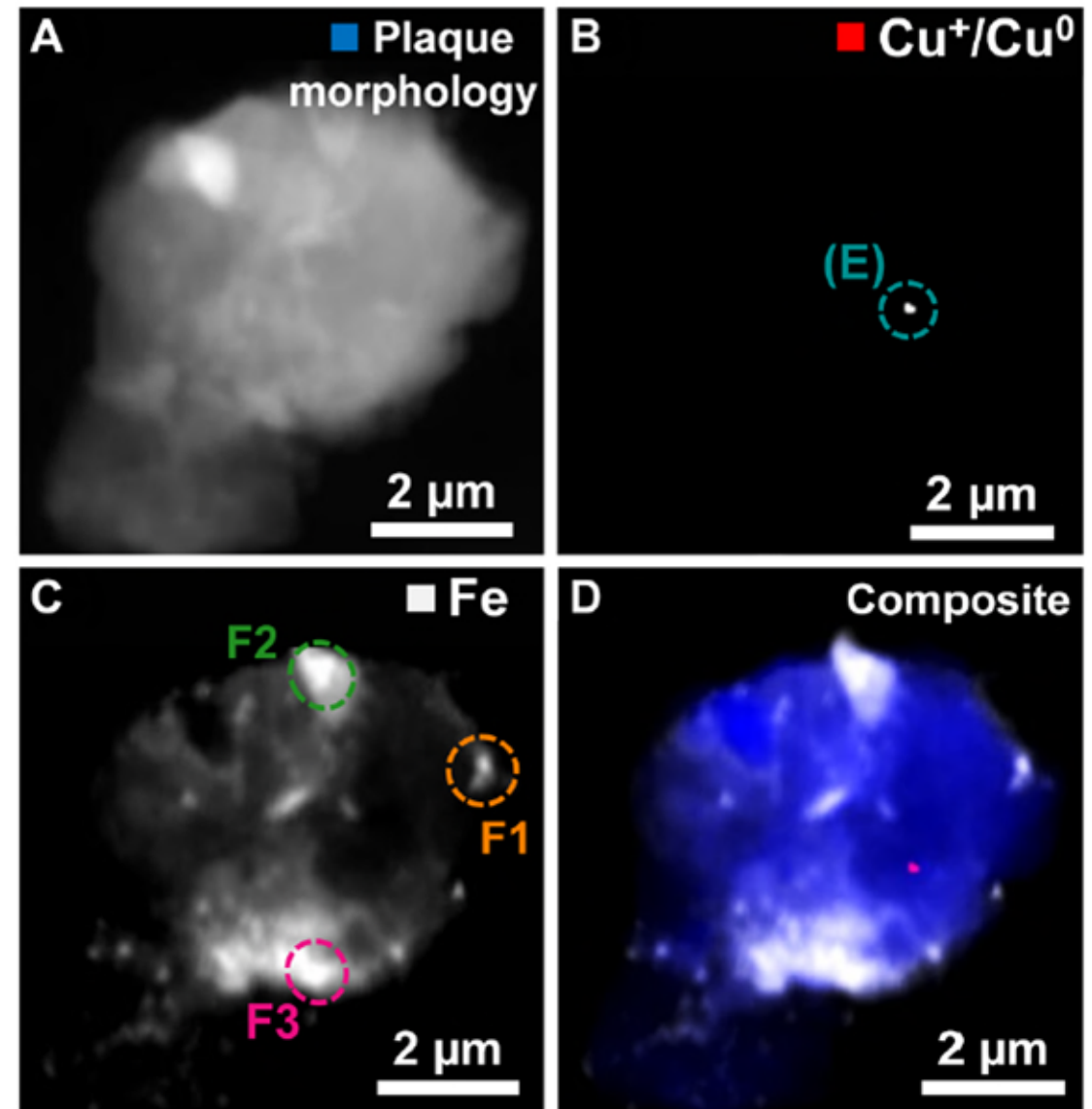
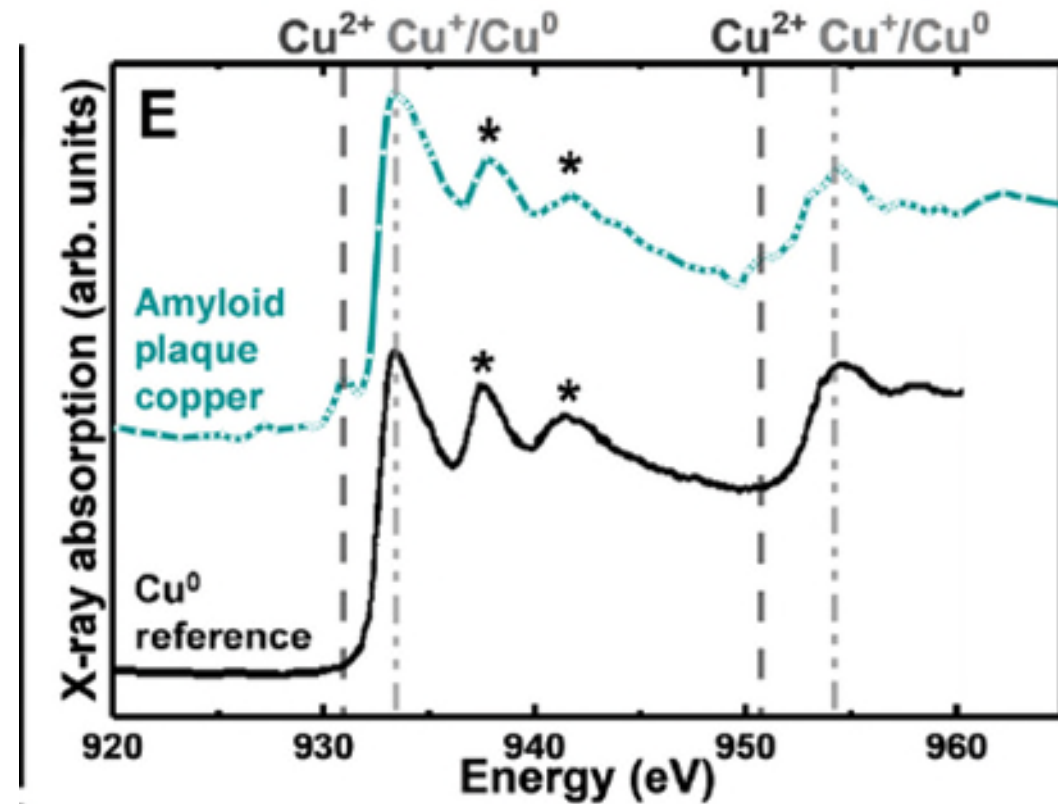


X-ray Magnetic Circular Dichroism (XMCD)



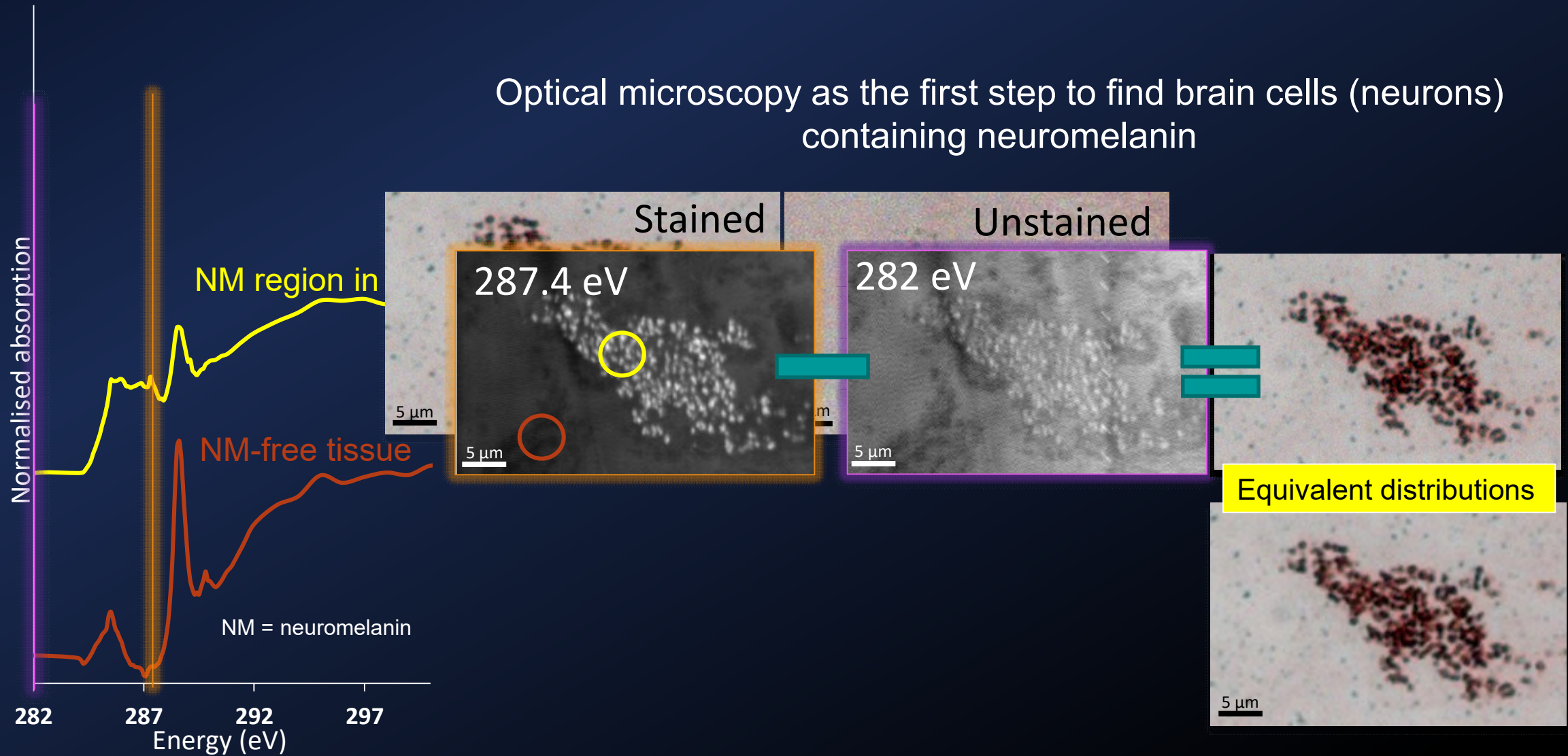
Biogenic metallic elements in the human brain?

James Everett^{1,2}, Frederik Lermyte^{2,3}, Jake Brooks², Vindy Tjendana-Tjhin², Germán Plascencia-Villa⁴, Ian Hands-Portman⁵, Jane M. Donnelly², Kharmen Billimoria^{2,6,7}, George Perry⁴, Xiongwei Zhu⁸, Peter J. Sadler⁶, Peter B. O'Connor⁶, Joanna F. Collingwood², Neil D. Telling^{1*}

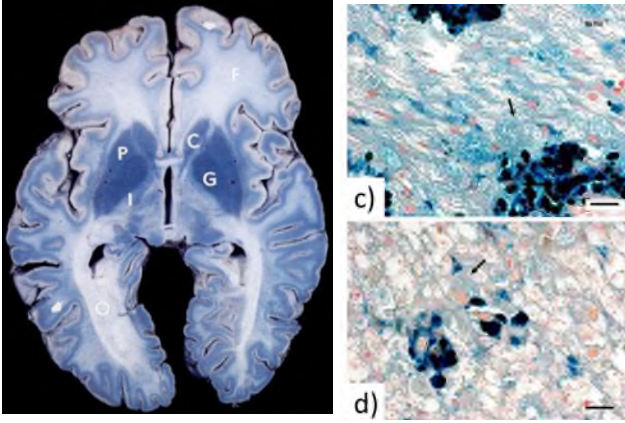


Finding melanin pigment in human brain with X-ray microscopy

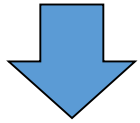
Optical microscopy as the first step to find brain cells (neurons) containing neuromelanin



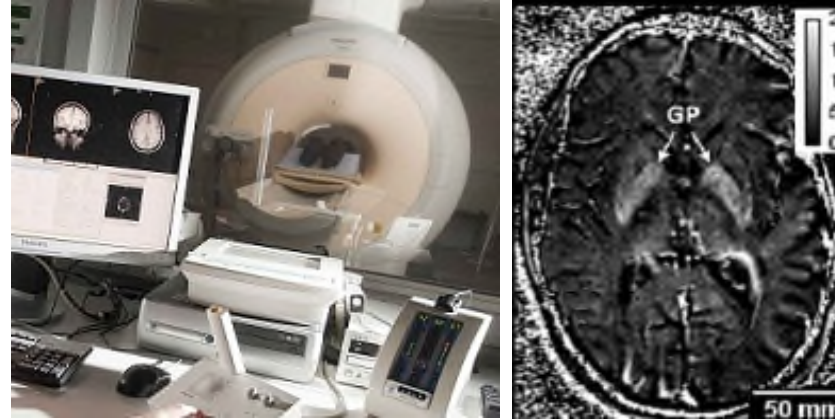
Conclusion



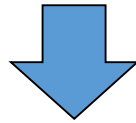
Metal elements are essential to normal brain metabolism, but are not all easy to picture in detail with staining methods in the lab.



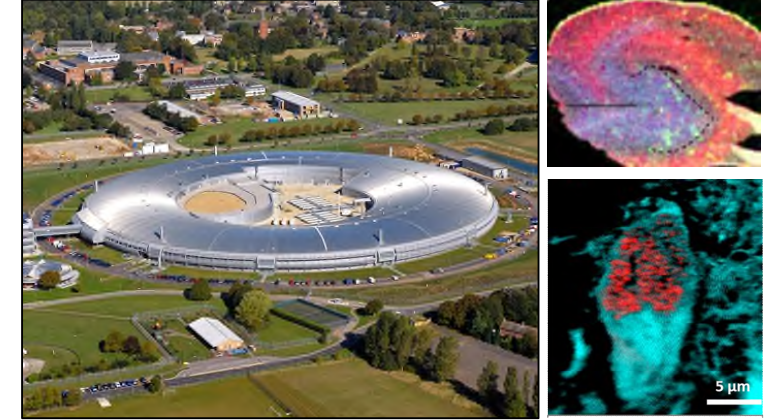
Need more sensitive and accurate ways of looking at brain tissue samples.



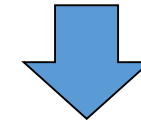
Some metal elements, particularly iron, give contrast in certain clinical scanning methods, particularly Magnetic Resonance Imaging.



Patterns of change in the brain, & impact of treatment, could be imaged in people



Synchrotron X-ray microscopy is extremely sensitive and accurate to allow metal elements to be identified



Documenting change and discovering what is happening to metal distributions and metal chemistry

THANK YOU!



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