

Overseas Travel

Risk Assessment: Student Mobility_Argentina

The purpose of this Risk Assessment is to ensure that members of the University community are unlikely to be exposed to unacceptable risks which could affect their health, safety or security when travelling abroad on behalf of the University.

This form should be completed by the individual wishing to travel prior to making any firm arrangements to travel, and must be completed in discussion with the relevant line manager or supervisor, allowing sufficient time in advance of travelling for any issues to be addressed.

Before completing this form you should ensure that you (and your manager/supervisor) are familiar with the contents of the Health and Safety and Insurance webpages on travelling abroad.

When completed and approved this risk assessment and its associated itinerary should be carried by the traveller(s) and a copy retained by the Department. Queries on the completion of this assessment should be directed to HealthSafetyHelpdesk@warwick.ac.uk.

Please consider when completing this form how the country you intend to visit is managing the Covid-19 outbreak. In particular, it may be helpful to consider access to local medical facilities, how local transport is being managed and any local guidelines and social behaviours you may need to adopt

Department:	Student Mobility, Student Opportunity
Location(s) to be visited:	ARGENTINA
Purpose of journey:	Student Mobility
Name and role of traveller(s):	List held with Student Mobility, and on SITS
Name of line manager or supervisor:	Maria Fox (Head of Student Mobility)
Dates of proposed travel:	Academic Year 2026 – 2027
Information taken from:	https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/argentina
Living In Country Guidance	https://www.gov.uk/world/living-in-argentina

[Sign-up for FCDO travel advice email alerts](#) and follow FCDO travel advice on [Twitter](#) and [Facebook](#)

<i>Hints and Tips from previous Student Mobility participants</i>	
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Hazard/Consideration	Risk (High / Medium / Low)	Mitigating Actions (please add to or amend as appropriate)	Comments / Actions
Coronavirus			Countries may restrict travel or bring in rules at short notice. Check with your travel company or airline for changes. If you test positive for COVID-19 while in ARGENTINA, you may need to stay where you are until you test negative. You may also need to seek treatment there. Visit TravelHealthPro (from the UK's National Travel Health Network and Centre) for general COVID-19 advice for travellers. No travel is risk-free during COVID-19. Countries may further restrict travel or bring in new rules at short notice, for example due to a new COVID-19 variant. Check with your travel company or airline for any transport changes which may delay your journey home. If you test positive for COVID-19, you may need to stay where you are until you test negative. You may also need to seek treatment there. Plan ahead and make sure you: • can access money • understand what your insurance will cover • can make arrangements to extend your stay and be away for longer than planned

			Travel to Argentina There are no COVID-19 testing or vaccination requirements for passengers entering Argentina.
Money			Money and banking The official currency of Argentina is the Argentine Peso \$ You need an identity card (DNI) to set up a bank account in Argentina. There are restrictions on the purchase of foreign currency in Argentina. You should monitor the media for updates on these restrictions as they are subject to regular change. Taking money into or out of Argentina You can only enter or leave Argentina with less than 10,000 US dollars or the equivalent in other currencies.
Visa Applications			Entry requirements This information is for people travelling on a full ‘British citizen’ passport from the UK. It is based on the UK government’s understanding of Argentina’s current rules for the most common types of travel. The authorities in Argentina set and enforce entry rules. If you’re not sure how these requirements apply to you, contact the Argentine Consulate in the UK. Passport validity requirements To enter Argentina, your passport must be valid for the proposed duration of your stay. If you are a resident in Argentina, your passport must be valid for entry. Check with your travel provider that your passport and other travel documents meet requirements. Renew your passport if you need to.

		You will be denied entry if you do not have a valid travel document or try to use a passport that has been reported lost or stolen. Dual nationals When returning to the UK, British citizens must carry a valid British passport or certificate of entitlement. See Dual Citizenship. Visa requirements You can visit Argentina without a visa for tourism for up to 90 days. To stay longer, or to work or study, you must meet the Argentine government's entry requirements. Contact the Argentine Consulate in the UK. Immigration authorities no longer stamp passports on entry. If you need proof of your entry or exit, contact the Argentine Migration Office (in Spanish). If you wish to extend your stay for another 90-day period, get advice from the Argentine Migration Office before your current stay ends. Applying for a visa If you're travelling to Argentina for any purpose other than tourism, contact the Argentine Consulate in the UK about the visas or permits you need and how to apply. Travelling with children Children aged 17 and under who are resident in Argentina need written permission ('Autorización de viaje') from the non-accompanying parents to leave the country. Non-resident children aged 17 and under who have remained in Argentina for 1 year or more are treated in line with resident children and also need permission. You can get permission from a notary public in Argentina or the Argentine Migration Office (in Spanish). You can get full information on the requirements from the Argentine Migration Office (in Spanish) or from your nearest Argentine consulate. Vaccine requirements For full details about medical entry requirements and recommended vaccinations, see TravelHealthPro's Argentina guide.
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			You may need a yellow fever certificate for onward travel to some other countries, due to the risk of yellow fever in Argentina. Customs rules There are strict rules about goods you can take into or out of Argentina (in Spanish). You must declare anything that may be prohibited or subject to tax or duty. Taking money into Argentina You must declare cash or travellers cheques worth more than 10,000 US dollars (in Spanish).
Local knowledge, understanding of customs and conditions		• Experience of travel to, or working in, the region before • Obtain guidance and information from the host organisation • Research via relevant web-sites • Consider dress, behaviours and sensitivities • Local laws, fees or levies.	Before you travel No travel can be guaranteed safe. Read all the advice in this guide as well as support for British nationals abroad which includes: • advice on preparing for travel abroad and reducing risks • information for women, LGBT and disabled travellers Driving in Argentina See guidance on what actions you must do to drive legally in Argentina Driving abroad https://www.gov.uk/driving-abroad
Equality and Diversity LGBTQ information		• Unless provided here there is no statement given by the FCDO on Equality and Diversity and LGBTQ information, issues or concerns	Please see the link below which you may find useful: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/lesbian-gay-bisexual-and-transgender-foreign-travel-advice Argentine society is open and diverse. Discrimination based on sexual orientation is rare. Same-sex marriage is legal. Read our advice for LGBT travellers before you travel.
Cultural differences		• Awareness of attitudes towards protected characteristics, e.g. disability, sexual orientation, gender reassignment etc.	Laws and cultural differences Illegal drugs and prison sentences

		• Dress in accordance with local laws/customs • Avoid behaviour that may fall foul of local customs/laws/cultures. • Report and support at Warwick: https://warwick.ac.uk/students/welcome/spring/livingatuniversity/reportand support	Don't become involved with illegal drugs of any kind. Possessing even very small quantities can lead to a lengthy prison sentence. Political situation Political demonstrations and picketing are more common in Argentina than in the UK. Some demonstrations attract large numbers of people, and they can occasionally turn violent. Demonstrations may be more common in the months leading up to primary elections on 13 August and Presidential elections on 22 October. You should: • avoid all protests, demonstrations and marches • exercise normal caution at any large gathering • be aware of your surroundings • follow the advice of local authorities There have also been occasional Falklands-related protests including outside the British Embassy and British-affiliated businesses in Argentina. Outdoor activities and adventure tourism If you take part in extreme or adventure sports (including paragliding, climbing, off-road driving and hot air ballooning), make sure: • adequate safety precautions are in place • you only use reputable operators and insist on training • your travel insurance covers all the activities you want to undertake and includes helicopter rescue and medical evacuation You will have to pay for most helicopter rescues, including in Mount Aconcagua. Altitude sickness is a risk in parts of Argentina. More information about altitude sickness is available from TravelHealthPro (from the UK's National Travel Health Network and Centre).
Social/Political Unrest or Terrorism:		• Check the FCO website for up-to-date advice. • If the FCO advises against travel to destination(s) on safety/security grounds then seek approval from HoD/Line Manager	Terrorism There is a high threat of terrorist attack globally affecting UK interests and British nationals, including from groups and individuals who view the UK and British nationals as targets. You should remain vigilant at all times

		- Consider not just the country in question but also any territories as identified in FCO pages - Reschedule visit or modify itinerary if at all feasible.	UK Counter Terrorism Policing has information and advice on staying safe abroad and what to do in the event of a terrorist attack. Find out how to reduce your risk from terrorism while abroad. Terrorist attacks in Argentina cannot be ruled out. Attacks could be indiscriminate, including in places visited by foreign travellers. Political situation Political demonstrations and picketing are more common in Argentina than in the UK. Some demonstrations attract large numbers of people, and they can occasionally turn violent. Demonstrations may be more common in the months leading up to primary elections on 13 August and Presidential elections on 22 October. You should: - avoid all protests, demonstrations and marches - exercise normal caution at any large gathering - be aware of your surroundings - follow the advice of local authorities There have also been occasional Falklands-related protests including outside the British Embassy and British-affiliated businesses in Argentina. Demonstrations Groups of demonstrators have been blocking roads in the province of Jujuy and some flights have been cancelled. If you are in the area or planning to travel to Jujuy: - monitor the local news - do not attempt to cross blockades - follow the advice of the local authorities Groups of demonstrators ('piqueteros') sometimes block major roads during times of social unrest. This can include blocking the major routes into and out of Buenos Aires City. This can cause significant delays.
Personal attack / kidnap: Dangers associated with		- Precautionary measures should be taken to protect personal safety. - Inform hosts of itinerary.	Warwick Business Travel Insurance Details:

travelling alone; arriving at night, etc.:		• Be aware of specific local risks. • Travel during daylight hours if possible.	24 hour Emergency Medical Assistance Helpline +44 (0)1243 621066 Quote reference NUBT 0105 and policy number 100782764GPA Please note that there is no emergency medical cover if you are a national in the country you need medical attention. Security Assistance If there is a risk to your personal safety please call: 24 hour Security Helpline +44 (0)2077412074 Quote reference NUBT 0105 and policy number 100782764GPA Report and Support: https://reportandsupport.warwick.ac.uk/ Wellbeing Services: https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/ Emergency medical number Dial 107 or 911 and ask for an ambulance. Contact your insurance or medical assistance company promptly if you're referred to a medical facility for treatment.
Crime:		• Awareness of risk of theft or pickpockets • Awareness of local scams or hotspots • Cash and card security/awareness	Crime Protecting your belongings Thieves normally work in teams of 2 or more and tend to target small bags and pockets. You should: • always keep a close eye on your personal possessions • not carry all your valuables in one place • avoid carrying large amounts of cash or wearing jewellery • keep a photocopy or scanned copy of your passport somewhere safe • avoid isolated or poorly lit areas at night You might be asked for a photo ID when paying with a credit card so carry one with you but keep it secured. A money belt under your clothes is the safest option.

Theft

Thieves and pickpockets operate on public transport, bus and train terminals. Thieves posing as hotel guests snatch bags while tourists are checking into hotels or hostels. Handbags can be cut open in crowded places and mobile phones have been snatched while being used on the street. Thieves on motorbikes can snatch bags from pedestrians. Thefts from unattended vehicles, especially hire cars, are common.

You should:

- keep your valuables out of sight or close to you
- avoid hanging bags on the back of your chair
- avoid using ATMs at night
- be aware of your surroundings when withdrawing money

Street crime and scams

Be alert to street crime, especially thieves (often women) using distraction techniques. A common form of distraction theft reported in Buenos Aires is the 'mustard scam'. Thieves will rob tourists while an accomplice pretends to help remove mustard that has been accidentally sprayed on them. If this happens to you, politely but firmly refuse assistance and walk away.

In Buenos Aires, be particularly cautious in:

- San Telmo
- La Boca
- Retiro
- Florida Street
- 9 de Julio
- Avenida de Mayo
- Rivadavia Avenues near the obelisk
- the Retiro Bus terminal

In Mendoza, be particularly cautious downtown.

Violent crime

Violent and armed robberies can happen in the streets immediately outside the Caminito tourist area in La Boca. Stay in the designated tourist area where there are high-visibility

			police patrols. If robbed, hand over your cash and valuables without resistance. For English-language assistance visit the Buenos Aires Police website (only accessible in Argentina). You can also contact the Tourist Police, who are available 24 hours: Telephone: +54 911 5050 9260/3293 (from a mobile) Telephone: 155 5050 9260/3293 (from a local landline) Kidnappings and 'express kidnappings' occasionally occur in Argentina. Victims are held and forced to empty their bank accounts in different ATMs after which they are normally quickly released.
Theft or loss of ID documents and other belongings: passport, driving license, bank cards, travel tickets, laptop		• Keep items secure. • Record details of numbers, issue dates, etc. and store separately both with you and at home. • Have emergency contact numbers • Report to police if theft suspected • Minimise amount of cash carried	Keep your passport secure at all times. Unless you are required to carry the original document, keep your passport in a safe location. If your passport is lost, stolen or damaged while you are on a trip overseas, you will need to apply for an emergency travel document so you can get back home. Make sure you have access to enough funds to cover emergencies. Check expiry dates on your credit or debit card(s). Inform your bank of your travel plans. Use a money belt or secure inside pocket. Do not openly display your cash. Do not carry all your cards with you – leave one in a secure location. If your passport or valuables are stolen abroad, report it at once to the local police and get a statement, as you will need one to claim against your insurance. You will need to cancel any bank cards, so take relevant phone numbers. Only emergency medical treatment is covered under the University of Warwick Business and Travel Insurance policy. In the event of an emergency please call: 24 hour Emergency Medical Assistance Helpline +44 (0)1243 621066 Quote reference NUBT 0105 and policy number 100782764GPA Please note that there is no emergency medical cover if you are a national in the country you need medical attention. Security Assistance If there is a risk to your personal safety please call: 24 hour Security Helpline +44 (0)2077412074 Quote reference NUBT 0105 and policy number 100782764GPA Emergencies

			Dial 911 for the police, ambulance or fire brigade, or dial: • 107 for medical emergencies • 100 for fire brigade • 135 for suicide helpline • 142 to report a missing child If you have been the victim of a rape or sexual assault in Argentina, read Argentina: information for victims of rape and sexual assault - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) See also https://www.gov.uk/guidance/victim-of-rape-and-sexual-assault-abroad If you're the victim of a crime, have been arrested, or are affected by a crisis, contact the British Embassy Buenos Aires.
Travel Preparation		• Valid vehicle insurance (you cannot use the Business Travel Insurance policy).	At least 8 weeks before your trip, check the latest country-specific health advice from the National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC) on the TravelHealthPro website. Each country-specific page has information on vaccine recommendations, any current health risks or outbreaks, and factsheets with information on staying healthy abroad. Guidance is also available from NHS (Scotland) on the FitForTravel website. General information on travel vaccinations and a travel health checklist is available on the NHS website. You may then wish to contact your health adviser or pharmacy for advice on other preventive measures and managing any pre-existing medical conditions while you're abroad. The legal status and regulation of some medicines prescribed or purchased in the UK can be different in other countries. If you're travelling with prescription or over-the-counter medicine, read this guidance from NaTHNaC on best practice when travelling with medicines. For further information on the legal status of a specific medicine, you'll need to contact the embassy, high commission or consulate of the country or territory you're travelling to. While travel can be enjoyable, it can sometimes be challenging. There are clear links between mental and physical health, so looking after yourself during travel and when abroad is important. Information on travelling with mental health conditions is available in our guidance page. Further information is also available from the National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC). Driving in Argentina

			See guidance on what actions you must do to drive legally in Argentina Driving abroad https://www.gov.uk/driving-abroad If you're asked for a letter authenticating, certifying or validating your UK driver's licence, you should contact your UK issuing office Respect for speed limits and traffic signals varies and drivers can make unexpected manoeuvres. Crime against car users, particularly when stationary at traffic lights, is a problem. Always keep car windows closed and doors locked in major cities. Take care when driving in the province of Misiones, close to the borders with Paraguay and Brazil; the area is used to smuggle goods. Seek local advice from customs officials if you intend to drive in this area.
Exposure to infection: Known endemic illnesses in destination(s)		• Take medical advice and arrange vaccination/inoculation/prophylaxis as appropriate • Consider the following conditions in particular: Cholera, Diphtheria, Hepatitis B, Japanese Encephalitis, Malaria, Meningitis, Poliomyelitis, Tetanus, Tick-borne Encephalitis, Tuberculosis, Typhoid and Yellow Fever.	FOR INFORMATION AND FAQs SEE WARWICK WEBSITE @ https://warwick.ac.uk/coronavirus During the COVID-19 pandemic, it is more important than ever to get travel insurance and check it provides sufficient cover. See the FCO's guidance on foreign travel insurance. Health Before you travel check that: • your destination can provide the healthcare you may need • you have appropriate travel insurance for local treatment or unexpected medical evacuation This is particularly important if you have a health condition or are pregnant. At least 8 weeks before your trip, check the latest country-specific health advice from the National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC) on the TravelHealthPro website. Each country-specific page has information on vaccine recommendations, any current health risks or outbreaks, and factsheets with information on staying healthy abroad. Guidance is also available from NHS (Scotland) on the FitForTravel website. General information on travel vaccinations and a travel health checklist is available on the NHS website. You may then wish to contact your health adviser or pharmacy for advice on

			other preventive measures and managing any pre-existing medical conditions while you're abroad. The legal status and regulation of some medicines prescribed or bought in the UK can be different in other countries. If you're travelling with prescription or over-the-counter medicine, read this guidance from NaTHNaC on best practice when travelling with medicines. For further information on the legal status of a specific medicine, you'll need to contact the embassy, high commission or consulate of the country or territory you're travelling to. While travel can be enjoyable, it can sometimes be challenging. There are clear links between mental and physical health, so looking after yourself during travel and when abroad is important. Information on travelling with mental health conditions is available in our guidance page. Further information is also available from the National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC). Vaccinations At least 8 weeks before your trip check: - the latest information on health risks and what vaccinations you need in TravelHealthPro's Argentina guide - where to get vaccines and whether you have to pay on the NHS travel vaccinations page Health risks Health risks in Argentina include: - yellow fever - Zika virus - dengue
Pre-existing medical conditions		- Take medical advice. - Carry written details of medical condition, adequate supplies of prescribed medication, details of blood group, etc. - Consider translation of information into local language.	Medication The legal status and regulation of some medicines prescribed or bought in the UK can be different in other countries. TravelHealthPro explains best practice when travelling with medicines. The NHS has information on whether you can take your medicine abroad.

		• Share with colleagues where appropriate	Read the guidance if you need to travel with medicines If you are on a prescription for any medication you should ensure you have a supply of it, or are able to obtain it when in Argentina. Certain medicines may not be available in Argentina (including major brands readily available in the UK), and you may be prohibited from taking them into the country. You should consult your GP before travelling to Argentina to find out about any alternative medication.
Health and Local medical facilities		• Hospital proximity and standards. • Access to doctors/dentists. • Payment methods for medical treatment.	Make sure you have adequate travel health insurance and accessible funds to cover the cost of any medical treatment abroad and repatriation. If you have a health condition, or you are pregnant, you may need specialist healthcare abroad. Check whether your destination country can provide the healthcare you may need and ensure you have appropriate travel insurance for unexpected medical evacuation or local treatment. At least 8 weeks before your trip, check the latest country-specific health advice from the National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC) on the TravelHealthPro website. Each country-specific page has information on vaccine recommendations, any current health risks or outbreaks, and factsheets with information on staying healthy abroad. Guidance is also available from NHS (Scotland) on the FitForTravel website. General information on travel vaccinations and a travel health checklist is available on the NHS website. You may then wish to contact your health adviser or pharmacy for advice on other preventive measures and managing any pre-existing medical conditions while you're abroad. The legal status and regulation of some medicines prescribed or bought in the UK can be different in other countries. If you're travelling with prescription or over-the-counter medicine, read this guidance from NaTHNaC on best practice when travelling with medicines. For further information on the legal status of a specific medicine, you'll need to contact the embassy, high commission or consulate of the country or territory you're travelling to. While travel can be enjoyable, it can sometimes be challenging. There are clear links between mental and physical health, so looking after yourself during travel and when abroad is important. Information on travelling with mental health conditions is available in our guidance page. Further information is also available from the National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC).

			Before you travel check that: • your destination can provide the healthcare you may need • you have appropriate travel insurance for local treatment or unexpected medical evacuation This is particularly important if you have a health condition or are pregnant. Emergency medical number Dial 107 or 911 and ask for an ambulance. Contact your insurance or medical assistance company promptly if you're referred to a medical facility for treatment. Vaccinations At least 8 weeks before your trip check: • the latest information on health risks and what vaccinations you need in TravelHealthPro's Argentina guide • where to get vaccines and whether you have to pay on the NHS travel vaccinations page Health risks Health risks in Argentina include: • yellow fever • Zika virus • dengue See the 'Other risks' section of the TravelHealthPro Argentina guide for more details. Medication
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			The legal status and regulation of some medicines prescribed or bought in the UK can be different in other countries. TravelHealthPro explains best practice when travelling with medicines. The NHS has information on whether you can take your medicine abroad. Healthcare facilities Medical facilities are good but can be expensive. Public hospitals tend to be crowded. Make sure you have adequate travel health insurance and accessible funds to cover the cost of any medical treatment abroad and repatriation. You can view a list of English-speaking doctors in in Argentina.
Accommodation		• Pre-book accommodation • Stay in recognised accommodation • Familiarise yourself with emergency exits • Security staff and arrangements • Secure storage/safes	Student mobility students hosted at a partner University will be supported with finding accommodation by the partner. Work placements students are required to find their own accommodation with local support. Suitable accommodation can be difficult to identify and secure, it is recommended that you don't leave it too late to find this. We have had students whose placements have been impacted by being unable to secure suitable accommodation.
Transport		• Use only registered taxis • Arrange airport collection where possible • Check safety and road worthiness of any hire vehicle • Avoid driving at night • If possible, share long distance driving • Ensure all internal transfers are booked in advance of travel (where possible).	Transport risks Road travel You will need an International Driving Permit to drive in Argentina. Respect for speed limits and traffic signals varies and drivers can make unexpected manoeuvres. Crime against car users, particularly when stationary at traffic lights, is a problem. Always keep car windows closed and doors locked in major cities.

			Take care when driving in the province of Misiones, close to the borders with Paraguay and Brazil; the area is used to smuggle goods. Seek local advice from customs officials if you intend to drive in this area. Taxis Book taxis in advance if possible. If you hail a taxi in the street, only use a 'radio taxi'. These have a clearly visible logo on the car doors. See the City of Buenos Aires' government site for a downloadable list of registered taxi companies with their contact details. Air travel Flights from Argentina can be unreliable and susceptible to delays and cancellations. Check the status of your flight with your airline or travel company before travelling to the airport. Sea travel There have been cases of disruption by activist groups and unions against British-flagged shipping, and shipping involved in hydrocarbons or fishing activity in the Falkland Islands. If you're responsible for a vessel, contact your agent or the local authorities before travelling. Most cruise ships and visiting tourists should not be affected.
Communications		• Consider access to landlines or alternative handsets if mobile phone is lost or stolen. • Back-up chargers or batteries for phones or electronic devices • Access to network or wi-fi	Loss of mobile phones or laptops are not covered on the University Insurance policy
Utilities/Cyber Issues		• Compatibility of equipment • Voltages and safety equipment • Power cuts or interruptions	Plug adapters will be required
Insect and animal bites		• Consider likely insect/animal issues in particular area • Avoid by prevention – repellents, clothing, etc. • Consider use of nets in accommodation • Carry appropriate treatment	

Contaminated water/food		• Avoid food or water which could be contaminated. • Carry water sterilising tablets.	
Minor injuries and ailments		• Carry basic First Aid kit.	
Sunburn		• Avoid by prevention – hat, sunglasses, and sunblock. • Carry appropriate treatment.	
Leisure activities		• Ensure you are adequately insured (the University insurance does <u>not</u> provide cover for non-business related activity) • Skiing, white water, bungee jumping, diving. Etc.	The Warwick Business Travel Insurance will not provide cover for non-business (study) related activity. Ensure you take out personal insurance.
Natural disasters		• Assessment of the risk of typhoons, earthquake, tsunami, avalanche, etc	Flooding Many northern provinces experience occasional flooding. This can disrupt transport and delivery of food. Flash floods can occur during heavy rains, in provinces including Buenos Aires. Monitor local media and follow instructions given by the local authorities. Volcanic eruptions The Copahue Volcano on the Argentina-Chile border erupts occasionally, and residents are evacuated. If you're travelling to this area, monitor local media reports and follow the advice of the local authorities.
Research or work activities		• Awareness of safe systems of work • Awareness of local safety measures • Remoteness of work sites	Will be covered by the Host Institution
Completed by Department:			Student Mobility, STUDENT OPPORTUNITY
Completed by Study Abroad:			Friday, 06 February 2026
			Frequently Asked Questions (warwick.ac.uk)

