

Presentation for the Global Education Conference: universities in the 21st century

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### • • Can we all be world class?

- o A standard
- o A race

# What makes a university world-class?

- The objective score board
- o The subjective beauty contest
- o "Webometrics"

# Shanghai Jiao Tong: 2004 and 2005

0	Alumni prizes	10%
0	Staff prizes	20%
0	Highly cited researchers	20%
0	Science citations	20%
0	Soc. Sci./Humanities citations	20%
0	Adjustment for size	10%

#### • • THES 2005

o Peer review	40%
<ul> <li>Employer ratings</li> </ul>	10%
o Citations per FTE staff	20%
o SSR	20%
o International staff	5%
o International students	5%

### • • League tables

- o Whole institutions
- o Subjects



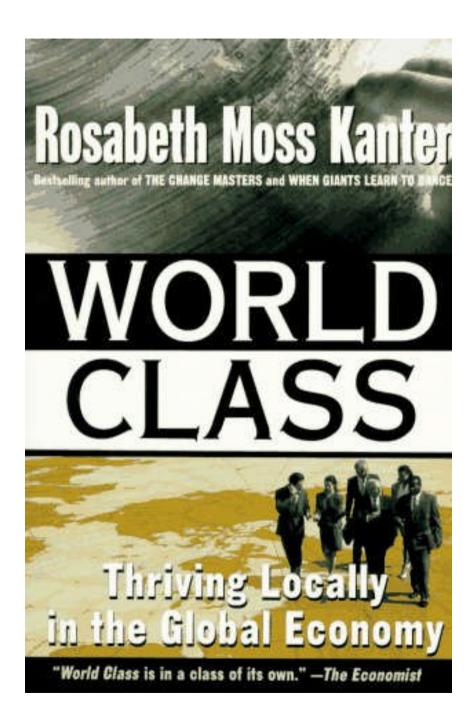
- o Research
- o Media image
- o Graduate destinations
- o Infrastructure
- o International "executive" recruitment

#### • • Gaps

- Teaching quality
- o WP and social mobility
- Services to business and the community
- o Rural interests
- o Other public services
- o Collaboration
- o The public interest

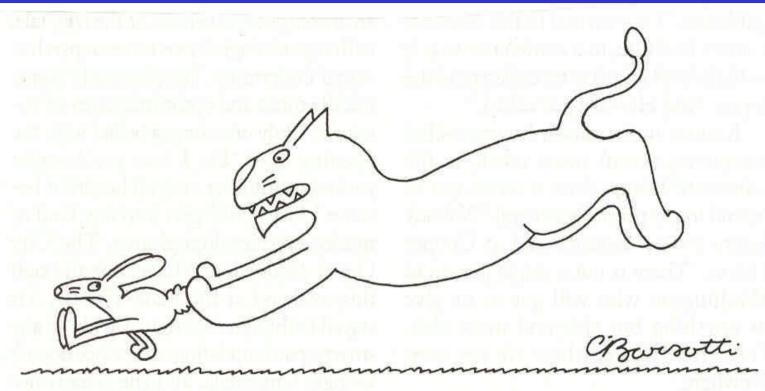
# • • New York University

In determining its priorities, NYU opted not to break the bank with investments in big science, focusing instead on some of the professional schools and liberal arts departments. The most dramatic transformation came in philosophy....In 1995, the university lacked an accredited Ph.D. program in philosophy; five years later, it was ranked number one (Kirp, 2005).



#### • • Who cares?

- o Governments
- o World class institutions
- o World class aspirants
- o Consumers
- o Newspapers and magazines



"What are you complaining about? It's a level playing field."

### • • The public interest

- State-making
- o Society-making
- o "Dangerous knowledge" (Daxner, 2004)

# • • • The Truth About Markets

This book is about the institutions that define our economic lives. It will become apparent that it is not just economic institutions which matter. Economic institutions function only as part of a social, political and cultural context. This is what I describe as the embedded market. (Kay, 2003:19).

### • • Dilemmas for the state

- o "buying" world class
- o influencing the judges
- o "declaring" world class
- o "managing" world class

### • • Dilemmas for the university

- o Ambition and realism
- History
- o Reflexivity

### • • Conclusion

- o Developing the academic portfolio
- o Institutional status and identity
- o A world-class sector?