

## Overseas Travel Risk Assessment: Student Mobility\_SINGAPORE

The purpose of this Risk Assessment is to ensure that members of the University community are unlikely to be exposed to unacceptable risks which could affect their health, safety or security when travelling abroad on behalf of the University.

This form should be completed by the individual wishing to travel prior to making any firm arrangements to travel, and must be completed in discussion with the relevant line manager or supervisor, allowing sufficient time in advance of travelling for any issues to be addressed.

Before completing this form you should ensure that you (and your manager/supervisor) are familiar with the contents of the Health and Safety and Insurance webpages on travelling abroad.

When completed and approved this risk assessment and its associated itinerary should be carried by the traveller(s) and a copy retained by the Department. Queries on the completion of this assessment should be directed to [HealthandSafetyAdmin@warwick.ac.uk](mailto:HealthandSafetyAdmin@warwick.ac.uk)

<b>Department:</b>	<b>Student Mobility, Student Opportunity</b>
<b>Location(s) to be visited:</b>	<b>SINGAPORE</b>
<b>Purpose of journey:</b>	<b>Student Mobility</b>
<b>Name and role of traveller(s):</b>	<b>List held with Student Mobility</b>
<b>Name of line manager or supervisor:</b>	<b>Jonathan French/Maria Fox (Head of Student Mobility)</b>
<b>Dates of proposed travel:</b>	<b>Academic Year 2025 – 2026</b>
<b>Information taken from:</b>	<a href="https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/">https://www.gov.uk/foreign-travel-advice/</a> (FCDO)
<b>Living In Country Guidance</b>	<p><a href="https://www.gov.uk/guidance/living-in-singapore">https://www.gov.uk/guidance/living-in-singapore</a></p> <p><b><u>Before you travel</u></b></p> <p>No travel can be guaranteed safe. Read all the advice in this guide and any specific travel advice that applies to you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">women travellers</a></li> <li>• <a href="#">disabled travellers</a></li> </ul>

- [LGBT+ travellers](#)
- [solo and independent travel](#)
- [volunteering and adventure travel](#)

**Travel insurance**

If you choose to travel, research your destinations and [get appropriate travel insurance](#). Insurance should cover your itinerary, planned activities and expenses in an emergency.

**About FCDO travel advice**

The Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office (FCDO) provides advice about risks of travel to help British nationals make informed decisions. Find out [more about FCDO travel advice](#).

[Sign-up for FCDO travel advice email alerts](#) and follow FCDO travel advice on [Twitter](#) and [Facebook](#)

Hazard/Consideration	Risk (High / Medium / Low)	Mitigating Actions (please add to or amend as appropriate)	Comments / Actions
<b>Coronavirus</b>			There are no COVID-19 testing or vaccination requirements for travellers entering Singapore.
<b>Money</b>			<p>The currency in SINGAPORE is the Singapore Dollar</p> <p>Major credit cards are accepted in most hotels, restaurants and department stores. Some shops and services no longer accept coins and notes. Credit card fraud is not a major problem in Singapore, but you should check your statements carefully.</p> <p>Research and make yourself fully aware of the cost of living for SINGAPORE. Some countries have a significantly higher cost of living than the UK, and this can seriously impact your placement. We have received feedback from previous students that being aware of this and having fully prepared for the increased cost is essential.</p>
<b>Visa Applications/Entry</b>			You must ensure you have the correct visa. If you are studying, you will be provided with details directly from our partner university.

If you intend to work, you must have the correct visa to enable you to work in the country otherwise you may be denied entry to the country. It is your responsibility to arrange the correct visa.

This information is for people travelling on a full [‘British citizen’ passport](#) from the UK. It is based on the UK government’s understanding of the current rules for the most common types of travel. The authorities in Singapore set and enforce entry rules. If you’re not sure how these requirements apply to you, contact the [Singapore High Commission in the UK](#).

**Passport validity requirements**

To enter Singapore, your passport must have an ‘expiry date’ 6 months after the date you arrive.

Check with your travel provider that your passport and other travel documents meet requirements. [Renew your passport](#) if you need to.

You will be denied entry if you do not have a valid travel document or try to use a passport that has been reported lost or stolen.

If you are resident in Singapore, there is no minimum passport validity required. [Apply for a renewal](#) before your passport expires.

**Dual nationality**

When returning to the UK, British citizens must carry a valid [British passport](#) or [certificate of entitlement](#). See [Dual citizenship](#).

**Singapore-British dual nationals**

Singapore does not recognise dual nationality beyond the age of 21. A citizen of Singapore is required by Singapore law to renounce any other nationalities before the age of 22 in order to retain their Singaporean citizenship.

**Penalties for overstaying**

Penalties for overstaying the time allowed include [fines, imprisonment, caning and deportation](#) depending on how long you have overstayed. When arriving and departing Singapore, biometric details, including your fingerprints are recorded electronically.

**Checks at border control**

You must [complete an electronic SG Arrival Card](#) in the 3 days before you arrive in Singapore. This online form asks for travel details and a health declaration. It is illegal to submit a false declaration. Biometric information is also recorded and scanned when you enter and depart Singapore (iris, face and fingerprints).

**Screening for drugs**

Penalties for drug possession, including cannabis, are severe. If you are carrying or transporting drugs, you can be [imprisoned, caned or executed](#).

You can be screened for drugs in your system on arrival in Singapore, including if you're in transit. You can be charged with drug consumption or detained without trial even if the drugs were taken in another country, including countries where the use of that particular drug is legal. See [Illegal drugs](#)

**Vaccine requirements**

To enter Singapore, if you're coming from a [country listed as a transmission risk](#) for yellow fever, or if you have been in such a country in the previous six days prior to arrival, you must have a certificate to prove you've had a yellow fever vaccination. If you arrive from one of these countries without a certificate, the authorities may put you in mandatory quarantine or refuse you entry to Singapore.

For full details about medical entry requirements and recommended vaccinations, see [TravelHealthPro's Singapore guide](#).

**Accommodation**

There are strict laws that prevent accommodation being used for short-term rental, including for tourists.

**Customs rules**

There are strict rules about goods you can take into or out of Singapore. You must declare anything that may be prohibited or subject to tax or duty.

			<p>It's illegal to import <a href="#">controlled drugs</a>. If convicted, you could be <a href="#">imprisoned, caned or executed</a>.</p> <p>The following items are also illegal to bring into Singapore:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• vaporisers and e-cigarettes</li> <li>• tobacco products that are chewed or injected</li> <li>• chewing gum to sell</li> <li>• weapons and ammunition (including empty cartridge cases and air guns)</li> <li>• replica guns, including lighters shaped like a pistol or revolver</li> <li>• radio communications equipment</li> </ul> <p>See the <a href="#">complete list of prohibited items</a> on the Singapore Customs website.</p>
<p><b>Local knowledge, understanding of customs and conditions</b></p> <p><b>Cultural differences</b></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Experience of travel to, or working in, the region before</li> <li>• Obtain guidance and information from the host organisation</li> <li>• Research via relevant web-sites</li> <li>• Consider dress, behaviours and sensitivities</li> <li>• Local laws, fees or levies.</li> <li>• Awareness of attitudes towards protected characteristics, e.g. disability, sexual orientation, gender reassignment etc.</li> <li>• Dress in accordance with local laws/customs</li> <li>• Avoid behaviour that may fall foul of local customs/laws/cultures.</li> <li>• Report and support at Warwick: <a href="https://warwick.ac.uk/students/welcome/spring/livingatuniversity/reportandsupport">https://warwick.ac.uk/students/welcome/spring/livingatuniversity/reportandsupport</a></li> </ul>	<p><b>Laws and cultural differences</b></p> <p><b>Public offences</b></p> <p>The public display of the national flags or emblems of other countries is illegal except where a specific exemption has been granted. It is illegal to use the Singapore flag and national symbols in ways considered disrespectful.</p> <p>Police may give you an on-the-spot fine for littering. Acts of vandalism including graffiti carry harsh penalties such as fines, imprisonment and caning.</p> <p>Disrespecting or intimidating a public official can be illegal. There is zero tolerance for bribery in Singapore and any attempt to bribe or otherwise prevent an official from carrying out their duties can lead to arrest.</p> <p><b>Personal ID</b></p> <p>Use of false ID is illegal in Singapore. Foreigners living in Singapore are issued with an official identity card.</p> <p><b>Outrage of modesty</b></p> <p>You should avoid any action that could be interpreted as molestation. Penalties for convicted offenders include <a href="#">fines, imprisonment and caning</a>.</p>

Some scams involving false claims of molestation and extortion have been reported.

**Alcohol laws and bans**

The authorities do not tolerate drunk and disorderly behaviour. It is illegal to drink alcohol in a public place, besides restaurants, bars and licensed entertainment venues, between 10:30pm and 7am.

You could be arrested for:

- being found drunk and incapable in public
- fighting and becoming a nuisance in public
- touching someone inappropriately (whether resulting from drunken behaviour or not)
- driving while drunk
- drinking outside of allowed hours and areas

Penalties for convicted offenders include fines, imprisonment and caning.

Geylang and Little India are [‘Liquor Control Zones’ \(PDF\)](#). Drinking in these areas is banned all weekend, on public holidays and on the eve of public holidays.

**Vaporisers, smoking and e-cigarette bans**

Vapes and e-cigarettes are banned in Singapore. It is illegal to bring them into the country, including for personal use. Those found in possession of vapes or e-cigarettes will have them confiscated and could be fined.

You must be 21 or over to [purchase, use, own, sell or supply tobacco products in Singapore](#).

Smoking is banned at all public parks, all beaches and along certain waterways. Orchard Road is a No Smoking Zone. Make sure you smoke in [designated areas only](#).

**Illegal drugs**

There are severe penalties for all drug offences in Singapore, including possession. Carrying even a small amount of drugs can have significant consequences.

You can be charged with trafficking ('intent to sell') for possessing drugs above a certain amount. You can be detained without trial. Sentences include prison terms, caning and the death penalty, including when transiting through the airport.

Airports in Singapore have excellent technology and security for detecting illegal items, including cannabis. This is also used to scan the baggage of transiting passengers.

See the [Misuse of Drugs Act](#) for information on definitions and penalties.

**Arrests and detentions**

If you're arrested, you might not be allowed to speak with anyone, not even a lawyer while you are questioned.

Do not offer money to officials. You can face further charges or penalties for any attempt to bribe or prevent an official from carrying out their duties.

See our guides on [Singapore's legal and criminal system](#) and [being arrested or detained abroad](#) to find out how we can help.

If you're under police investigation, the authorities will take your passport and return it once the investigation is over. If you're convicted, your passport will be held until you've served your sentence.

In most cases, you will not be allowed to leave Singapore while the case is open. There is no set timeline for investigations. You must be able to support yourself financially during this period.

The British High Commission cannot interfere in the criminal and legal process in Singapore.

**Death penalty**

A death penalty is a possibility for some offences, including murder and drug trafficking. Penalties for drug offences are severe and possession of even very small quantities can lead to a death penalty.

**National Service for British dual nationals and permanent residents**

The following are liable for [National Service](#):

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• all male Singapore citizens</li> <li>• all male dual nationals aged 20 and under</li> <li>• all male children granted Permanent Resident (PR) status as part of their parents' PR application</li> </ul> <p>Specific questions on National Service can be put to Singapore's Central Manpower base, email: <a href="mailto:contact@ns.sg">contact@ns.sg</a>.</p> <p>For further information, see the <a href="#">Immigration and Checkpoints Authority</a> and <a href="#">Ministry of Defence (MINDEF)</a>.</p> <p><b>Religions</b></p> <p>Both public and private Jehovah's Witness meetings are illegal in Singapore. It is also illegal to possess any Jehovah's Witness publication, including a Jehovah's Witness bible. There are similar measures against the Unification Church and the Shincheonji Church of Jesus.</p>
<b>Equality and Diversity LGBTQ information</b>			<p><b>LGBT+ travellers</b></p> <p>Same-sex sexual activity is legal in Singapore. However, the law does not recognise same-sex marriage and partnerships. This means, for example, that foreign residents cannot easily get a dependant's pass for a same-sex spouse or partner. A child from a same-sex partnership may not be recognised as the child of one or both parents.</p> <p>It is possible to change legal gender in Singapore, subject to medical procedures.</p> <p>LGBT+ support groups and social venues exist in Singapore.</p> <p>Read more <a href="#">advice for LGBT+ travellers</a>.</p>
<b>Social/Political Unrest or Terrorism:</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the FCDO website for up-to-date advice.</li> <li>• If the FCDO advises against travel to destination(s) on safety/security grounds then seek approval from HoD/Line Manager</li> </ul>	<p>There is a high threat of terrorist attack globally affecting UK interests and British nationals, including from groups and individuals who view the UK and British nationals as targets. Stay aware of your surroundings at all times.</p> <p>UK Counter Terrorism Policing has information and advice on <a href="#">staying safe abroad</a> and what to do in the event of a terrorist attack. Find out <a href="#">how to reduce your risk from terrorism while abroad</a>.</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider not just the country in question but also any territories as identified in FCDO pages</li> <li>• Reschedule visit or modify itinerary if at all feasible.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Terrorism in Singapore</b></p> <p>Terrorist attacks in Singapore cannot be ruled out.</p> <p><b>Protests and public demonstrations</b></p> <p>Avoid street gatherings and public demonstrations as they will be illegal if they do not have police permission. Foreigners who are not permanent residents are prohibited from attending outdoor demonstrations regardless of police permission. Filming an illegal gathering is forbidden. The wearing of ‘cause-related’ clothing and displaying ‘cause -related’ banners is prohibited in public.</p> <p>It is illegal for foreign nationals to give a talk publicly on ‘racial, communal, religious, cause-related or political topics’ without a permit.</p>
<p><b>Crime:</b></p> <p><b>Personal attack / kidnap: Dangers associated with travelling alone; arriving at night, etc.:</b></p> <p><b>Theft or loss of ID documents and other belongings: passport, driving license, bank cards, travel tickets, laptop</b></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Awareness of risk of theft or pickpockets</li> <li>• Awareness of local scams or hotspots</li> <li>• Cash and card security/awareness</li> <li>• Be aware of specific local risks</li> <li>• Precautionary measures should be taken to protect personal safety.</li> <li>• Inform hosts of itinerary.</li> <li>• Be aware of specific local risks.</li> <li>• Travel during daylight hours if possible.</li> <li>• Keep items secure.</li> <li>• Record details of numbers, issue dates, etc. and store separately both with you and at home.</li> <li>• Have emergency contact numbers</li> <li>• Report to police if theft suspected</li> <li>• Minimise amount of cash carried</li> </ul>	<p>You can contact the emergency services by calling 995 (ambulance and fire) or 999 (police). Contact your insurance company quickly if you’re referred to a medical facility for treatment.</p> <p><b>Crime</b></p> <p><u>Protecting your belongings</u></p> <p>Violent crime and theft are rare in Singapore. Take care of your passport. Leave valuables in a hotel safe if possible. Do not leave bags unattended.</p> <p><b>Scams</b></p> <p>Online scams and phone scams are common and may involve individuals pretending to be officials or bank employees.</p> <p><b><u>Warwick Business Travel Insurance Details –</u></b></p> <p>Only emergency medical treatment is covered under this policy. Please note that there is no emergency medical cover if you are a national in the country you need medical attention in. For emergency medical assistance or security assistance (if there is risk to your personal safety) please call the number on the following page:  <a href="https://warwick.ac.uk/services/legalandcomplianceservices/insurance/keypolicies/traveloverseas">https://warwick.ac.uk/services/legalandcomplianceservices/insurance/keypolicies/traveloverseas</a></p> <p>Report and Support: <a href="https://reportandsupport.warwick.ac.uk/">https://reportandsupport.warwick.ac.uk/</a></p> <p>Wellbeing Services: <a href="https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/">https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/</a></p>

<p><b>Travel Preparation</b></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to date EHIC/GHIC if eligible (transit)</li> <li>• Valid vehicle insurance (you cannot use the Business Travel Insurance policy).</li> </ul>	<p>Before you travel check that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ your destination can provide the healthcare you may need</li> <li>▪ you have appropriate travel insurance for local treatment or unexpected medical evacuation</li> </ul> <p>This is particularly important if you have a health condition or are pregnant.</p> <p><b><u>Warwick Business Travel Insurance Details –</u></b></p> <p>Only emergency medical treatment is covered under this policy. Please note that there is no emergency medical cover if you are a national in the country you need medical attention in. For emergency medical assistance or security assistance (if there is risk to your personal safety) please call the number on the following page:  <a href="https://warwick.ac.uk/services/legalandcomplianceservices/insurance/keypolicies/traveloverseas">https://warwick.ac.uk/services/legalandcomplianceservices/insurance/keypolicies/traveloverseas</a></p> <p>Report and Support: <a href="https://reportandsupport.warwick.ac.uk/">https://reportandsupport.warwick.ac.uk/</a></p> <p>Wellbeing Services: <a href="https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/">https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/</a></p>
<p><b>Exposure to infection: Known endemic illnesses in destination(s)</b></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take medical advice and arrange vaccination/inoculation/prophylaxis as appropriate</li> <li>• Consider the following conditions in particular: Cholera, Diphtheria, Hepatitis B, Japanese Encephalitis, Malaria, Meningitis, Poliomyelitis, Tetanus, Tick-borne Encephalitis, Tuberculosis, Typhoid and Yellow Fever.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Vaccine recommendations and health risks</b></p> <p>At least 8 weeks before your trip:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• check the latest <a href="#">vaccine recommendations for Singapore</a></li> <li>• see where to get vaccines and whether you have to pay on the <a href="#">NHS travel vaccinations page</a></li> </ul> <p>See what <a href="#">health risks you'll face in Singapore</a>, including :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Zika virus</li> <li>• dengue</li> <li>• chikungunya</li> </ul> <p><a href="#">Hand, foot and mouth disease</a> is common in Singapore with more serious outbreaks from time to time. Young children are particularly at risk.</p> <p><b>Air quality</b></p> <p>From June to October Singapore can experience high levels of pollution (haze) from land clearance fires in Indonesia. The haze can cause disruption to local and regional air travel and may have an impact on public health. Monitor the <a href="#">Pollutant Standards Index (PSI) updates and health advisories</a> from the Singapore government.</p>
<p><b>Pre-existing medical conditions</b></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take medical advice.</li> </ul>	<p>If you're on prescription medication, make sure you bring enough with you or have access to a supply in SINGAPORE. Certain medicines may not be available and you <u>may be prohibited</u> from</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carry written details of medical condition, adequate supplies of prescribed medication, details of blood group, etc.</li> <li>• Consider translation of information into local language.</li> <li>• Share with colleagues where appropriate</li> </ul>	<p>bringing others into the country. For more information and advice, check with your GP and the Embassy of SINGAPORE before travelling.</p> <p>If you have a health condition, or you are pregnant, you may need specialist healthcare abroad. Check whether your destination country can provide the healthcare you may need and ensure you have <a href="#">appropriate travel insurance</a> for unexpected medical evacuation or local treatment.</p> <p><b>Medication</b></p> <p>The legal status and regulation of some medicines prescribed or bought in the UK can be different in other countries.</p> <p>Check to see whether you need approval from the Health Sciences Authority to <a href="#">bring in medication from the UK</a>.</p> <p>Not all medicines from the UK are available in Singapore. Make sure you have a prescription from your GP and check with a doctor in Singapore who may be able to issue a prescription for a local equivalent. See the <a href="#">HCI Directory</a> for a listing of licensed healthcare institutions.</p> <p>Read <a href="#">best practice when travelling with medicines on TravelHealthPro</a>.</p>
<p><b>Health and Local medical facilities</b></p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hospital proximity and standards.</li> <li>• Access to doctors/dentists.</li> <li>• Payment methods for medical treatment.</li> </ul>	<p>If you need emergency medical assistance during your trip, dial 995 and ask for an ambulance. You should contact your insurance/medical assistance company promptly if you're referred to a medical facility for treatment.</p> <p><b>Healthcare in Singapore</b></p> <p>Healthcare in Singapore is of a high quality and expensive. English is almost universally spoken in Singapore, so all hospitals, whether private or public, will have English-speaking medical staff.</p> <p>Take enough medication for your stay and carry it in your hand baggage. Make sure you have travel insurance and accessible funds to cover the cost of any medical treatment and possible medical repatriation.</p> <p>FCDO has a list of <a href="#">medical providers in Singapore</a>.</p>

There is also [guidance on healthcare if you're living in Singapore](#).

### **Travel and mental health**

Read [FCDO guidance on travel and mental health](#). There is also [mental health guidance on TravelHealthPro](#).

If you need emotional support during your visit, you can call:

- National Care Hotline: 1800 202 6868
- Samaritans of Singapore: 1800 221 4444
- Mental Health Helpline (Institute of Mental Health): 6389 2222

### **Emergency services in Singapore**

Ambulance and fire: 995

Police: 999

### **Contact your travel provider and insurer**

Contact your travel provider and your insurer if you are involved in a serious incident or emergency abroad. They will tell you if they can help and what you need to do.

### **Refunds and changes to travel**

For refunds or changes to travel, contact your travel provider. You may also be able to make a claim through insurance. However, insurers usually require you to talk to your travel provider first.

Find out more about [changing or cancelling travel plans](#), including:

- where to get advice if you are in a dispute with a provider
- how to access previous versions of travel advice to support a claim

### **Support from FCDO**

FCDO has guidance on staying safe and what to do if you need help or support abroad, including:

- finding [lawyers](#), [funeral directors](#) and [translators and interpreters](#) in Singapore

- dealing with a [death in Singapore](#)
- being [arrested or imprisoned in Singapore](#)
- getting help if you're a [victim of crime](#)
- what to do if you're [in hospital](#)
- if you're [affected by a crisis](#), such as a terrorist attack

#### **Contacting FCDO**

Follow and contact FCDO travel on [Twitter](#), [Facebook](#) and [Instagram](#). You can also sign up to [get email notifications](#) when this travel advice is updated.

You can also [contact FCDO online](#).

#### **Help abroad in an emergency**

If you're in Singapore and you need emergency help from the UK government, contact the [British High Commission](#).

#### **FCDO in London**

You can call FCDO in London if you need urgent help because something has happened to a friend or relative abroad.

Telephone: 020 7008 5000 (24 hours)

[Find out about call charges](#)

#### **Medical treatment**

As stated above, make sure you have adequate travel health insurance and accessible funds to cover the cost of any medical treatment abroad and repatriation. The cost of medical treatment in **SINGAPORE** can be high.

**If you have a medical emergency contact the University Insurance company immediately:**  
<https://warwick.ac.uk/services/legalandcomplianceservices/insurance/keypolicies/traveloverseas>

**Please note that there is no emergency medical cover if you are a national in the country you need medical attention in.**

			<p><b>Note: The University Business Travel Insurance is not private health cover. The insurance is for emergency health treatment only. You may also wish to take out private health insurance for the duration of your stay.</b></p> <p><b>Wellbeing Services: <a href="https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/">https://warwick.ac.uk/services/wss/</a></b></p>
<b>Accommodation</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pre-book accommodation</li> <li>• Stay in recognised accommodation</li> <li>• Familiarise yourself with emergency exits</li> <li>• Security staff and arrangements</li> <li>• Secure storage/safes</li> </ul>	<p>Student mobility students hosted at a partner University will be supported with finding accommodation by the partner.</p> <p>Language Assistants are supported by the School(s) that they are allocated to by the British Council</p> <p>Work placements students are required to find their own accommodation with local support.</p> <p>Suitable accommodation can be difficult to identify and secure, it is recommended that you don't leave it too late to find this. We have had students whose placements have been impacted by being unable to secure suitable accommodation.</p> <p>Please be aware that some partner Universities have compulsory 'meal plans' these can prove to be expensive if you have special dietary requirements.</p>

<b>Transport</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use only registered taxis</li> <li>• Arrange airport collection where possible</li> <li>• Check safety and road worthiness of any hire vehicle</li> <li>• Avoid driving at night</li> <li>• If possible, share long distance driving</li> <li>• Ensure all internal transfers are booked in advance of travel (where possible).</li> </ul>	<p><b>Transport risks</b></p> <p><b>Road travel</b> If you are planning to drive in Singapore, see <a href="#">information on driving abroad</a> and read the <a href="#">Singapore Highway Code</a>. You can drive with a UK driving licence for up to 30 days. After that you need a <a href="#">1949 international driving permit (IDP)</a> as well as your UK driving licence. Hire car companies often have stricter requirements for their customers, such as a year of driving experience, minimum age and holding an IDP. You cannot buy an IDP outside the UK, so get one before you travel. If you're staying in Singapore on a longer term pass or you've become a permanent resident, you must <a href="#">get a Singaporean driving licence</a>. Driving under the influence of alcohol carries serious penalties including imprisonment. The traffic police regularly carry out breath tests. If you're involved in an accident, you must stay at the scene if there has been damage or injury. You must provide contact details and inform the police within 24 hours.</p> <p><b>Arriving or departing by car</b> If you are arriving in a car that is not registered in Singapore, visit the <a href="#">OneMotoring website</a> to apply for a vehicle entry permit. Vehicles leaving the country will be checked against police records.</p> <p><b>Air travel</b> The Singaporean authorities will prosecute cases of drunken or antisocial behaviour by air passengers on any aircraft registered in Singapore.</p> <p><b>Sea travel</b> There have been incidents of <a href="#">piracy and armed robbery</a> against ships in and around the waters of Singapore and the Malacca Strait. Set up secure areas on board and report all incidents to the coastal and flag state authorities.</p>
<b>Communications</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider access to landlines or alternative handsets if mobile phone is lost or stolen.</li> <li>• Back-up chargers or batteries for phones or electronic devices</li> <li>• Access to network or wi-fi</li> </ul>	<p>Loss of mobile phones or laptops are not covered on the University Insurance policy</p>
<b>Utilities/Cyber Issues</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compatibility of equipment</li> <li>• Voltages and safety equipment</li> <li>• Power cuts or interruptions</li> </ul>	<p>Check whether plug adapters will be required</p>
<b>Insect and animal bites</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider likely insect/animal issues in particular area</li> <li>• Avoid by prevention – repellents, clothing, etc.</li> </ul>	<p>Mosquito-borne illnesses like dengue fever and <a href="#">chikungunya virus</a> occur all year round. You should take appropriate precautions to <a href="#">avoid being bitten by mosquitoes</a>.</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider use of nets in accommodation</li> <li>• Carry appropriate treatment</li> </ul>	<p>UK health authorities have classified Singapore as having a risk of Zika virus transmission. For information and advice about the risks associated with Zika virus, visit the <a href="#">National Travel Health Network and Centre website</a>.</p> <p><a href="#">Hand, Foot and Mouth Disease</a> is common in Singapore with more serious outbreaks from time to time. Young children are particularly at risk.</p>
<b>Contaminated water/food</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avoid food or water which could be contaminated.</li> <li>• Carry water sterilising tablets.</li> </ul>	Check whether bottled water is recommended
<b>Minor injuries and ailments</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carry basic First Aid kit.</li> </ul>	
<b>Sunburn</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avoid by prevention – hat, sunglasses, and sunblock.</li> <li>• Carry appropriate treatment.</li> </ul>	
<b>Leisure activities</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure you are adequately insured (the University insurance does <u>not</u> provide cover for non-business related activity)</li> <li>• Skiing, white water, bungee jumping, diving. Etc.</li> </ul>	The Warwick Business Travel Insurance will not provide cover for non-business (study) related activity. Ensure you take out personal insurance. Also having the correct license if you are hiring a vehicle is essential.
<b>Natural disasters</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assessment of the risk of typhoons, earthquake, tsunami, avalanche, etc</li> </ul>	
<b>Research or work activities</b>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Awareness of safe systems of work</li> <li>• Awareness of local safety measures</li> <li>• Remoteness of work sites</li> </ul>	Will be covered by the Host Institution
<b>Completed by Department:</b>			<b>Student Mobility, STUDENT OPPORTUNITY</b>
<b>Date:</b>			<b>Friday, 12 December 2025</b>
			<b><u><a href="#">Frequently Asked Questions (warwick.ac.uk)</a></u></b>

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