

Risk Assessment for Returning to Work during the Covid-19 Lockdown Easing Period

Department/ Group/Team	RTP Proteomics	Date of assessment	20/05/2020
Building	Life Sciences C-Block	Reduced Occupancy Level (Maximum)	1 Managers should consult their Estates Building Manager regarding 'reduced' occupancy figures (where applicable) in order to determine how many people can safely use each space. This should be used as an initial guide alongside knowledge of the space itself. Consultation may also be required with other managers who share the space or with Health and Safety Services.
Space(s) in use	C1.15 (Laboratory) C1.10 (Office)	Number of People	2 Insert the number of people to be involved in the 'Critical Activity'

'Critical Activities' to be carried out

Critical Activity - Any activity which has critical business consequences for the University if were to be delayed any further after Government 'lockdown' rules start to be relaxed. In terms of Research departments that would include:

1. Externally funded laboratory research activity (and the lab support services it relies on), including UKRI or similarly funded work, RTP activities, or work funded by industrial partners or similar sponsors.
2. Research required to prepare for (or bid for) future externally funded laboratory research activity (and the lab support services it relies on).
3. Laboratory based PHD student projects.

Anything other than work falling into the categories above, and which is therefore not a critical activity, will be expected to take place remotely or continue to be paused (e.g. all data analysis and other desk based carried out by work by researchers to be undertaken remotely).



Line Manager carrying out the assessment

Dr Andrew R. Bottrill

Further information on Risk Assessment, Covid 19 and general health and safety are available at:

<https://warwick.ac.uk/services/healthsafetywellbeing/managingrisks/>

<https://warwick.ac.uk/services/healthsafetywellbeing/a-z/healthandsafetyguidanceoncovid19>

There is also a Risk Assessment Moodle training module available via Warwick's MyMoodle.

If you require support or advice on completing this form please contact your Health and Safety Officer or Health and Safety Adviser:

<https://warwick.ac.uk/services/healthsafetywellbeing/contacts/>

Staff supporting assessment process

Dr Alex Jones (RTP Proteomics Academic Lead)

Dr Cleidiane Zampronio (RTP Chief Technician)

Dr Ian Hancox (RTP Technology Engagement Manager)

You must consult with your staff in carrying out this Risk Assessment, and must seek support from any recognised Trades' Union Safety Representatives in particular. Carry out a MS Teams (or similar on-line) meeting with your team before starting this assessment and ask for their input and support. Encourage collaboration and cooperation and seek to provide re-assurance that control measures agreed with the team will be implemented and maintained. You will also need their help to ensure that they support each other in maintaining the agreed control measures.

Re-assure staff that in preparing this template the H&S Services Team have taken Government and TUC guidance into account. Particular assurance might be required for those or are vulnerable, living with vulnerable people, pregnant, in the BAME community, are disabled or who might have child care (or other care provision) challenges at this point in time.



Additional Information

Staff should not be coming into work unless the work is deemed a 'critical activity' by the University.

For 'critical activities', managers need to examine the spaces that they require people to work in and determine how they can manage the risks associated with Covid-19 in that space and connected with the work involved. Not all tasks need to be completed on campus and staff must only come to campus if they cannot do the work from home, and only then to complete the essential tasks before going home to continue working from there for the rest of the day/week. Managers should be minimising the amount of time they or their staff need to be on campus.

Limiting Durations of Work

Time spent with others, as well as distancing, is an important control measure. People might only need to come to campus to complete their 'critical activity' tasks and then could go home to continue working from there for the rest of the day/week. Wherever possible managers/supervisors should be minimising the amount of time they or their staff need to be on site.

Meetings

Meetings should only be held if absolutely necessary, and should be held as on-line meetings, even if some or all of the participants are on campus. Where this is not possible meetings must be held where 2 metre distancing can be maintained and preferably in a well ventilated space or outdoors.

Other Risk Assessments

Risk assessments already in place (for work activities, chemicals, biological agents, work equipment, etc.) are still applicable and must complement the risks and risk control measures covered in this specific risk assessments. These risks need to be assessed jointly and a holistic approach to ensuring the health and safety of individuals adopted.

Further information

Refer also to the Standard Operating Procedure for staff returning to work to carry out 'Critical Activities' during Covid-19 lockdown easing period, which is included at the end of this assessment.

Hierarchy of Control Measures to be used (these are listed in order of priority, but a combination of controls may be required)		Control Measure (Please answer the questions in this column)
Eliminate	<p>Any staff reporting that they are unwell with symptoms of Coronavirus (Covid-19) must be told not travel to or attend the University. Their sickness absence should be recorded within the University HR System SuccessFactors. Testing is available for any members of staff deemed to be required to come to work by the University for 'critical activities'.</p> <p>Staff with symptoms must be told to self-isolate, as should staff with members of their household who are showing symptoms, until testing confirms that it is not Covid-19 (see University Covid-19 testing guidance) or the relevant time period has elapsed.</p> <p>If a member of staff does fall ill, then the space in which they were working should be left empty and well ventilated for at least 72 hours and extra cleaning be arranged with Cleaning Services by the manager.</p> <p>Staff who are in the 'extremely vulnerable' group (have received a specific letter from the NHS) are shielded and must not come to work. Staff in the 'vulnerable' group need to follow the strictest levels of '2 metre distancing', and they should continue working from home or to stay at home until further notice.</p> <p>Meetings on campus</p> <p>Meetings should continue to be held as on-line meetings, even if some or all of the participants are on campus. Where this is not possible meetings must be held where 2 metre distancing can be maintained and preferably in a well ventilated space or outdoors. DO NOT invite visitors to come to campus,</p>	<p>Does your workforce need to come onto campus to carry out this critical work or can they continue to work from home?</p> <p>Staff will come to campus to carry out critical activities. Essential lab based work will be conducted on-site, but all other work will carried out from home.</p> <p>Have staff been fully informed of the needs for self-isolation should they have any symptoms whatsoever?</p> <p>Yes. Staff have been sent copies of this form and the guidance that it contains. I have checked directly with staff via Team Meeting that they have read and understand the guidance.</p> <p>Have staff who are 'extremely vulnerable' or 'vulnerable', or live with such people been fully considered?</p> <p>Yes. I have explained this guidance to the Proteomics team the guidance. One member of the</p>

Hierarchy of Control Measures to be used (these are listed in order of priority, but a combination of controls may be required)		Control Measure (Please answer the questions in this column)
	other than contractors who need to attend to equipment or systems required for a critical activity.	<p>team (Cleidiame Zampronio) has a family member that is extremely vulnerable; this member of staff has been advised to continue working from home until further notice.</p> <p>Can meetings be held online, eliminating the need for people to be on campus or for them to congregate? Yes. All meetings will be held using MS Teams.</p>
Reduce	<p>Where 'elimination' cannot be applied consider whether you can 'reduce' the likelihood of persons coming into contact with one another:</p> <p>Consideration should be given to rotas or shifts in order to keep the number on campus at any one time to a minimum. Night shifts should be avoided, but early and late shifts, or weekend working might be appropriate.</p> <p>Booking systems for deliveries or collections, and systems for the use of receptions, should be set up in such a way as to minimise person-to-person contact.</p> <p>People must be encouraged to leave the University as soon as they have finished the activity which cannot be conducted from home.</p>	<p>How can you reduce the number of people required on campus, whether to carry out tasks or to attend meetings?</p> <p>Staff must only come onto campus to carry out critical activities. Only one member of the Proteomics Team must be on site concurrently. Non-critical activities must continue to be carried out from home.</p> <p>How will you stagger working times, so that people do not need to be in the same space at the same time? Staff will co-ordinate to ensure that only one member of staff on-site concurrently; this will be done in advance via a rota system.</p> <p>How will you reduce the hours that people need to be on site?</p>



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<p>Wherever possible, all data should be uploaded to a shared drive or system which allows the analysis or work to be undertaken at home.</p> <p>Writing-up of experiments, results and reports must be conducted at home.</p>	<p>Staff will prepare samples and setup the instrumentation for analysis. All data analysis, meetings and other tasks will continue to be undertaken remotely.</p> <p>How does your booking process control the number of people in your facility/space?</p> <p>Card access restriction will be used to limit access to C1.15. Staff will operate via a rota system; all users will be required to book usage in advance and numbers will be limited to one user concurrently.</p> <p>If the spaces you manage are big enough, can you minimise the frequency and time that people could potentially come into contact with each other?</p> <p>Booking system will ensure that only one user of the facility can be present.</p> <p>What floor markings can be provided to ensure that people maintain 2m distancing? Contact Estates via the Helpdesk if you wish to mark the floor in your area.</p> <p>Staff have been sent copies of this form and the guidance that it contains. I have checked directly with staff via Team Meeting that they have read and understand the guidance.</p>

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Isolate	<p>Where work activities have to be carried out with others, and persons have to work within relative close proximity to one another for intermittent work activities:</p> <p>Screens (such as Perspex screens) and barriers (to keep people back from reception desks for example) must be deployed where there is regular contact with people which cannot be eliminated.</p> <p>Try to keep staff groups small and consistent as far as possible, forming fixed teams and partnering arrangements for people whilst at work. The number of different contacts people have with others at work should be kept as low as is possible.</p> <p>Consider access for cleaners, IT staff, Estates staff, etc. and how such activities can be carried out safely.</p> <p>Ventilation and fresh air is important – desk top humidifiers must not be used in the workplace.</p> <p>Justify why you cannot conduct a meeting online, AND is there a space where you can meet with a small number of staff that is in the open or where there is good ventilation, and where 2 metres distancing can take place? Use Teams/Zoom/Skype, etc. for meetings.</p>	<p>Do you need to introduce screens or barriers to separate people?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>How will you reduce the team size to be as small as possible, or identify fixed teams/partnering?</p> <p>We are a team of 2 people. Only one member of staff will be on-site concurrently.</p> <p>How will you ensure people conduct their work away from each other?</p> <p>By only allowing one member of staff on-site and limiting the places that they go to. By controlling access to the laboratory and ensuring a booking system for users.</p> <p>Can you open windows (including in vehicles) or doors to increase ventilation to the space and permit fresh air circulation? [Note: this is not applicable to containment labs or spaces where there is local exhaust ventilation in place as this can affect extraction efficiency]</p> <p>No laboratory spaces are not permitted to open windows.</p>

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		<p>Is there good general ventilation provided by air handling or air conditioning units where windows cannot be opened?</p> <p>Yes. C1.15 has a number of air conditioning units. There is a laboratory fume hood, and instrument exhausts are connected to monitored LEVs.</p>
Control	<p>Where 'critical activity' work within 2 metres just cannot be avoided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduce a local system where you will know who is on site and what work they are doing and increase the level of supervision to monitor and manage compliance with the working arrangements. • People should work from a desk or work station assigned for their exclusive use, and avoid desk sharing or hot-desking as far as possible: where desks, workstations or equipment have to be shared, these should be cleaned after each use. • Workers should conduct their activities by working side by side, or facing away from each other, rather than face to face wherever possible • Ensure that there is a means to regularly clean common touchpoints, doors, buttons, handles, tools, equipment etc. in spaces where you do not have routine cleaning by Estates Cleaning staff. • Ensure that there is hand washing facilities in the spaces (with soap and water) to permit people to wash their hands before and after using any equipment? • Introduce hand sanitiser (e.g. where limited access to soap and water) • Keep work to short durations e.g. less than 15 minutes. 	<p>Identify any essential tasks that will require people to potentially work within 2 metres of each other.</p> <p>None.</p> <p>Can the workplace be rearranged to allow people to work side-by-side or back-to-back, rather than facing each other? How can you rearrange tasks to enable them to be carried out by one person, or by maintaining the 2 metres distancing?</p> <p>Yes.</p> <p>How will you ensure the areas are being cleaned regularly and at the end of the day/shift?</p> <p>C1.15 is a clean working area, and staff will clean their working area. Common touchpoints will be identified and cleaned routinely prior to leaving the laboratory.</p> <p>Cleaning will be carried out using 70% ethanol.</p> <p>Staff will work with a dedicated keyboard and mouse that they will remove at end-of-shift.</p>

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce the frequency that the lifts are used to reduce congestion and contact at all times including where the lifts are used for the movement of goods from one floor to another. • Cleaning equipment/supplies for IT equipment (including photo-copiers, etc.) might be required, and/or added to the cleaning regime for the area. • Consider access for cleaners, IT staff, Estates staff, etc. and how such activities can be carried out safely. 	<p>Are there enough hand washing facilities for those involved in the 'critical activities'?</p> <p>Yes.</p> <p>Do you need to introduce hand sanitiser?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>Will you need to use the lift for any activities?</p> <p>Yes. Use of the lift will be required for the movement of goods; people will not use the lift. (Use of the lift will contingent on Estates' building assessment ensuring the lift is safe to use).</p> <p>Will cleaners, IT Staff or Estates need to access your area whilst your staff are working?</p> <p>It is possible that Estates may need to access C1.15. Prior arrangement would ensure that facility staff are absent.</p>
First Aid and Fire Safety	<p>Have you considered any high risk activities which need particular First Aid or Fire Safety arrangements. If you are concerned about first aid cover or fire safety contact Health and the Safety Helpdesk.</p> <p>Security will be able to provide emergency First Aid support during this period, but managers should endeavour to provide first aiders as far as is possible at present.</p> <p>Encourage all members of staff to act as temporary Fire Wardens during this period. They can complete the Fire Warden training module available on Moodle. They need to know how to flag any concerns relating to fire</p>	<p>Are there any high risk activities which need particular First Aid or Fire Safety arrangements.</p> <p>No.</p> <p>Do staff know how to access first aid kits or how to contact Security for emergency first aid.</p> <p>Yes</p>



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	safety to the Health and Safety Helpdesk. Normal fire escape routes take precedence over one way routes in an emergency situation.	Do staff know how to access other risk assessments relevant to their area or activity. Yes.
Behaviours	<p>The measures necessary to minimise the risk of spread of infection rely on everyone taking responsibility for their own actions and behaviours. As a manager you will need to encourage an open and collaborative approach, where any issues can be openly discussed and addressed.</p> <p>Line managers must hold a 'returning to work briefing' with any staff returning to campus at the earliest opportunity, sharing this completed document with them in writing and allowing any questions.</p> <p>Line managers must carry out regular team meetings to review this risk assessment and arrangements with staff. Line Managers should also refer to and follow any relevant HR or OD guidance.</p>	<p>How will you monitor compliance with the control measures set out in this risk assessment?</p> <p>Return to work briefing and sharing of risk assessment. Then weekly update with staff. Users may not access the laboratory without agreement with Proteomics Staff; this is limited to a maximum of 1 user concurrently.</p> <p>How often will you brief and update your team on any changes to this risk assessment or associated control measures?</p> <p>Review weekly and whenever a significant change to RA or controls occurs.</p> <p>How will you encourage staff to flag any concerns they might have, problems or deviations from the arrangements?</p> <p>Via weekly team meeting and encouragement to share best practice.</p>

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One way Routes and Passing Places	Line Managers must find out any local temporary instructions on any access/egress arrangements, one way routes and passing places. These must be shared with your staff. Normal fire escape routes take precedence over one way routes in an emergency situation.	Are you aware of all of the local temporary instructions on any access/egress arrangements, one way routes and passing places. And can you easily relay these to your staff? Staff will follow all local and temporary instructions and arrangements.
Communal areas	<p>It is important that people continue to take breaks from their work activity. Communal areas which are used for breaks and meals must be arranged to ensure that people maintain 2 metre separation at all times.</p> <p>If people need to remain on campus, they should be encouraged to take their breaks outside in the fresh air, while maintaining 2 metre separation.</p> <p>People should bring their own food, which ideally does not require the use of a microwave, as there will potentially be limited access to kitchen or catering facilities.</p> <p>Kitchenettes, etc. must have floor markings to ensure that they do not become overcrowded and allow queuing, back-to-back working and one-way systems.</p> <p>Toilets, changing rooms, showers, etc. must be managed to ensure that they do not become crowded. ALL personal items MUST be removed from showers and changing rooms unless they are placed in a plastic bag in a locker.</p>	<p>What arrangements have been made to allow safe breaks?</p> <p>Staff must minimise their time on-campus and only carry out critical activities; all other tasks must be undertaken remotely.</p> <p>Whenever possible, breaks should be taken outdoors in areas with good ventilation. 2 metre separation must be maintained.</p> <p>Indoor breaks from laboratory work can take place in the Proteomics Office (C1.10), ensure sole occupancy in the room and at individual workstation (no sharing of workstations). The office area (desks/door handles etc.) should be cleaned after use with 70% ethanol.</p> <p>Staff should bring their own food that does not require use of kitchen facilities. Staff should bring their own cool bag to avoid use of fridges.</p> <p>SLS local regulations will be followed in respect to use of toilets, showers etc.</p> <p>Personal items must be stored in personal lockers.</p>



Hierarchy of Control Measures to be used (these are listed in order of priority, but a combination of controls may be required)	Control Measure (Please answer the questions in this column)
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	<p>Workplaces should NOT encourage the precautionary use of extra PPE to protect against Covid-19 (except when responding to suspected or identified cases of Covid-19).</p> <p>Where PPE is deemed necessary as a control measure to ensure the safety of the individual for the work activity that they are undertaking, e.g. work involving hazardous substances, it must continue to be worn.</p> <p>Workers MAY choose to use a home-made face covering in the workplace, but this should NOT be a substitute for 2 metre distancing and more effective hygiene measures (regular handwashing, use of sanitisers, and catching coughs and sneezes in a tissue).</p> <p>Workers who choose to use a face covering should be supported in its effective use.</p>



Hierarchy of Control Measures to be used (these are listed in order of priority, but a combination of controls may be required)		Control Measure (Please answer the questions in this column)
Guidance to staff	Have you issued the Covid-19 guidance to all of those that are returning to work to carry out 'critical activities' (see appendix A)?	Yes
	Have you arranged briefing sessions on the risk assessment and SOP with staff?	Yes
	Have you arranged 121 meetings with staff who are vulnerable, living with vulnerable people, pregnant, in the BAME community, are disabled or who might have child care (or other care provision) challenges at this point in time?	Yes

Tick here if the level of risk is acceptable to permit the work activity to take place (once you have put the control measures above in place)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Line Manager Signature	
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<p>List of people that this assessment has been shared with:</p> <p>Dr Alex Jones (RTP Proteomics Academic Lead)</p> <p>Dr Cleidiane Zampronio (RTP Proteomics Chief Technician)</p> <p>Dr Ian Hancox (RTP Technology Engagement Manager)</p>



Mary Bagnall (SLS/WMS Health and Safety Officer)

Janine Kimpton (SLS Head of Technical Services)

Review date: this assessment needs to be reviewed and updated should anything change, should people raise any concerns, or at least once every week

Approved By (HOD or Director)	David Leadley
Date	26/05/2020
Review Date	

Signature	
Position	DPVC for Research (Infrastructure & Ethics)

Print and sign a copy, and share electronically with those involved in the 'critical activity' which is requiring them to come into the University to work.

Send an electronic copy to your Health and Safety Officer or Health and Safety Adviser.

Complete and position the [Covid 19 Secure Poster](#) in your respective workspace(s).

Standard Operating Procedure for returning to work to carry out ‘Critical Activities’ during Covid-19 lockdown easing period

This guidance sets out the general principles on things to consider before permitting people to return to work to carry out ‘critical activities’ post easing of the lockdown measures. These guidelines have been drafted to mitigate the potential resurgence of Covid-19 in the workplace after re-opening. In essence the general principles will require the University to continue to apply the Public Health England (PHE) guidelines which are:

Social distancing	Workers must follow the guidance on staying at home and away from others (social distancing) . Where they cannot work from home, they must follow the same principles of social distancing while travelling to and from work and while at work. This will require some thought about how the 2m distancing measures can be applied at work. Managers/Supervisors will carry out an assessment of this.
Self-isolation	Anyone who either has a high temperature or a new persistent cough or is within 14 days of the day when the first member of their household showed symptoms of Coronavirus (Covid-19) must not come in to work, but must follow the guidance on self-isolation .
Person at increased risk	Anyone who is at increased risk of severe illness from Covid-19 (‘Clinically Vulnerable’) should continue to follow the ‘strict social distancing’ rules as recommended by the Government and as per the instructions in any advice that they have received from the NHS or their GP during this crisis.
Persons defined on medical grounds as extremely vulnerable	Anyone identified as ‘Clinically Extremely Vulnerable’ will have been advised in a letter from the NHS or from their GP/health authority and must follow the guidance on shielding and protecting extremely vulnerable people .
Living with a person in one of the above groups	Anyone living with a person who is at increased risk of severe illness (‘Clinically Vulnerable’), or an ‘Clinically Extremely Vulnerable’ person who is shielding from Coronavirus (Covid-19), should stringently follow the guidance on social distancing and minimise contact outside the home.
If someone falls ill	<p>If someone develops a high temperature or a persistent cough while at work, they should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure their manager or supervisor is informed (via telephone preferably) • Return home immediately • Avoid touching anything • Cough or sneeze into a tissue and put it in a bin, or if they do not have tissues, cough and sneeze into the crook of their elbow. • Arrange a Covid-19 test as per the Covid-19 testing guidance. <p>They must then follow the guidance on self-isolation and not return on to site until their period of self-isolation has been completed or test has been proven negative.</p>

The University will:

Share all Risk Assessments and SOPs with staff and encourage staff to comment on and influence the content of the assessments and the associated control measures.

Continue to have an operational emergency team in place comprising of essential staff to respond to any emergency.

Establish procedures for alert and outbreak verification to receive early warnings should the virus appear on campus.

Utilise existing communication channels for the drafting of situation reports, briefings, back-up of information, etc. for internal and external stakeholders.

Follow its existing contingency plans which address the impact of potential resurgence of disease in the workplace after re-opening including a mechanism for identifying triggers that could change the current approach being adopted.

Carry out building assessments to consider safety arrangements (2 metre distancing, hand washing, sanitiser, barriers, screens, access controls, etc.) in communal and shared spaces, including entrances, exits, stair wells, lifts, corridors, toilets, showers, locker rooms, kitchens and rest areas.

Managers / Supervisor Responsibility

The first principle will be to decide whether work activities are 'critical' and should recommence or whether there are other ways of completing that work, e.g. continued working from home.

Managers otherwise will need to complete the above risk assessment of the Covid-19 hazard which will consider the spaces that they have people working in and determine whether they can maintain 2 meter distancing in that space whilst carrying out the required work activities.

Where people are continuing to work from home, whether using a desktop PC, laptop or with paper-based activities, then the work is generally 'low-risk' and they should continue to use the guidance available for [Working from Home](#).

For work activities that can only be conducted by coming in to work and deemed 'critical', then the risk control measured and general principles within this document need to be applied by everyone.

Sharing Information with Staff

Line Managers will complete the above risk assessment and a completed copy of the risk assessment outlining the control measures that need to be put into place to permit 'critical activities' to be carried out on campus will be provided to all those involved in the 'critical activities'.

The following guidelines need to be followed by every person coming on to campus in order to try to prevent a resurgence / spread of the Covid-19 infection. A copy of these guidelines will also be shared with staff.

If Staff have Concerns

If staff are unsure or feel that the control measures are not adequate, or are not working, they should discuss with their manager or supervisor in the first instance. If necessary they can escalate concerns to their Health and Safety Representative and/or their Health and Safety Office/Adviser or the H&S Helpdesk. If necessary they can stop work: **there is nothing so important that it cannot be done safely!**

General principles to be applied for those coming in to work to carry out 'critical activities'

1. Travel to Work

Wherever possible people should travel to campus alone or with those that they live with using their own transport, or by walking or cycling.

Those that drive to work must:

- Wherever possible park their vehicle in a space away from other vehicles, or park so that cars are not positioned driver door to driver door.
- Consider staggering their arrival and departure times in order to avoid congestion (times will need agreement with a line manager / supervisor).

2. Driving at Work

For those that need to travel whilst at work (i.e. around campus, between campuses or other locations). Wherever possible members of staff should travel alone. If staff have no option but to share a vehicle, then they should:

- Share with the same individuals and with the minimum number of people at any one time
- Wherever possible maintain a distance of two metres and avoid touching their faces
- Maintain good ventilation (i.e. keeping the windows open) and face away from each other during the journey
- Wash their hands for 20 seconds using soap and water or hand sanitiser if soap and water are not available before entering and after getting out of the vehicle
- Regularly clean the vehicle using gloves and standard cleaning products, with particular emphasis on handles and other surfaces which may be touched during the journey.

3. Access to/Egress from Buildings

- Non-essential visitors should not be invited on to campus.
- There will be a reduced building occupancy during this period for each building. Managers will be required to liaise with Estates to determine the occupancy numbers for each space.
- Start and finish times should be staggered to reduce congestion and contact in agreement with your line manager.
- Two meter distancing will need to be maintained on entry and exit from buildings. Follow any signage in place as there could be a change made to the number of access points into the buildings or a one-way system introduced in order to reduce congestion on circulation routes.
- There will be no planned fire emergency evacuations during the lockdown easing period, so if the fire alarm sounds, people will be encouraged to leave the building as normal, using all available exits, rather than congregating on normal staircases. Any one-way system introduced can be ignored at this time.
- Allow plenty of space between people waiting to enter / leave each building.
- Signage may be in place in certain locations:
 - Floor markings may be put down to ensure 2 metre distance is maintained between people when queuing
 - Reminding workers not to attend if they have symptoms of Coronavirus (Covid-19) and to follow PHE guidelines
- Entry systems will continue to be in operation as these do not require persons to make personal contact with them.

- People will be encouraged to wash their hands for 20 seconds using soap and water or to use sanitiser when entering and leaving buildings.
- Common contact surfaces in receptions, offices, circulation spaces and door furniture will continue to be cleaned, particularly during peak flow times.
- Persons needing to meet one another will be encouraged to hold gatherings online, or if this is not possible then meetings should be outdoors or in well ventilated spaces where good distancing can also be maintained.
- Where deliveries need to be made, drivers and staff members should wash or sanitise their hands before and after handling.

4. Use of Circulation Spaces and Lifts

- One-way systems may be put into place to avoid congestion and crossing people's paths within a 2m distance. Everyone must follow these (where they are in place) and wherever possible maintain a 2m distance from others.
- Stairs should be used in preference to lifts (with the exception of goods lifts) and, as they are small confined areas, lifts should only be used by one person at a time and only by those staff or students who are unable to safely use the stairs during this period.

5. Personal Hygiene

- Staff should not come in to work if showing symptoms of Covid-19 and should self-isolate for 14 days if other members of their household have symptoms until a test has determined that it is not Covid-19. (See University Covid-19 testing guidance).
- Avoid skin to skin and face to face contact.
- Staff must follow the hand washing guidelines and regularly wash hands with soap and water.
- Those that are required to wear protective gloves for their work to ensure they are removed so to avoid cross-contamination.
- Tissues and other waste to be disposed of in local waste bins regularly.
- Staff to follow the Government's advice: Catch it, Bin it, Kill it



6. Hand Washing

- The University will ensure that there is an adequate supply of soap and fresh water to wash hands regularly. Staff to wash their hands with soap and warm water for at least 20 seconds each time.
- The University will provide hand sanitiser (minimum 60% alcohol based) where hand washing facilities are unavailable.

7. Toilet Facilities

- In most locations around campus it will be impossible to restrict the number of people using toilet facilities at any given time. That said, if required to queue, anyone queuing should ensure 2 metre distancing is maintained and as much space is permitted to circulate otherwise within the toilet facilities themselves.
- Everyone must wash their hands following the Hand Washing guidance after using the toilet facilities and should dry their hands properly.

- Cleaning regimes for toilet facilities, particularly door handles, locks and the toilet flushes will be maintained.
- Cleaning staff will empty toilet facility waste receptacles regularly.

8. Cafes and Rest Areas

Cafes on campus will be offering a reduced service during the lockdown easing period, possibly just a take away option at times, and some will remain closed. Where possible staff should bring their own food to work and return to their work locations (where safe to do so to consume food) and eat there, or at some other external space away from others.

- Staff will observe 2 metre distancing measures whilst queuing.
- People should stagger break times to reduce congestion.
- Drinking water will remain provided with enhanced cleaning measures of the tap mechanism.
- Those using shared kitchens should frequently clean surfaces that are touched regularly, using standard cleaning products e.g. kettles, refrigerators, microwaves.
- Hand cleaning facilities or hand sanitiser should be available at the entrance to any room where people eat and should be used by workers when entering and leaving the area.
- All rubbish should be put straight in the bin and not left for someone else to clear up.
- Crockery, eating utensils, cups etc. should be washed and dried between uses.
- Payments should be taken by contactless card wherever possible.
- Canteen staff should wash their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds before and after handling food.
- Staff within café areas and rest rooms will need to monitor compliance.

9. Waste Disposal

- Cleaning staff to regularly empty any local waste bins into the larger waste receptacles so that they can be regularly disposed of.
- Cleaning staff will regularly empty toilet facility waste receptacles so that any hand towel rubbish does not accumulate.

10. Changing Facilities, Showers and Drying Rooms

There are a number of buildings that have changing facilities, showers and areas for drying clothes.

- Based on the size of each facility, the number of people that may use these facilities at any one time will be displayed on the outside to maintain a distance of two metres.
- A staggered start and finish times should reduce congestion and contact of these facilities.
- Facilities will be cleaned throughout the day and at the end of each day.
- Use any rubbish bins provided as these will be regularly emptied and the waste disposed of.

11. First Aid and Emergency Service Response

The primary purpose of First Aid is to preserve life and first aid should be administered if required and until the emergency services attend.

When planning work activities, a check should be made that there is an adequate provision of first aid resources. Not all staff will be returning to work, so check who is in and who may be able to provide support at the times you are going to be in work.

- Security staff are all First Aiders, but this is not their only role on campus, so if you are planning to conduct high-risk work, consider whether the work should be delayed or provide additional competent first aid resources.

- Consideration must also be given to potential delays in emergency services response, due to the current pressure on resources.

12. Cleaning

Enhanced cleaning procedures will be in place across campus, particularly in communal areas and at touch points including:

- Taps and washing facilities.
- Toilet flush and seats.
- Door handles and push plates.
- Hand-rails on staircases and corridors.
- Lift and hoist controls.
- Machinery and equipment controls.
- All areas used for eating must be thoroughly cleaned at the end of each break and shift, including chairs, door handles, vending machines and payment devices.
- Rubbish collection and storage points should be increased and emptied regularly throughout and at the end of each day.
- Staff are responsible for cleaning of their own telephones, keyboards, desks and equipment in their immediate vicinity.
- Local arrangements should be implemented by managers for cleaning photocopiers and other office equipment.
- Local arrangements should also be implemented by managers for cleaning workshop and laboratory machinery, equipment or controls.
- In high hazard spaces, cleaning will be the responsibility of the space users unless there are arrangements in place with Campus Cleaning Services.

Useful Links:

1. [University of Warwick Health and Safety Services](#)
2. [Government Guidance on Working Safely](#)
3. [Health and Safety Executive](#)
4. [TUC](#)

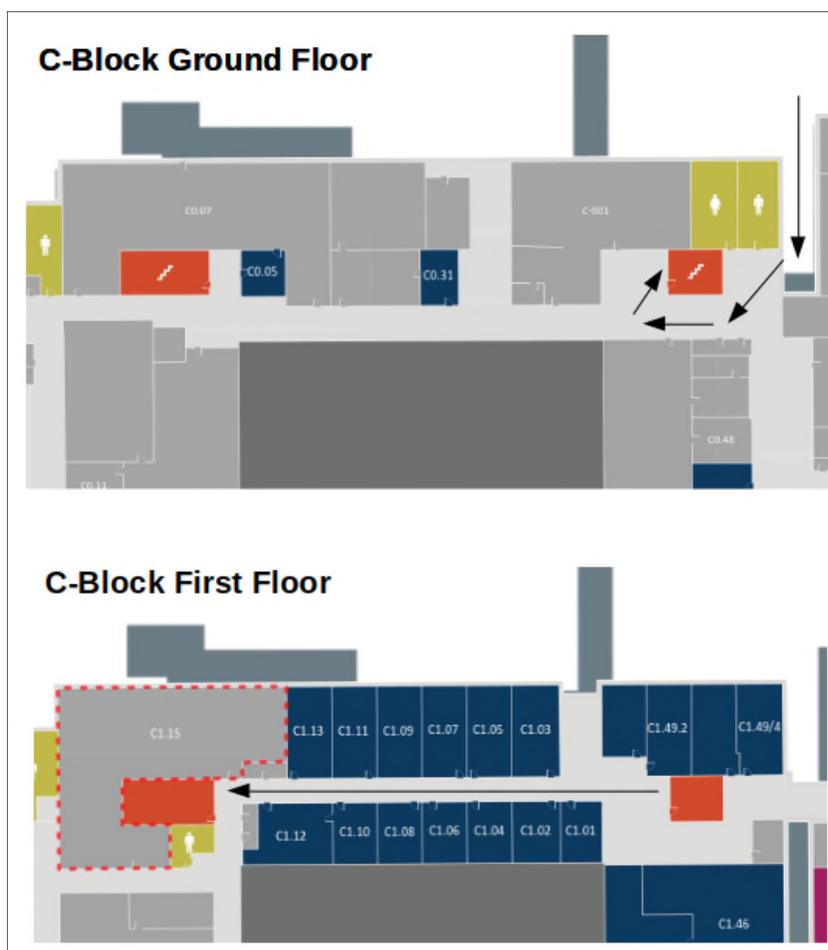
To contact Health and Safety Services e-mail:

HealthSafetyHelpDesk@warwick.ac.uk

Appendix 1: RTP Proteomics – Return to Work Assessment

1. Situational assessment

The RTP proteomics laboratory (C1.15) is located in Life Sciences C-Block first floor (C1.15). Optimal access route for staff (minimising communal areas and points of contact, and as long as local arrangements allow) is entry via the rear of the building (card-access door leading to waste disposal area) and through the card-access doors to C-block; then stairs to first floor and through double doors to corridor outside C1.15 as shown below:



2. Laboratory Access/Entry Controls

Entry is limited by card-access (main door) and by key code (rear door). In addition to proteomics staff a number of proteomics users have card-access to laboratory C1.15; several members of the Dowson group also have access to utilise the Plate Readers located in the lab.

During phases 1 and 2 (see below) we will request that access is limited to Proteomics Staff, one named member of the Dowson group (for Phase 2), and key support personnel (SLS technical support / Estates /

Security). Work will be scheduled to ensure that only one member of staff is present in the lab during Phases 1 and 2 (see below).

At all times, all users of C1.15 **must** ensure hand washing on entry and exit of the laboratory (the handwash sink is adjacent to the door). Within the laboratory users must ensure that 2m distancing is maintained at all times.

At end-of-day Proteomics Staff will clean frequently used contact/touch points in the laboratory using 70% ethanol and ensure that the space is ready for the next user.

3. Access to other locations

In addition to the main Proteomics spaces (C1.15/C1.10) access/routes will also be required to a number of additional locations within Life Sciences. The locations/purpose/frequency of use are listed below:

- i.** Toilet facilities: the nearest male toilet (location 02.004.L01.196) and nearest female toilet (above atrium - location 02.005.L01.063); frequent use.
- ii.** The shower facilities (above atrium - 02.005.L01.026B) for cycle commute; once daily on arrival.
- iii.** An access route to the SLS stores collection point (hatch to C0.07); as required for collection of items.
- iv.** Access to the Chemical waste disposal point in corridor outside C1.16; once a week.
- v.** A route to access the Media Preparation M0.21 (for high-purity water) and Preparation area M0.19 (sterile tips) - these could be ordered/collected by advanced booking depending on SLS local access arrangements.
- vi.** Use of the lift (location 02.005.000.043); infrequently used for movement of heavy goods (not people). This is contingent on estates building assessment ensuring that the lift is safe to use.

All local regulations, one way routes or other procedures must be complied with at all times.

4. Risk Assessment and Standard Operating Procedures for Return to Work

Separately to this document, a full risk assessment for return to work has been completed. This lists hazards, hierarchy of control measures, and guidance to staff returning to work to carry out critical activities.

5. Phased Return

This section describes the work activities to be undertaken, staff required and timescales involved.

Return to Work Phase 1: Getting instrumentation running, calibrated, maintained and operational.

Timescale – 1 week+

Staff Required – RTP Proteomics Manager (Dr. Andrew Bottrill)

Location – Life Sciences laboratory C1.15 and office C1.10

- It will take a minimum of one week to get the two mass spectrometry platforms in the Proteomics Laboratory (Life Sciences C1.15) operational. This includes routine maintenance and calibration and running of standards to check performance.
- One member of staff will be required in the laboratory for these tasks. They can be assisted by the other member of staff analysing data remotely. During this period the laboratory will remain out-of-action to **all** other users to maintain social distancing for the protection of RTP staff.
- All work undertaken by staff must be of low risk and arrangements must be in-line with Life Sciences lone working requirements. No out-of-hours working will be necessary.

Lone working guidance:

https://warwick.ac.uk/fac/sci/lifesci/intranet/staffpg/support/safety/training2/lone_working_guidance_v1.1_july_2019.pdf

- Risk assessment and Standard Operating Procedure for return to work should be followed, and all local arrangements and regulations carried out.
- Staff must ensure that normal/standard PPE required for scientific work should be used as outlined in the Proteomics RTP risk assessments and SOPs.
- If instrument repair is required an external contactor may be required to come to site. This would have to be in accordance with University guidance and they would be supervised at all times. Social distancing will be maintained at all times.

Return to Work Phase 2: Operation with minimal staff

Timescale – as required

Staff Required – maximum of 1 member of proteomics staff on site

Location – Life Sciences laboratory C1.15 and office C1.10

- Proteomics staff will co-ordinate work and ensure that only one member of staff is on site on any given day. The key role of the member of staff on-site will be to keep the instrumentation operational and to maximise the running time for samples. All tasks that can be carried out by remote working will continue to be done at home.
- Risk assessment and Standard Operating Procedure for return to work should continue to be followed, and all local arrangements and regulations carried out.
- In addition to the RTP member of staff, the Proteomics Laboratory (C1.15) can be used by an expert/independent user by making an appointment to use the facilities. A maximum of one person (concurrently) undertaking sample preparation will be allowed into the laboratory in order to adequately maintain social distancing of 2m at all times in the prep area. Novice/untrained users will have to wait until appropriate training/supervision can be provided (Phase 3). There will be no physical access to data processing workstations in C1.15; these can be accessed remotely.
- The named Dowson group member may make an appointment through the RTP Proteomics Manager (Dr. Andrew Bottrill) to use the Plate Readers in C1.15.
- All staff and users must ensure that normal/standard PPE required for scientific work should be used as outlined in the Proteomics RTP risk assessments and SOPs.

Impact – it is envisaged that during this period that the sample numbers will still be low, as many research staff will still be working from home. The facility should have enough capacity to run all samples submitted during this period. Business critical projects would be prioritised. Spare capacity will be advertised to external clients for the purposes of generating additional income.

Return to Work Phase 3: Return to ‘business as usual’

Staff Required – RTP Proteomics Manager (Dr Andrew Bottrill)

– RTP Chief Technician (Dr Cleidiane Zampronio)

Location – Life Sciences laboratory C1.15 and office C1.10

- Once guidance allows, the Proteomics RTP can rapidly return to a ‘business as usual’ model. The Proteomics Laboratory (C1.15) can be used by all users, and training of new users can be re-established.
- We envisage that there will be a lag phase during which scientific projects are being re-established across our user base, and that this will lead to reduced sample numbers in the early period of return

to work. Spare capacity will be advertised to external clients for the purposes of generating additional income.